

ATTACHMENT D
SLOPE STABILITY
AND
SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS

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SLOPE STABILITY AND SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS

1. General. In order to properly assess the feasibility of the projects at James Island and Barren Island and create an accurate cost estimate, the foundation conditions at the sites must be assessed. Soft, weak, compressible foundation conditions can cause construction problems, quantity overruns, cost increases, and schedule slippage if not identified properly during the design phase. The design analysis performed during this feasibility phase is intended to identify major potential foundation problems. The amount of borings performed for this feasibility phase is enough to generally characterize the site, but not enough to develop a detailed final foundation plan. Additional subsurface explorations will be required during the next design phase to more thoroughly characterize the foundation reaches along the dike alignment.

For this feasibility study, a slope stability analysis and a settlement analysis were performed based on the drilling and testing information obtained from the feasibility phase borings. This information was used to identify reaches where soft silts and clays appeared to be present. The slope stability and settlement analyses were performed using testing information obtained from undisturbed Shelby tube samples. Testing performed included consolidation tests, unconfined compression tests, and triaxial shear tests. See Attachment E – Subsurface Investigations and Laboratory Testing for a more thorough description of the testing performed and the testing results.

2. Slope Stability Analysis. The slope stability analysis was performed using the computer program UTEXAS4, which was developed for the US Army Corps of Engineers by Dr. Stephen Wright. A circular failure arc analysis was used, with selected analytical method being Spencer's Method. The "end of construction" condition (undrained shearing) was selected for analysis. Based on engineering judgment and experience from the Poplar Island Phase 2 analysis, the undrained condition is the most critical when constructing on soft clays and silts.

The saturated portion of the fine silty sand used for dike construction is susceptible to liquefaction when subjected to seismic loading. However, the Chesapeake Bay is an area of historically low seismicity. The magnitude and duration of seismic loading within the region is not expected to be sufficient to cause liquefaction. Based on ER 1110-2-1806, *Earthquake Design and Evaluation for Civil Works Projects*, this project is located in a region where no seismic evaluation is required for embankments.

2.1. Conditions Analyzed. Several different conditions were analyzed for slope stability. Reaches having very soft deposits of silts and clays were analyzed. Additionally, the required offset from the dike toe for dredging operations was also analyzed. Both exterior (bayside) and interior potential failures were analyzed.

2.2. Foundation Material Strength. The results of the consolidated-undrained triaxial shear tests were used in evaluating the shear strengths of the soft silts and clays in the foundation. The total stress strength envelope for the sample tested from DH-203a was $c=112$ psf and $\phi=15.5^\circ$.

The total stress strength envelope for the sample tested from DH-204a was $c=0$ psf and $\phi=15.8^\circ$. Total stress analyses are performed in fine-grained materials where pore pressures generated during the shearing process are unknown. This is the case for the proposed dike construction over soft silts and clays, and thus the analyses use undrained strengths for the foundation silts and clays. The undrained shear strengths used in the analysis were conservatively based upon the total stress present at the top of the clay/silt layer when construction would commence. Using the strength envelopes, a shear strength value can be determined at any normal stress point. This shear strength value was then used as the cohesion value in the analysis for that clay layer. The ϕ -value was then set to zero to simulate the undrained loading condition. The shear strength values were interpolated for different boring locations that did not have triaxial tests performed. The typical range of shear strengths of the foundation materials ranged from approximately 400 psf to 800 psf, depending on the stress conditions at each location.

Shear strengths for the foundation sands used in the stability analysis were determined by using correlations for the Standard Penetration Test, based on soil type. The chart found in NAVFAC Manual 7.1, page 149, was used to determine the effective shear strength parameters. Since pore pressures are assumed to dissipate rapidly in the sands, effective shear strength parameters were the only parameters necessary for use in the sands.

2.3 Strength of Dike Materials. The shear strengths for the dike materials were estimated based on previous analyses performed for Poplar Island. Since the a very similar dike section and construction method is expected for the James Island Project, it was considered adequate to use the Poplar Island shear strengths. The armor stone was assumed to have a $\phi'=40^\circ$ and $c=0$. The dike sand placed below the water level was assumed to have a $\phi'=28^\circ$ and $c=0$. The dike sand placed above the water level was assumed to have a $\phi'=30^\circ$ and $c=0$.

2.4 Results of Stability Analysis. The minimum factors of safety required for adequate slope stability are 1.3 for both the interior and exterior slopes. This criteria is based on EM 1110-2-5027, Engineering and Design-Confined Disposal of Dredged Material. The analysis included dike sections to +25 ft MLLW, +10 ft MLLW, and +25 ft MLLW with removal of material for borrowing operations on the inside toe.

The results of the analysis are attached. Due to the very low factors of safety in some sections, the northeast portion of the dike alignment was shifted to avoid some of the poorest foundation conditions. Specifically, the dike alignment was originally placed through borings JB-202, 203, and 204. The alignment was modified to pass nearer to borings showing more favorable foundation conditions, such as JB-102, and JB-201. A reach of the dike is still located near a poor deposit identified in JB-101. To account for potential problems in this area, an estimate of 50,000 cy of foundation removal and replacement has been estimated for this section. If, in the next design phase, it becomes clear that it is impossible to avoid poor foundation conditions in this area, removal and replacement will likely be the option considered to deal with the conditions.

Additionally, the offset for borrowing adjacent to the dike is currently set at 100 feet. This is based on the results of the portion of the stability analysis that dealt with this issue. Reaches

having sand foundations without soft clay were not analyzed. This is based on engineering judgment that there will be minimal stability problems in such reaches. The dike construction at Poplar Island did not encounter any loose sand deposits that affected dike construction.

3. Settlement Analysis. The settlement analysis performed assessed the potential impacts to the dike sections from long-term consolidation settlement. Quick, elastic settlement of loose sand zones was not accounted for in this analysis. This is due to the fact that the magnitudes of such settlement are much smaller than the consolidation settlement caused by soft clays and silts. Also, any elastic settlement in sands occurs during construction and will therefore not require any overbuild. No time rate of consolidation calculations were performed. If the project is eventually phased vertically, a time rate of consolidation analysis may be warranted.

The results of the consolidation tests performed on the appropriate Shelby tube samples were used in the analysis. The Casagrande method for graphical determination of the preconsolidation pressure was used. The laboratory e-log p curves were corrected for disturbance using the method developed by Schmertmann. The loadings used in the analysis were based on idealized trapezoidal sections which approximated the proposed dikes. The stress distribution charts from NAVFAC Manual 7.1, pg. 170 were used to find the increased stress at the midpoint of each sublayer used in the analysis.

3.1 Sections Analyzed. Dike sections at borings JB-203, 204, 212, 215, 217, 218, and 229 were analyzed. At the time of the analysis, the final perimeter dike heights for the wetlands were not known. Therefore, dike heights ranging from +10 ft MLLW to +12 ft MLLW were investigated for the wetlands. The upland dike section was analyzed at a top elevation of +25 ft MLLW.

3.2 Results. The attached calculations show the results for the various sections. Based on these results, for quantity estimates, the perimeter dike from station 320+00 to 355+00 and from 385+00 to 15+00 will be estimated to be overbuilt by 6 inches to account for the predicted long-term settlement. The settlement analysis for the northeast upland dike reach shows very substantial long-term settlement due to consolidation. However, based on the results of the slope stability analysis, the dike was realigned in the northeast portion to avoid the worst areas. Remaining poor foundation areas will be removed and replaced, thus limiting long-term consolidation settlement in those areas and not requiring an overbuilt section.

REFERENCES

Das, Braja M., *Principles of Geotechnical Engineering*, 3rd Edition, PWS Publishing, 1994.

Duncan, J.M, and Buchignani, A.L., *An Engineering Manual for Settlement Studies*, University of California-Berkeley, 1976.

Naval Facilities Engineering Command, *Design Manual 7*, Department of the Navy, 1971.

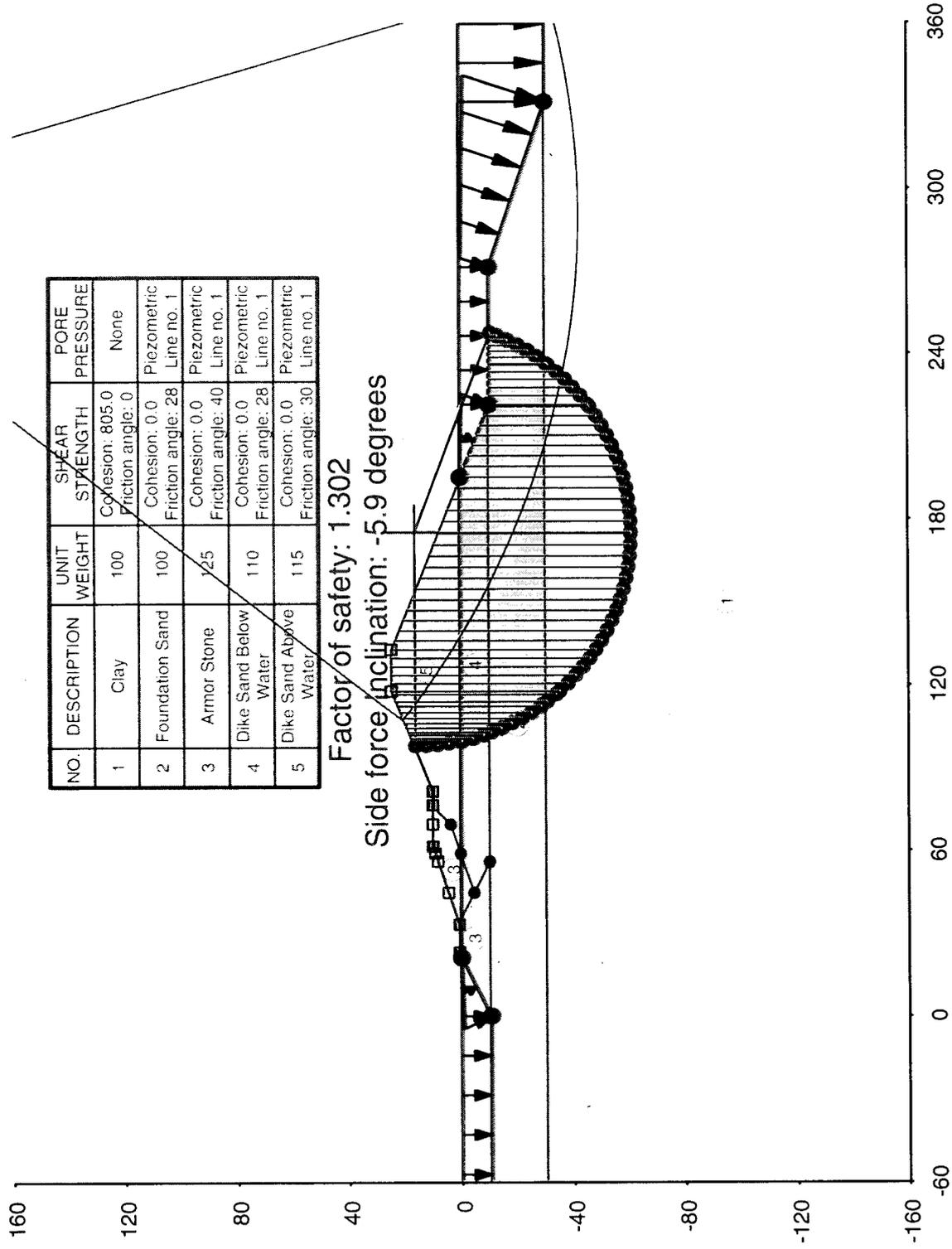
US Army Corps of Engineers, *Engineering and Design - Confined Disposal of Dredged Material*, EM 1110-2-5027, Department of the Army, 1987.

US Army Corps of Engineers, *Engineering and Design - Earthquake Design and Evaluation for Civil Works Projects*, ER 1110-2-1806, Department of the Army, 1995.

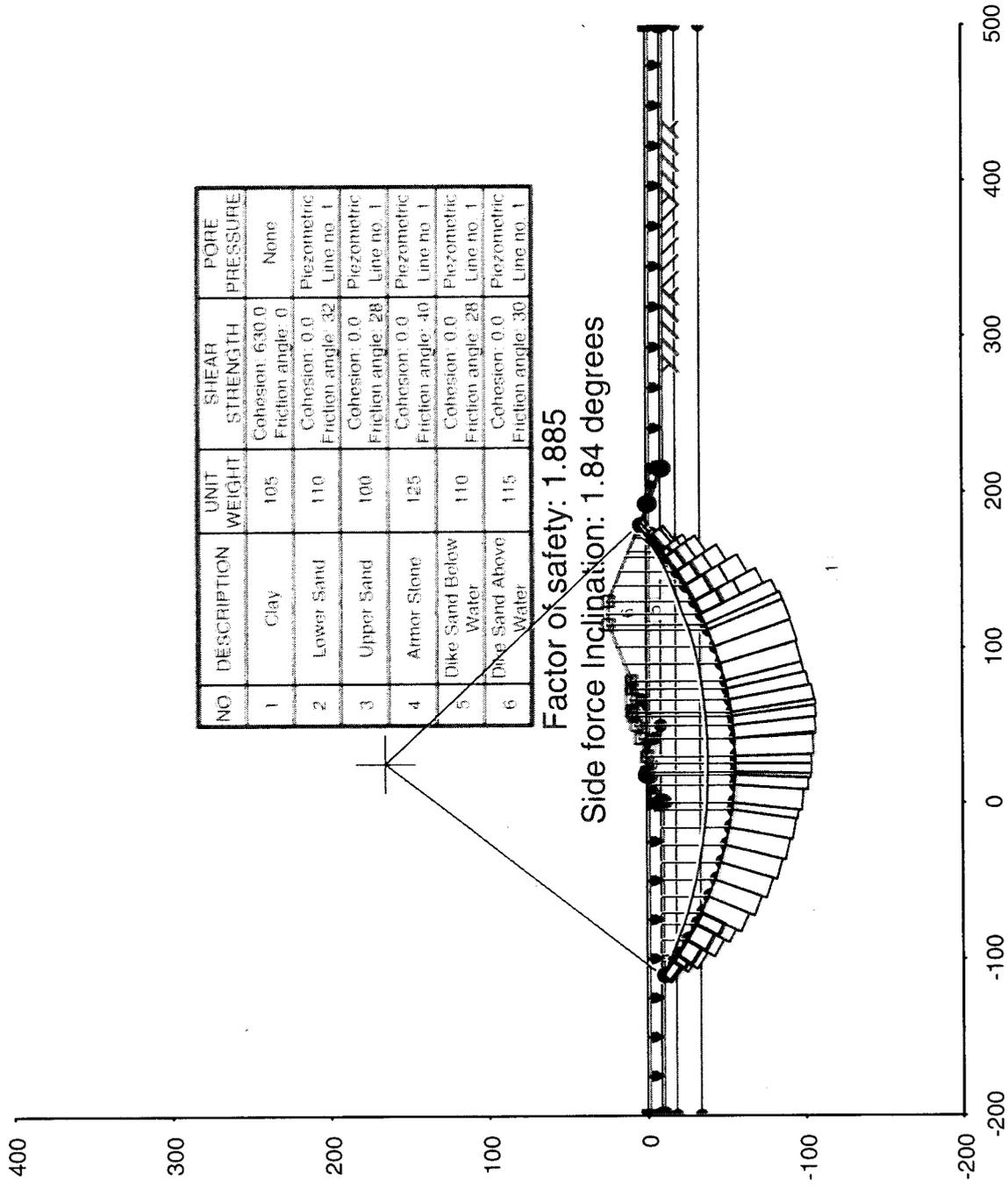
US Army Corps of Engineers, *Slope Stability*, EM 1110-2-1902, Department of the Army, 2003.

US Army Corps of Engineers, *Settlement Analysis*, EM 1110-1-1904, Department of the Army, 1990.

James Island DH-202 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike - Borrow Excavation



James Island DH-202 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike

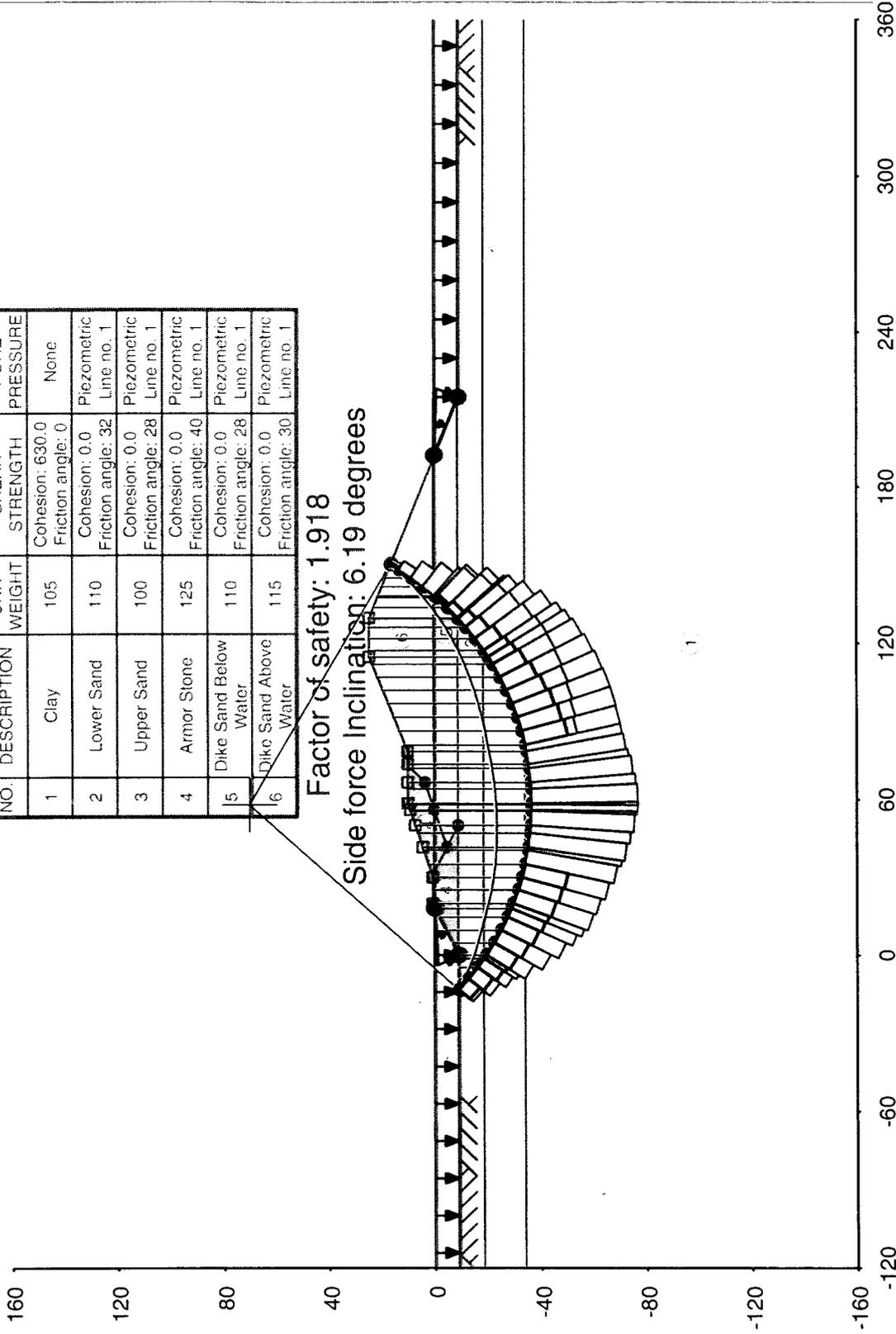


James Island DH-202 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike

NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT WEIGHT	SHEAR STRENGTH	PORE PRESSURE
1	Clay	105	Cohesion: 630.0 Friction angle: 0	None
2	Lower Sand	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 32	Piezometric Line no. 1
3	Upper Sand	100	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
4	Armor Stone	125	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 40	Piezometric Line no. 1
5	Dike Sand Below Water	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
6	Dike Sand Above Water	115	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 30	Piezometric Line no. 1

Factor of safety: 1.918

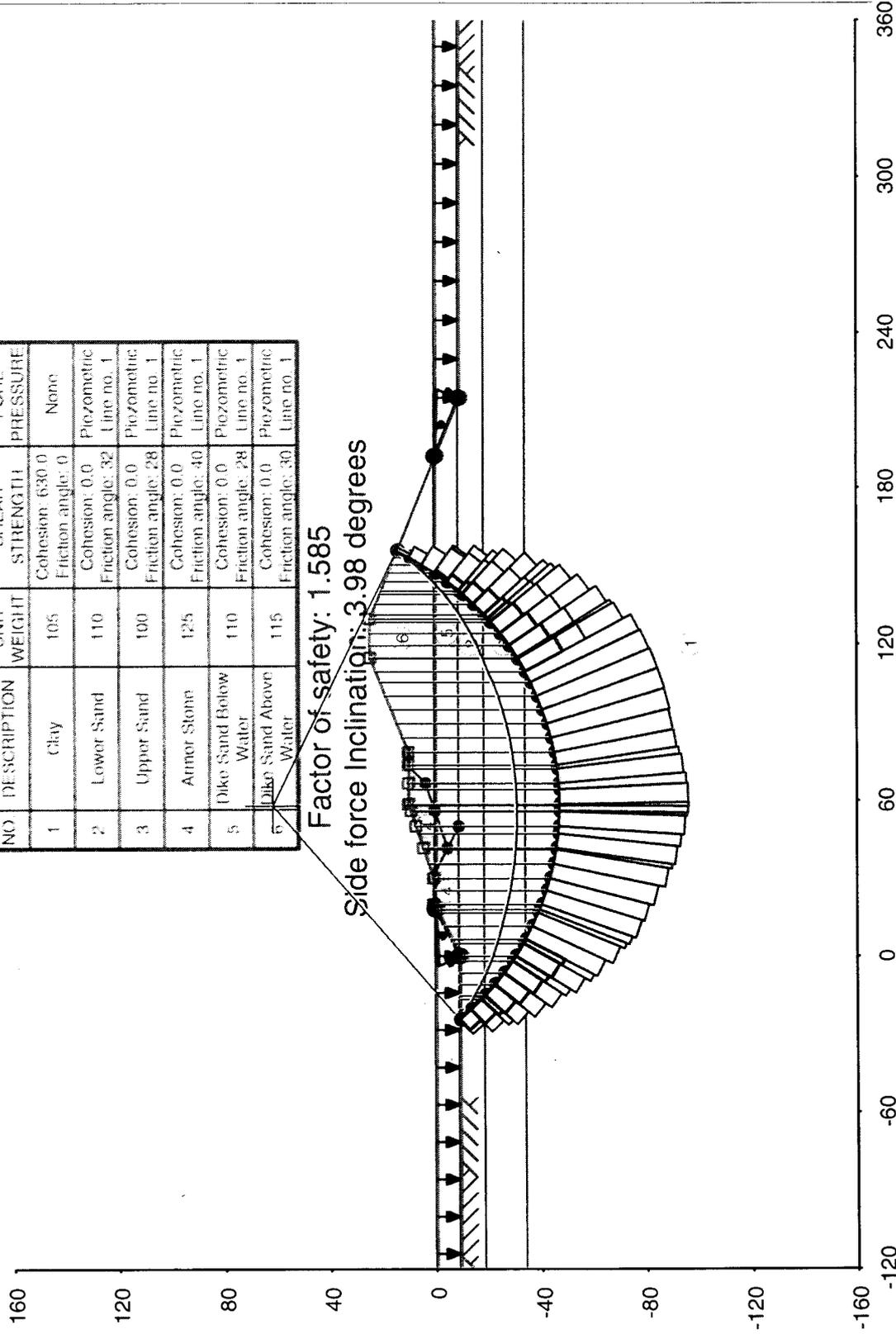
Side force Inclination: 6.19 degrees



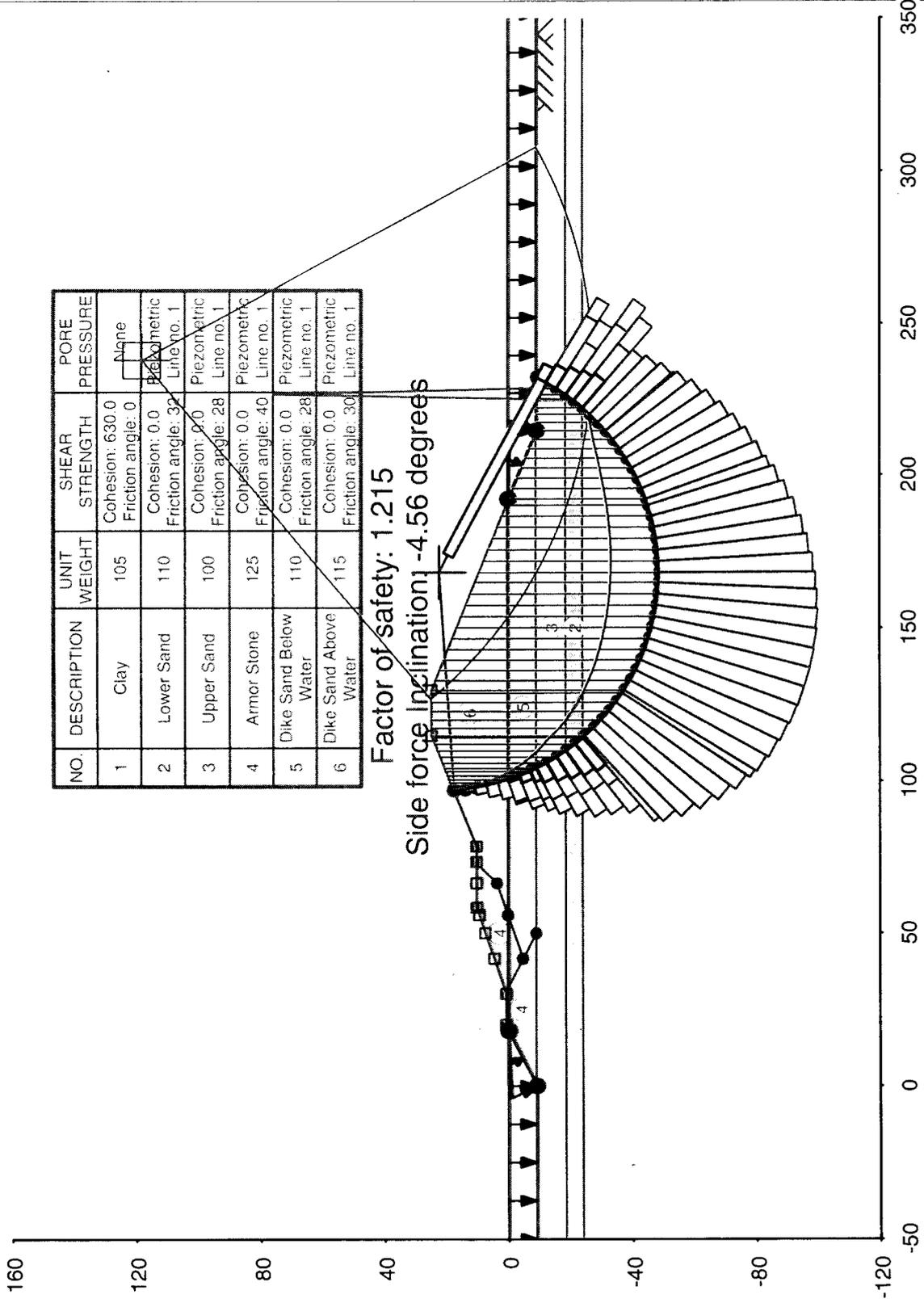
James Island DH-202 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike

NO	DESCRIPTION	UNIT WEIGHT	SHEAR STRENGTH Cohesion: Friction angle:	PORE PRESSURE
1	Clay	105	630.0 0	None
2	Lower Sand	110	0.0 32	Piezometric Line no. 1
3	Upper Sand	100	0.0 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
4	Armor Stone	125	0.0 40	Piezometric Line no. 1
5	Dike Sand Below Water	110	0.0 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
6	Dike Sand Above Water	115	0.0 30	Piezometric Line no. 1

Factor of safety: 1.585
Side force Inclination: 3.98 degrees



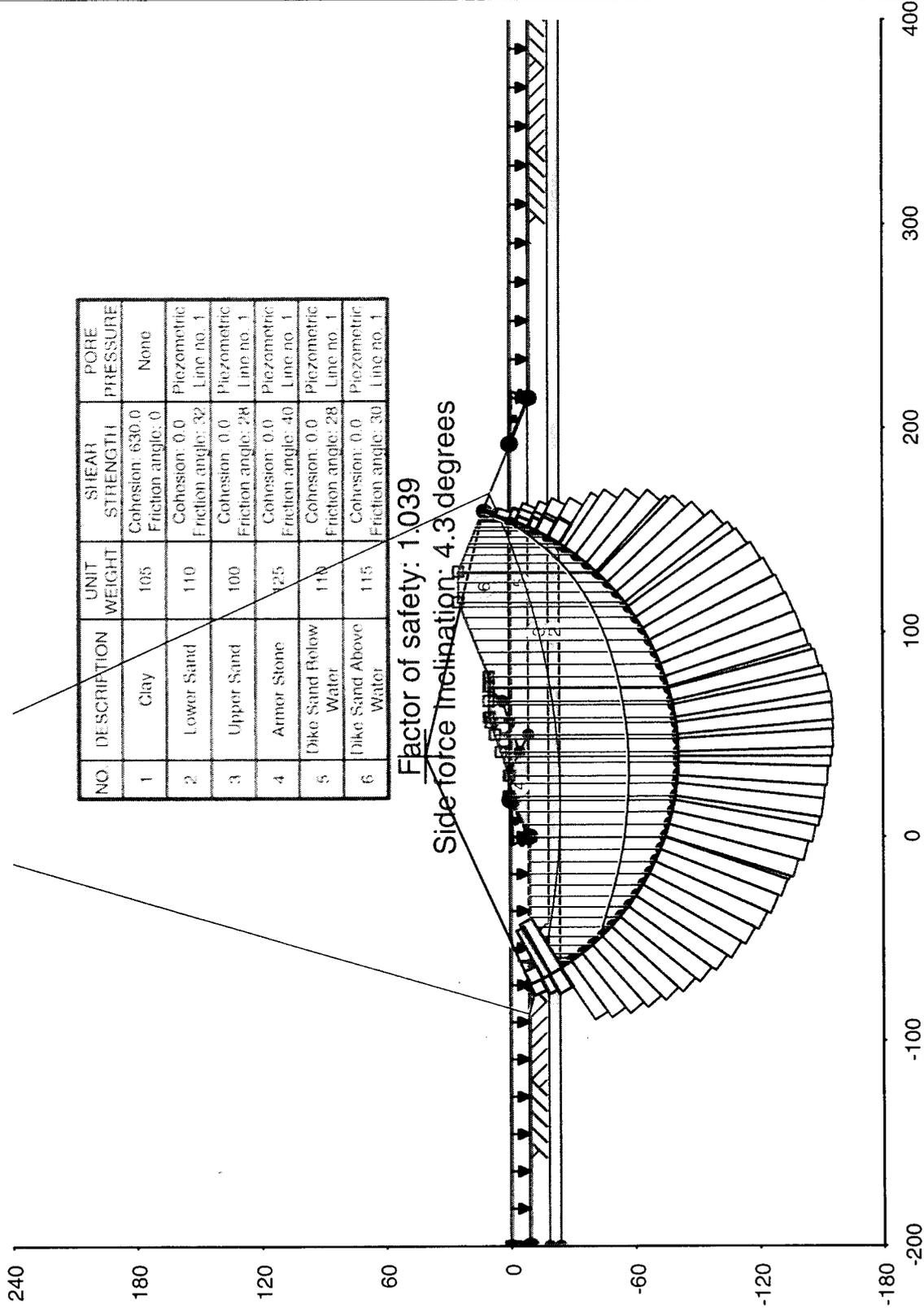
James Island DH-202 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike



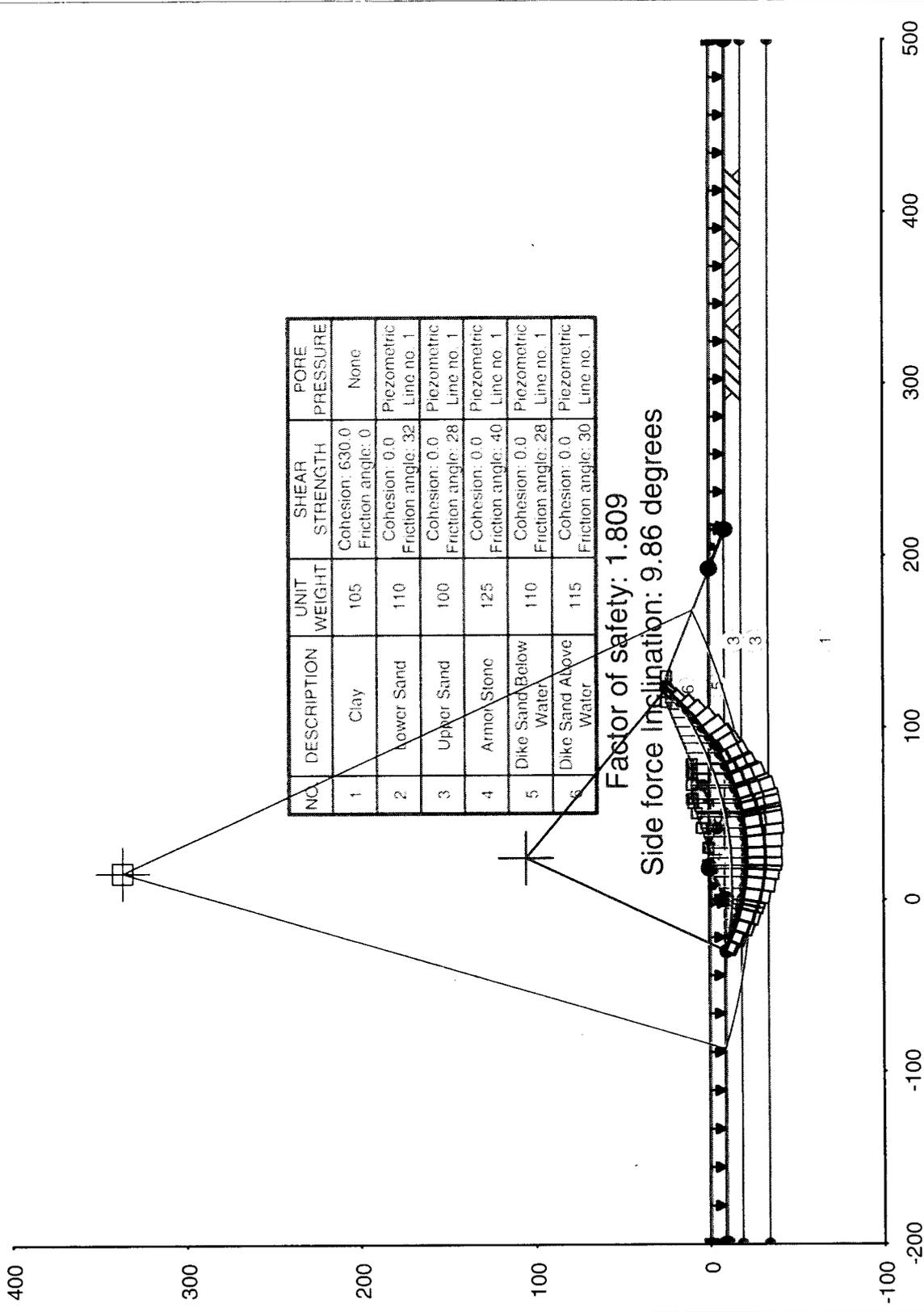
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2	Lower Sand	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 30	Piezometric Line no. 1
3	Upper Sand	100	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
4	Armor Stone	125	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 40	Piezometric Line no. 1
5	Dike Sand Below Water	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
6	Dike Sand Above Water	115	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 30	Piezometric Line no. 1

Factor of safety: 1.215
Side force inclination: -4.56 degrees

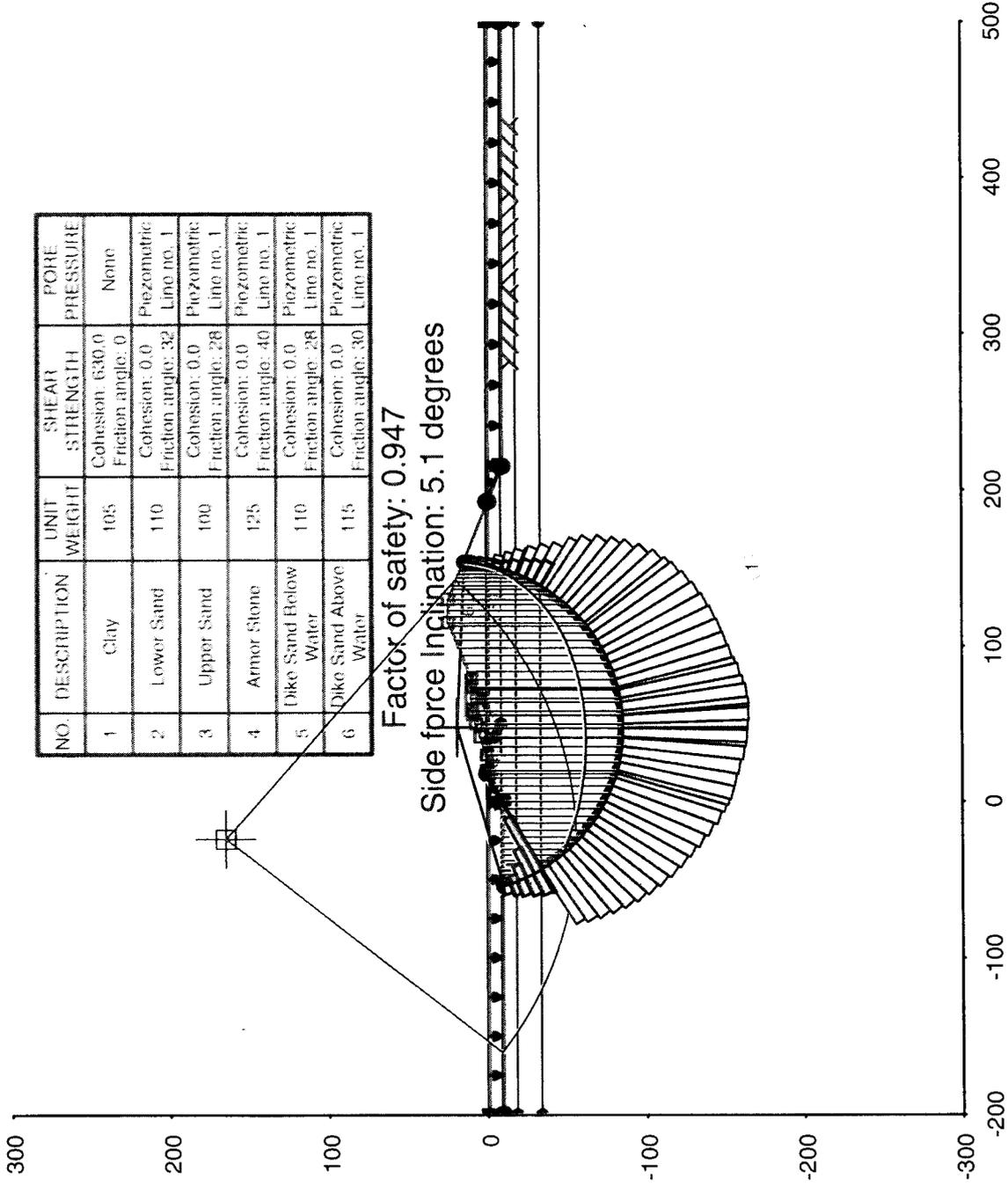
James Island DH-202 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike



James Island DH-202 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike

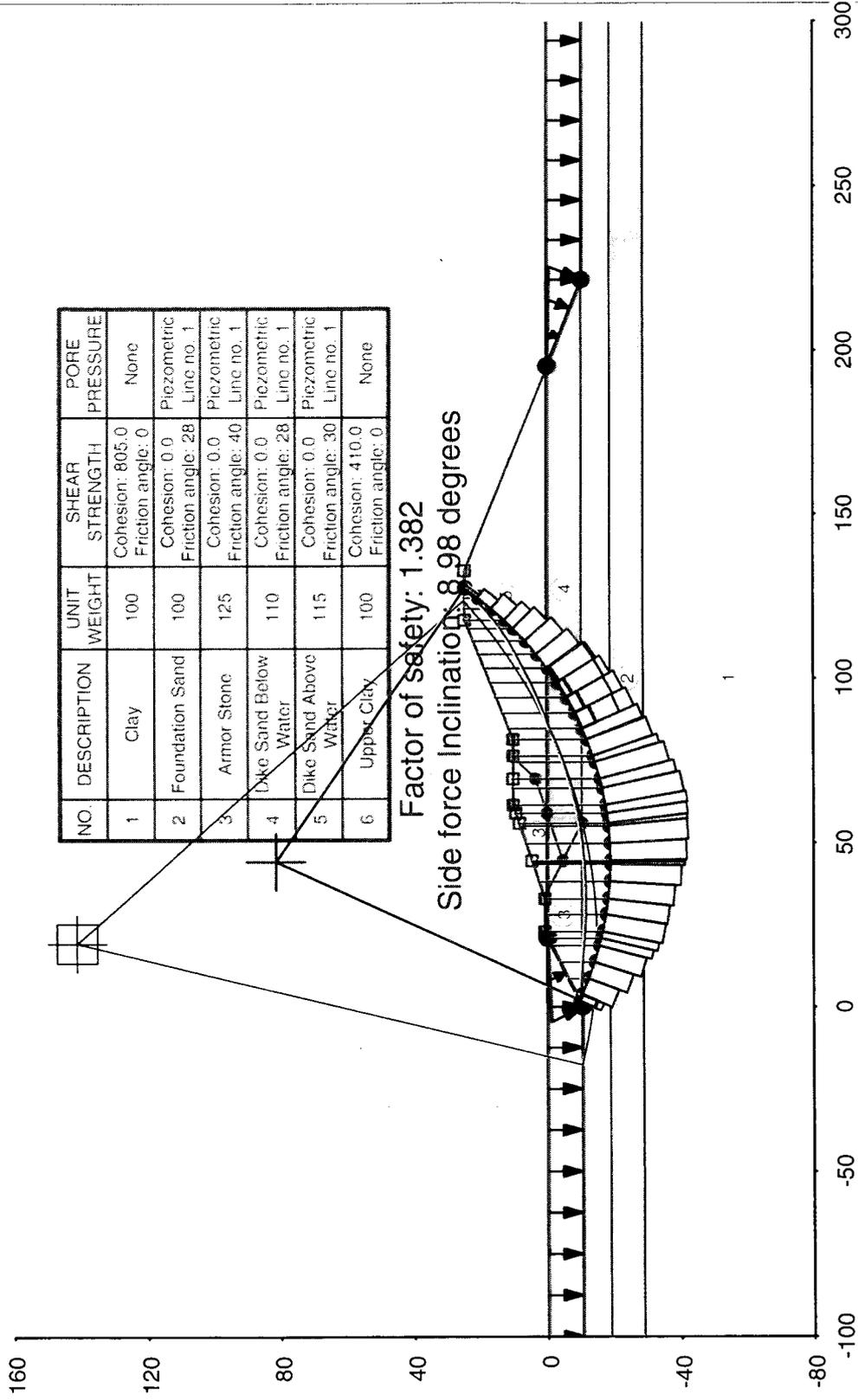


James Island DH-202 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike

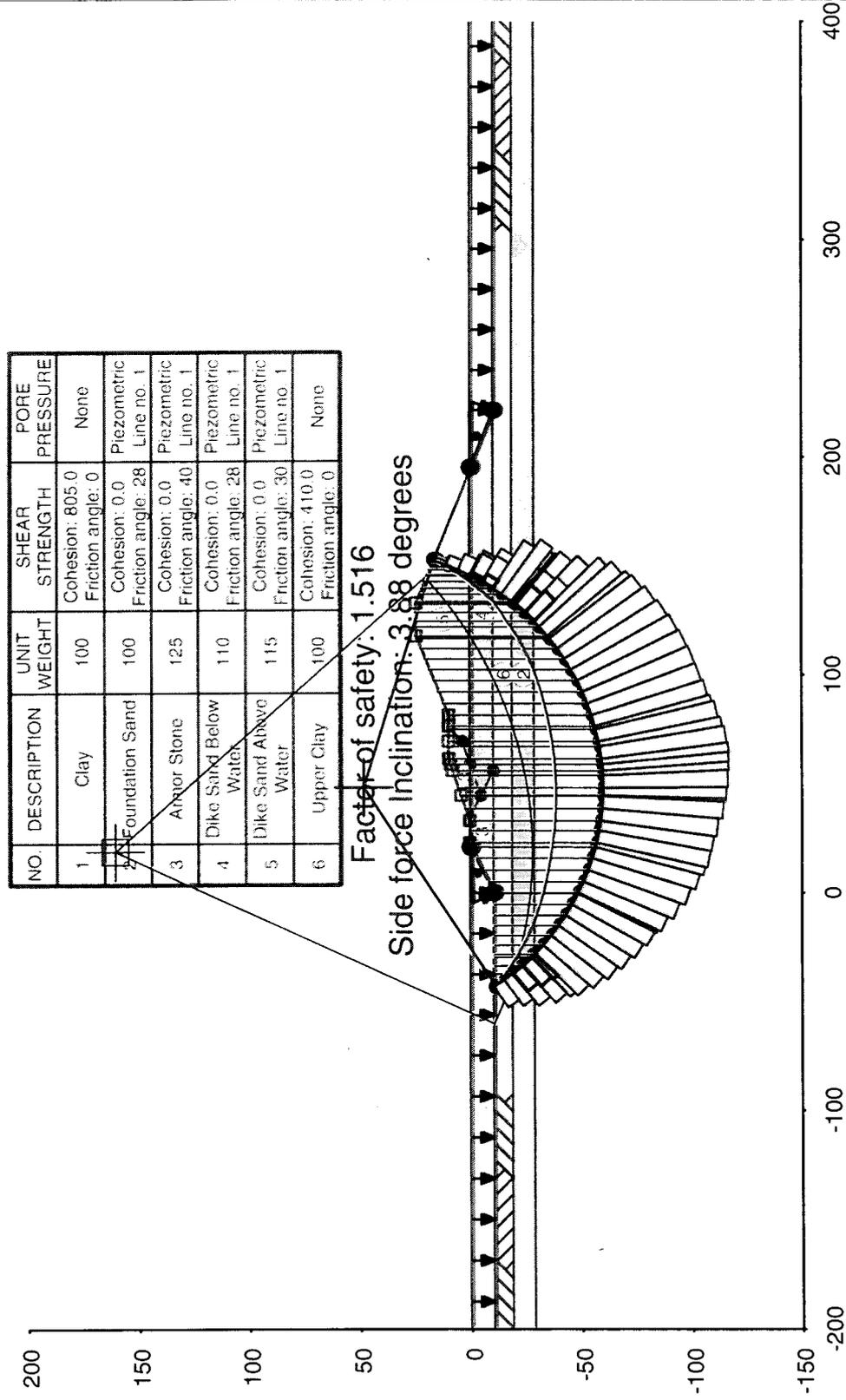


NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT WEIGHT	SHEAR STRENGTH Cohesion: 630.0 Friction angle: 0	PORE PRESSURE
1	Clay	105	Cohesion: 630.0 Friction angle: 0	None
2	Lower Sand	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 32	Piezometric Line no. 1
3	Upper Sand	100	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
4	Armor Stone	125	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 40	Piezometric Line no. 1
5	Dike Sand Below Water	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
6	Dike Sand Above Water	115	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 30	Piezometric Line no. 1

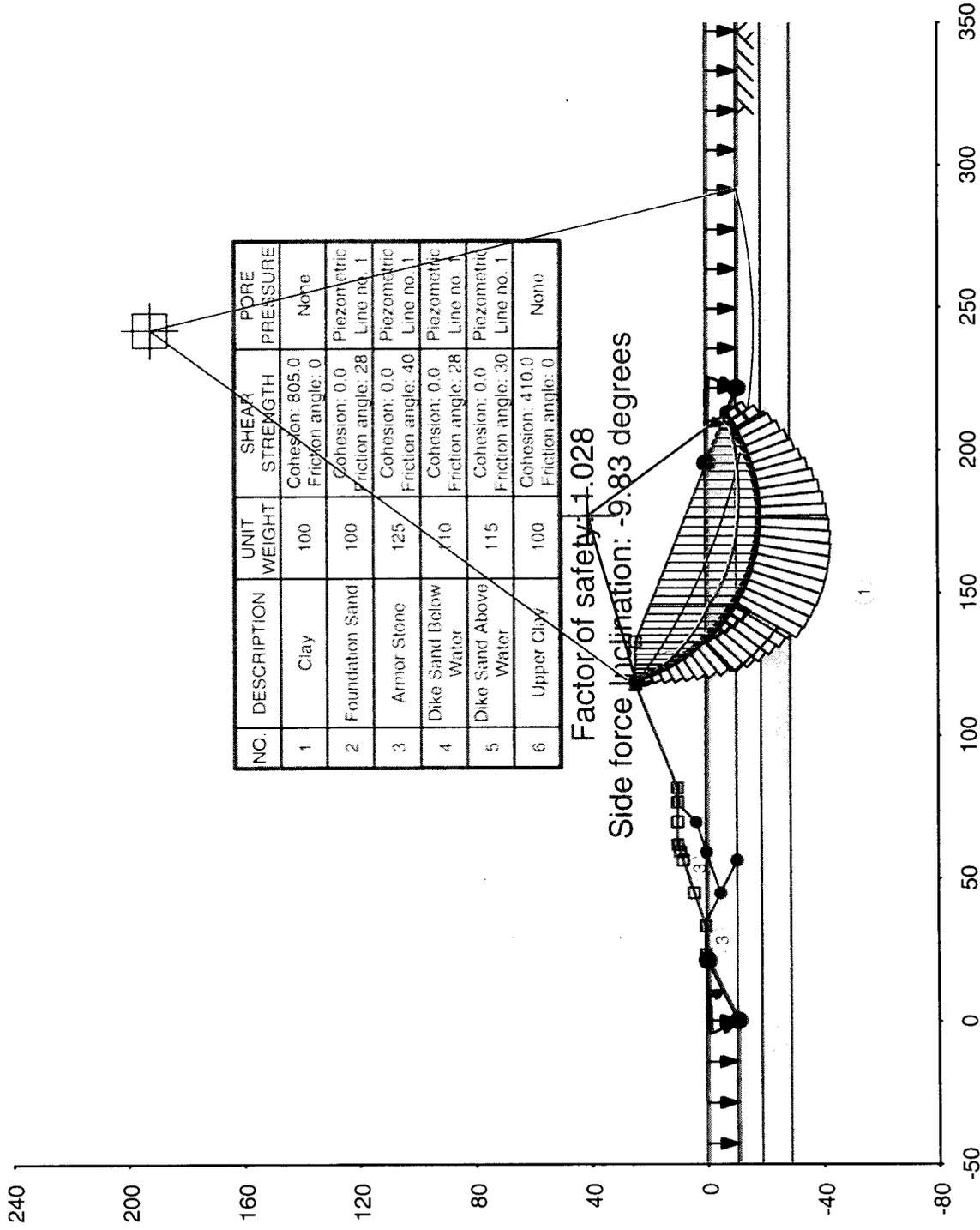
James Island DH-203 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike



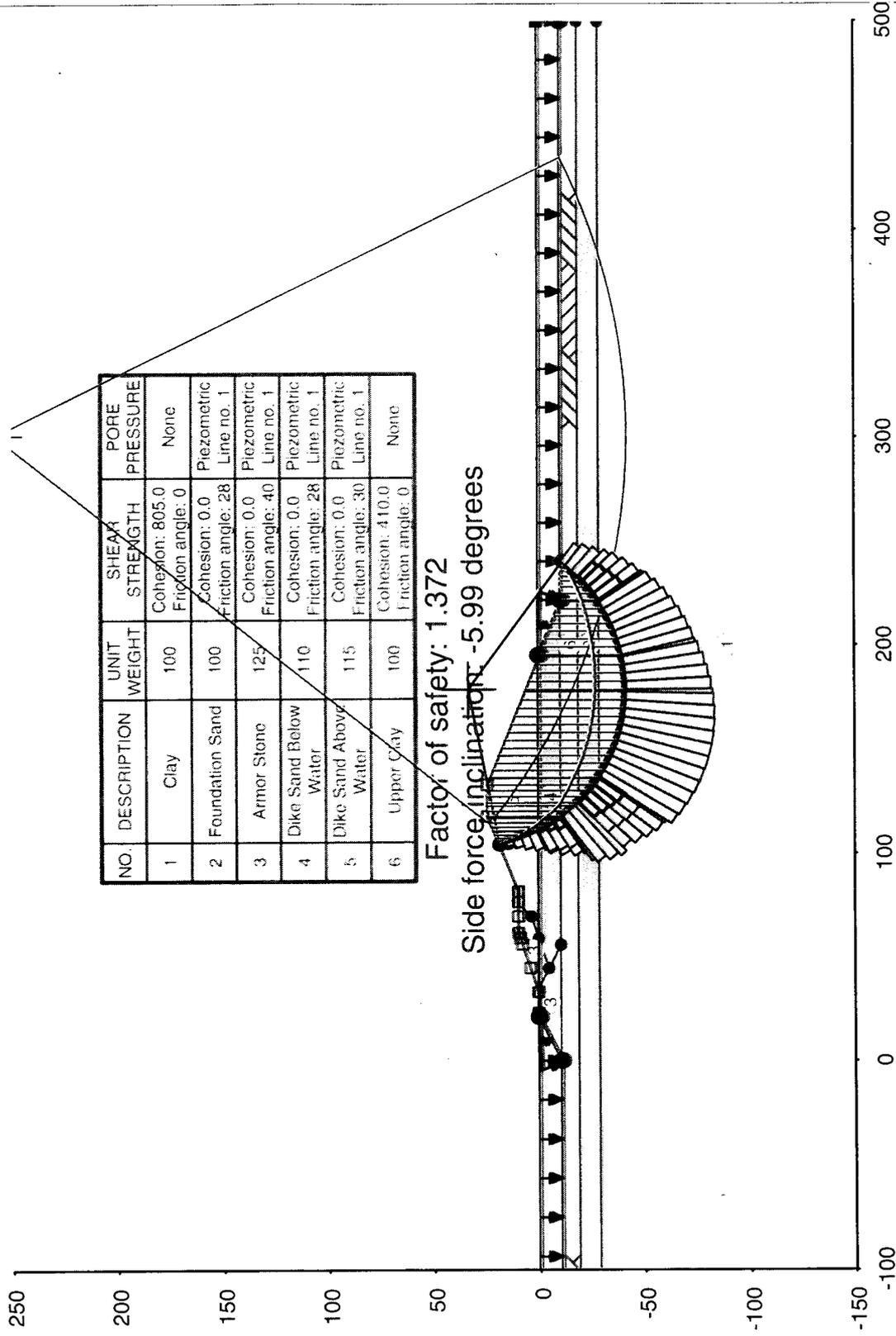
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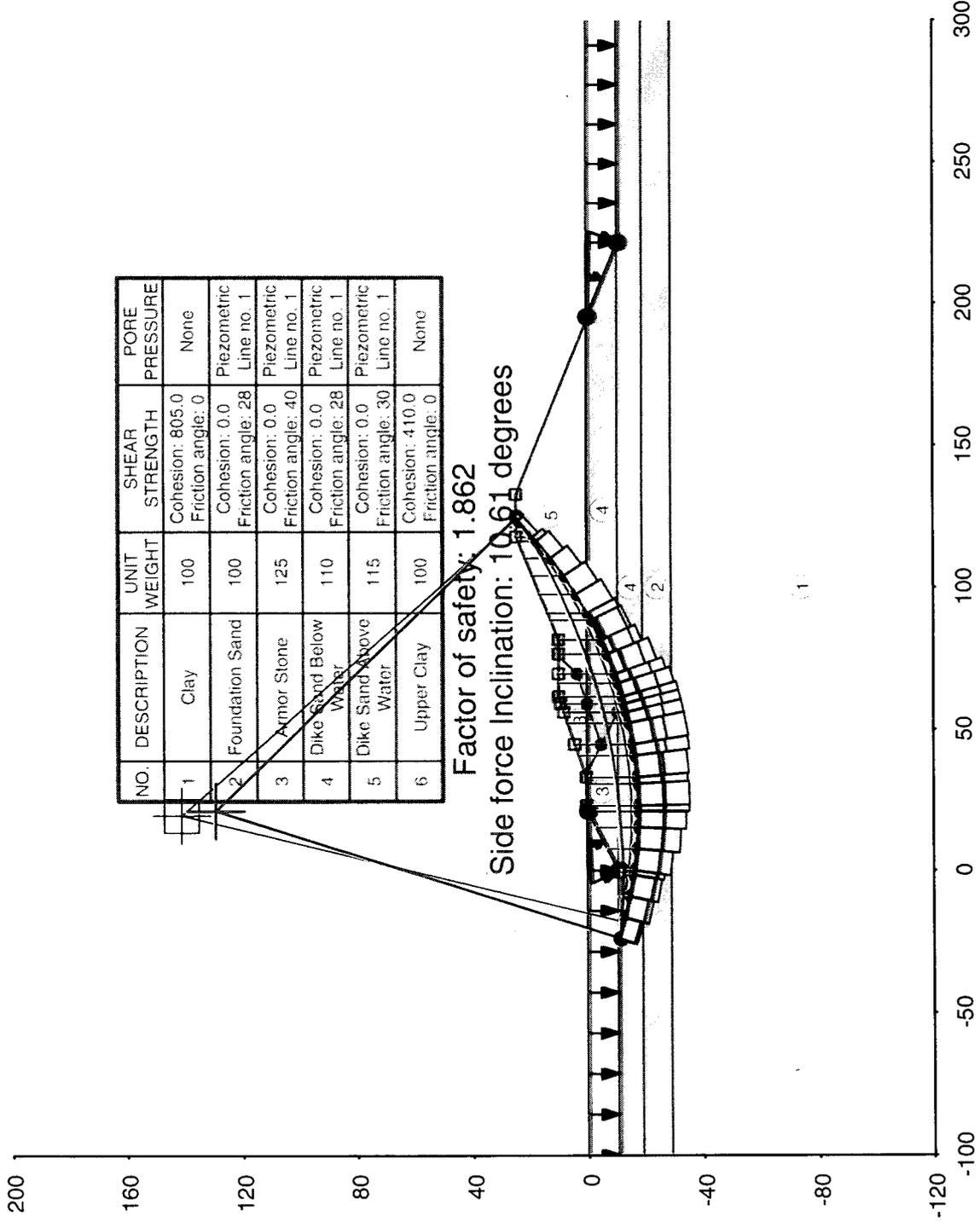
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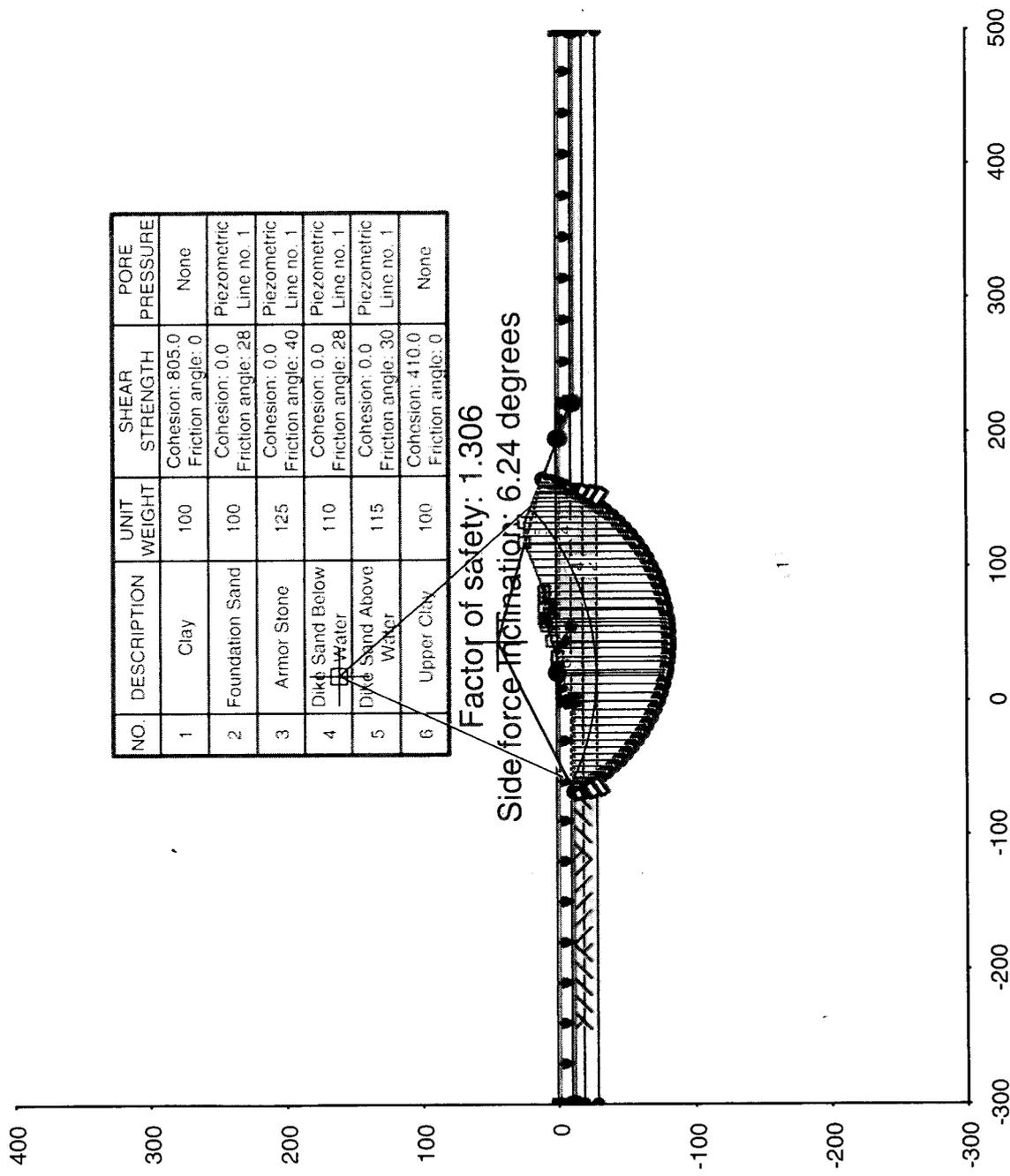
James Island DH-203 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike



James Island DH-203 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike - Remove Upper Clay



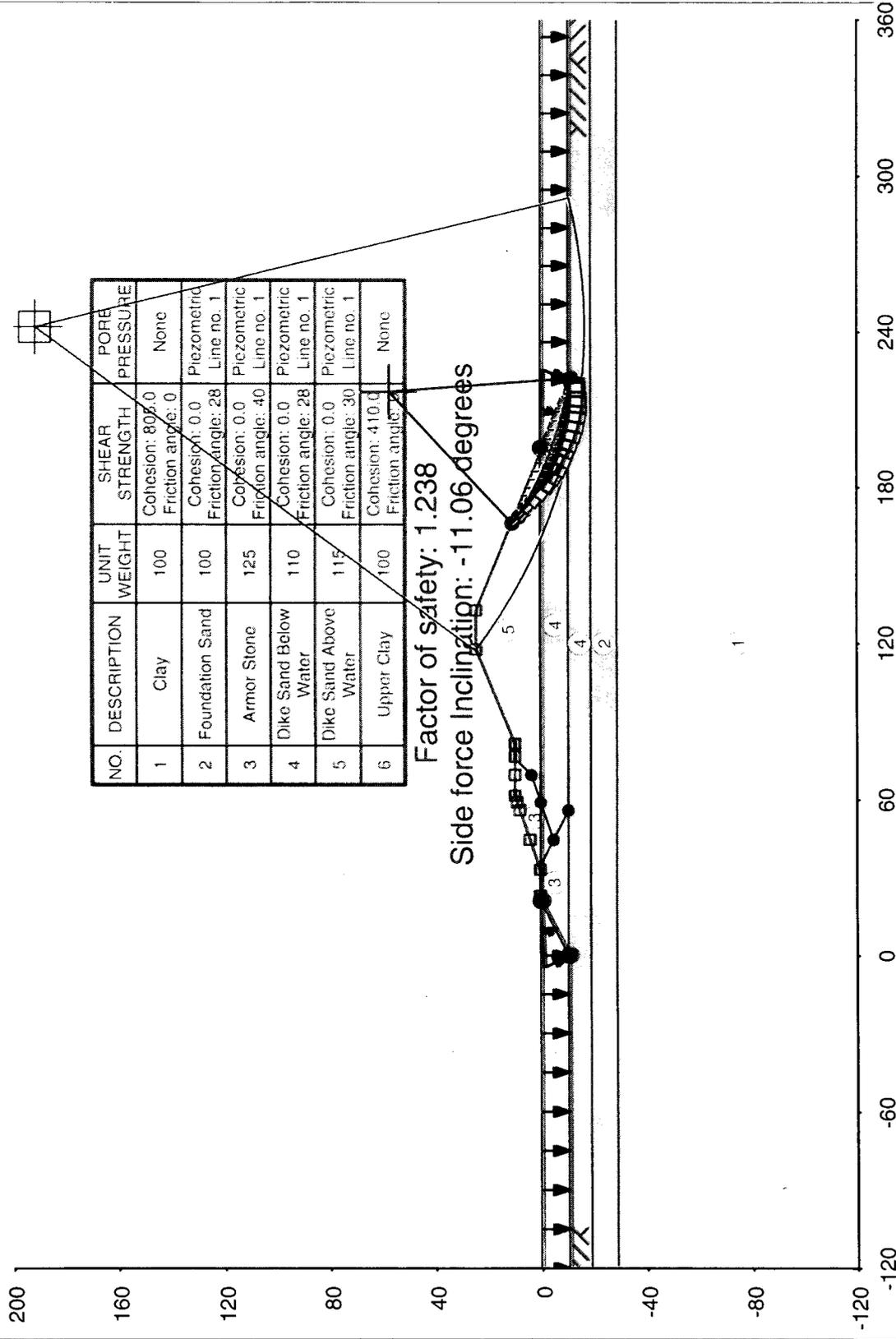
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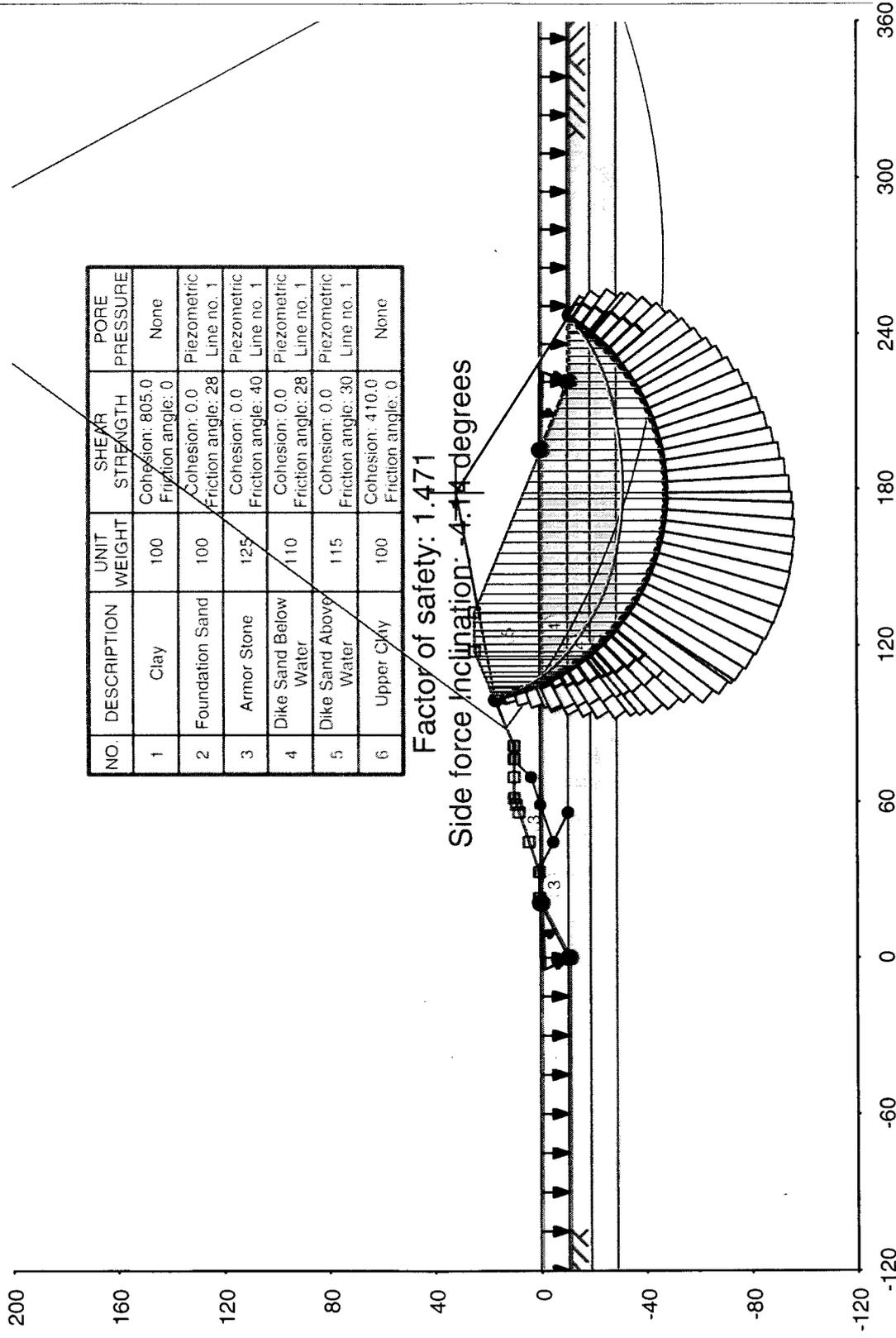
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1	Clay	100	Cohesion: 805.0 Friction angle: 0	None
2	Foundation Sand	100	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
3	Armor Stone	125	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 40	Piezometric Line no. 1
4	Dike Sand Below Water	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
5	Dike Sand Above Water	115	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 30	Piezometric Line no. 1
6	Upper Clay	100	Cohesion: 410.0 Friction angle: 0	None

Factor of safety: 1.306
Side force inclination: 6.24 degrees

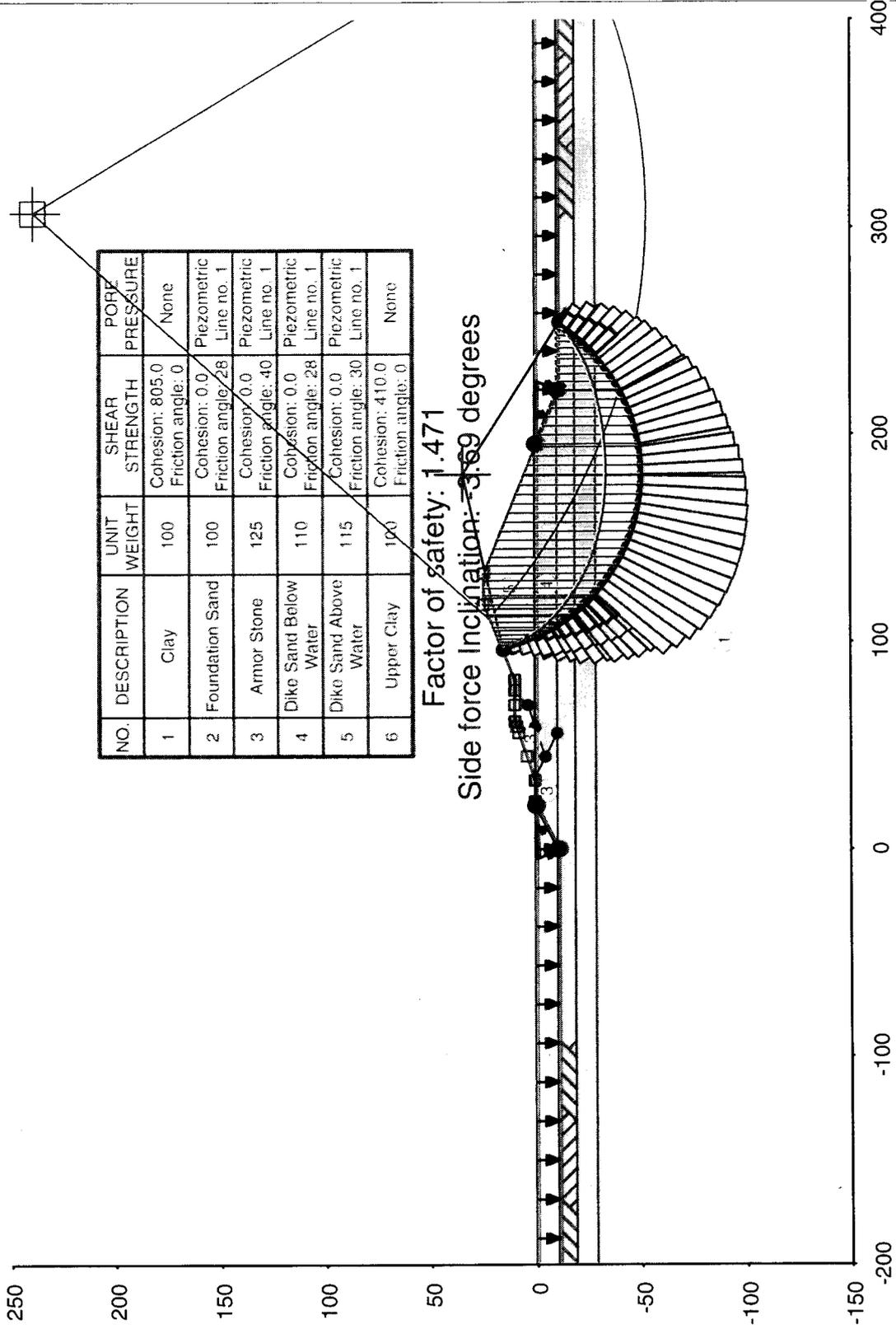
James Island DH-203 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike - Remove Upper Clay



James Island DH-203 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike - Remove Upper Clay



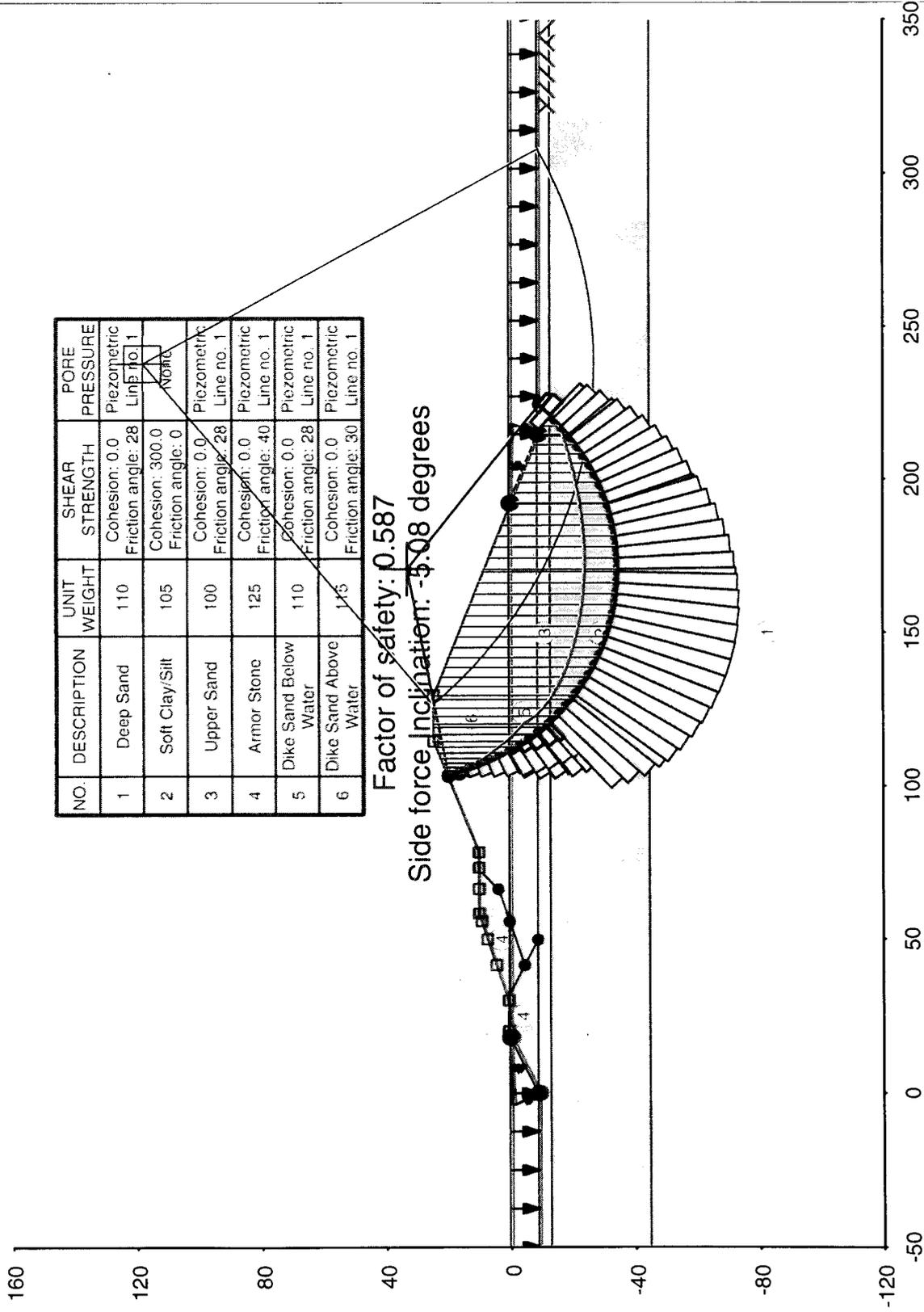
James Island DH-203 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike - Remove Upper Clay



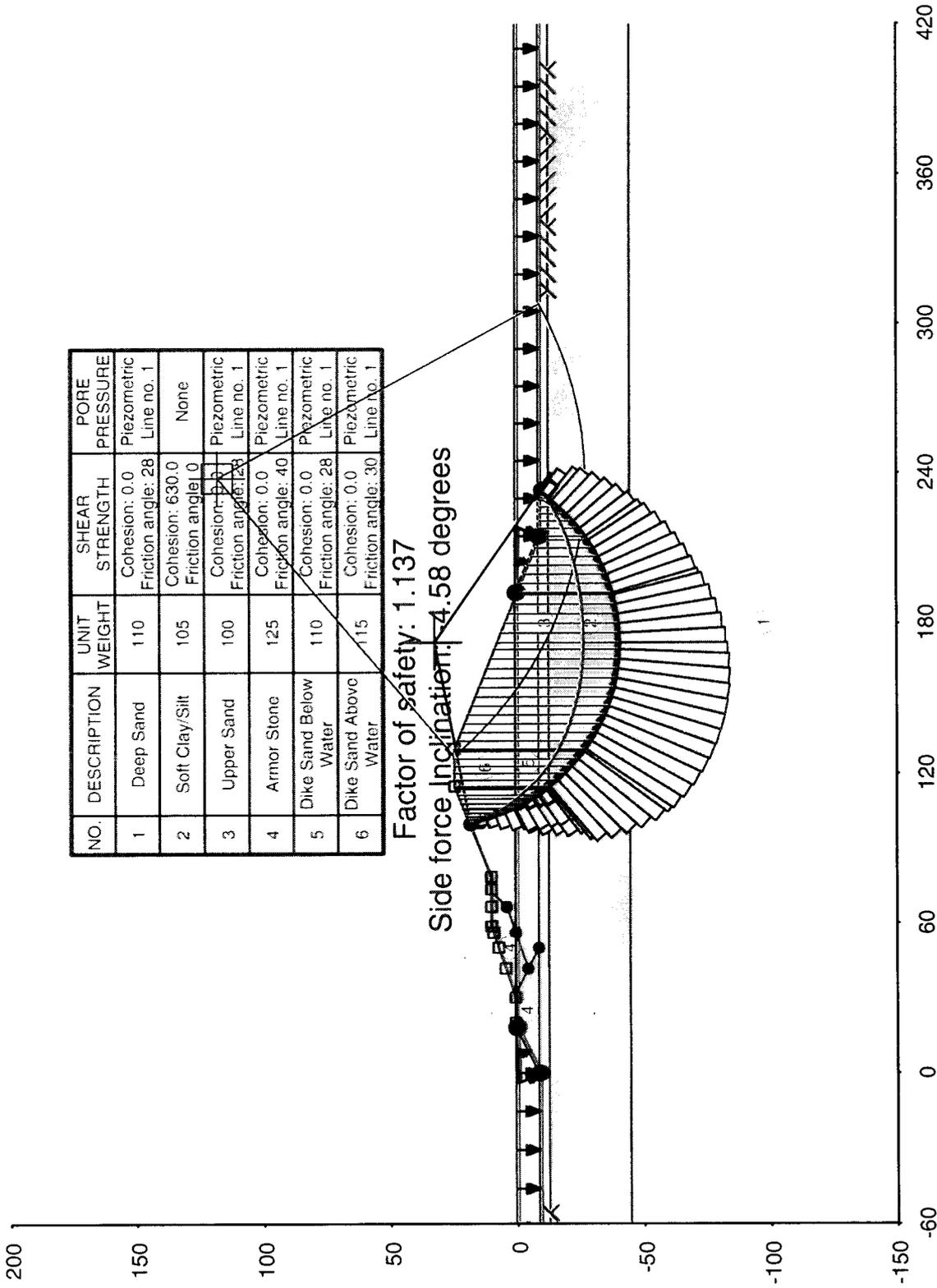
NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT WEIGHT	SHEAR STRENGTH	PORE PRESSURE
1	Clay	100	Cohesion: 805.0 Friction angle: 0	None
2	Foundation Sand	100	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
3	Armor Stone	125	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 40	Piezometric Line no. 1
4	Dike Sand Below Water	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
5	Dike Sand Above Water	115	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 30	Piezometric Line no. 1
6	Upper Clay	100	Cohesion: 410.0 Friction angle: 0	None

Factor of safety: 1.471
Side force Inclination: 3.69 degrees

James Island DH-204 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike



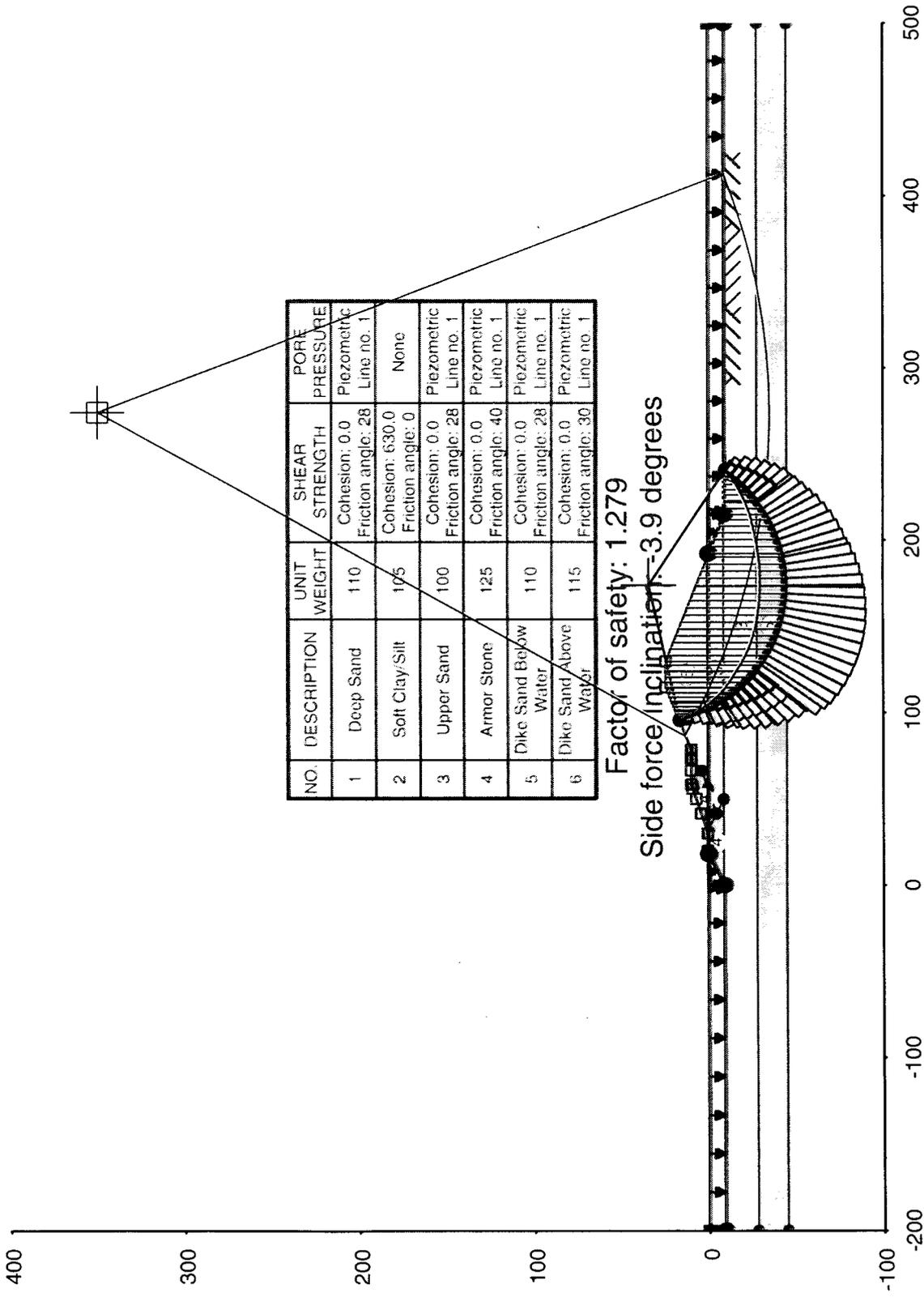
James Island DH-204 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike



NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT WEIGHT	SHEAR STRENGTH	PORE PRESSURE
1	Deep Sand	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
2	Soft Clay/Silt	105	Cohesion: 630.0 Friction angle: 0	None
3	Upper Sand	100	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
4	Armor Stone	125	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 40	Piezometric Line no. 1
5	Dike Sand Below Water	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
6	Dike Sand Above Water	115	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 30	Piezometric Line no. 1

Factor of safety: 1.137
Side force inclination: 4.58 degrees

James Island DH-204 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike

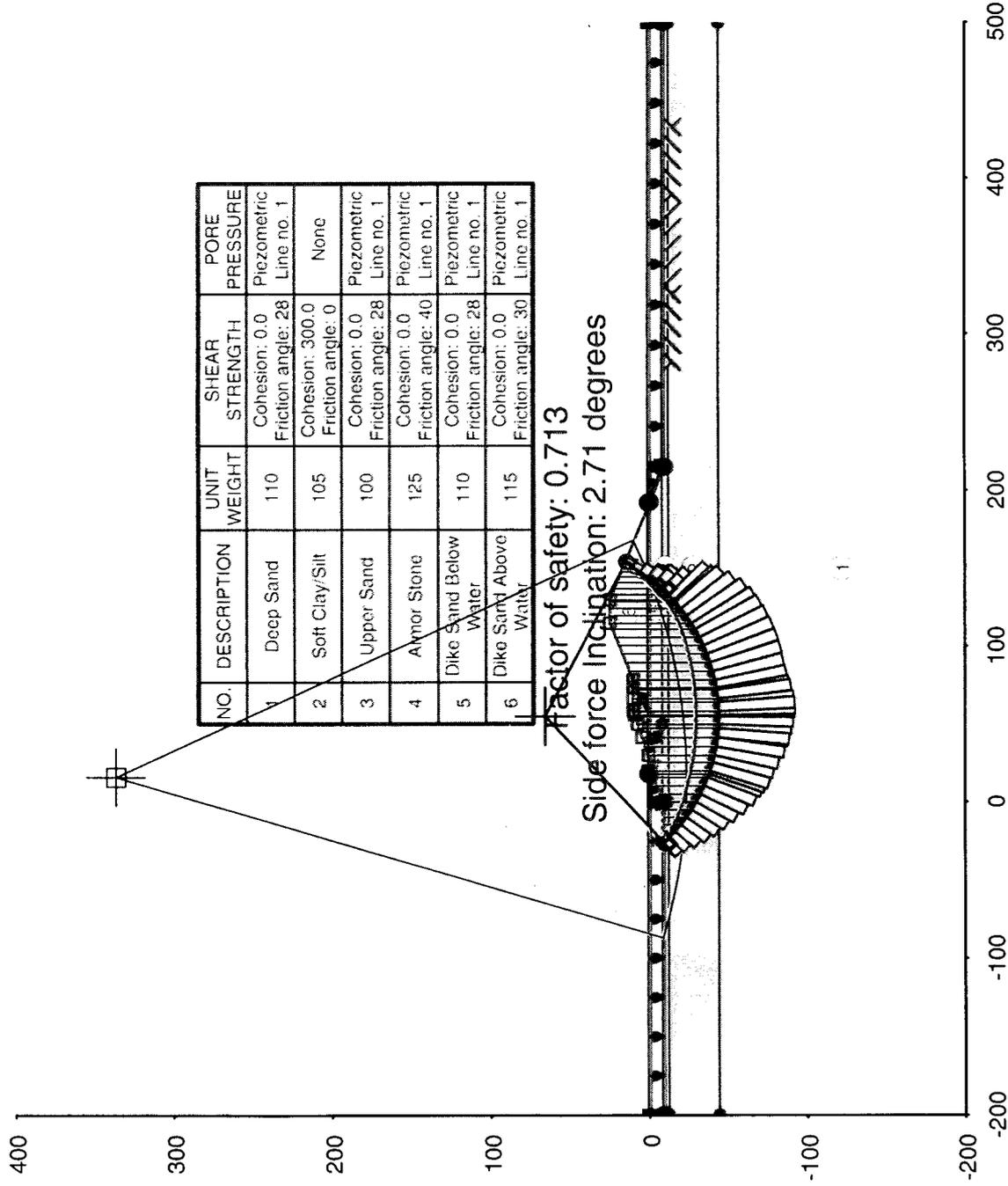


NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT WEIGHT	SHEAR STRENGTH	PORE PRESSURE
1	Deep Sand	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
2	Soft Clay/Silt	105	Cohesion: 630.0 Friction angle: 0	None
3	Upper Sand	100	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
4	Armor Stone	125	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 40	Piezometric Line no. 1
5	Dike Sand Below Water	110	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 28	Piezometric Line no. 1
6	Dike Sand Above Water	115	Cohesion: 0.0 Friction angle: 30	Piezometric Line no. 1

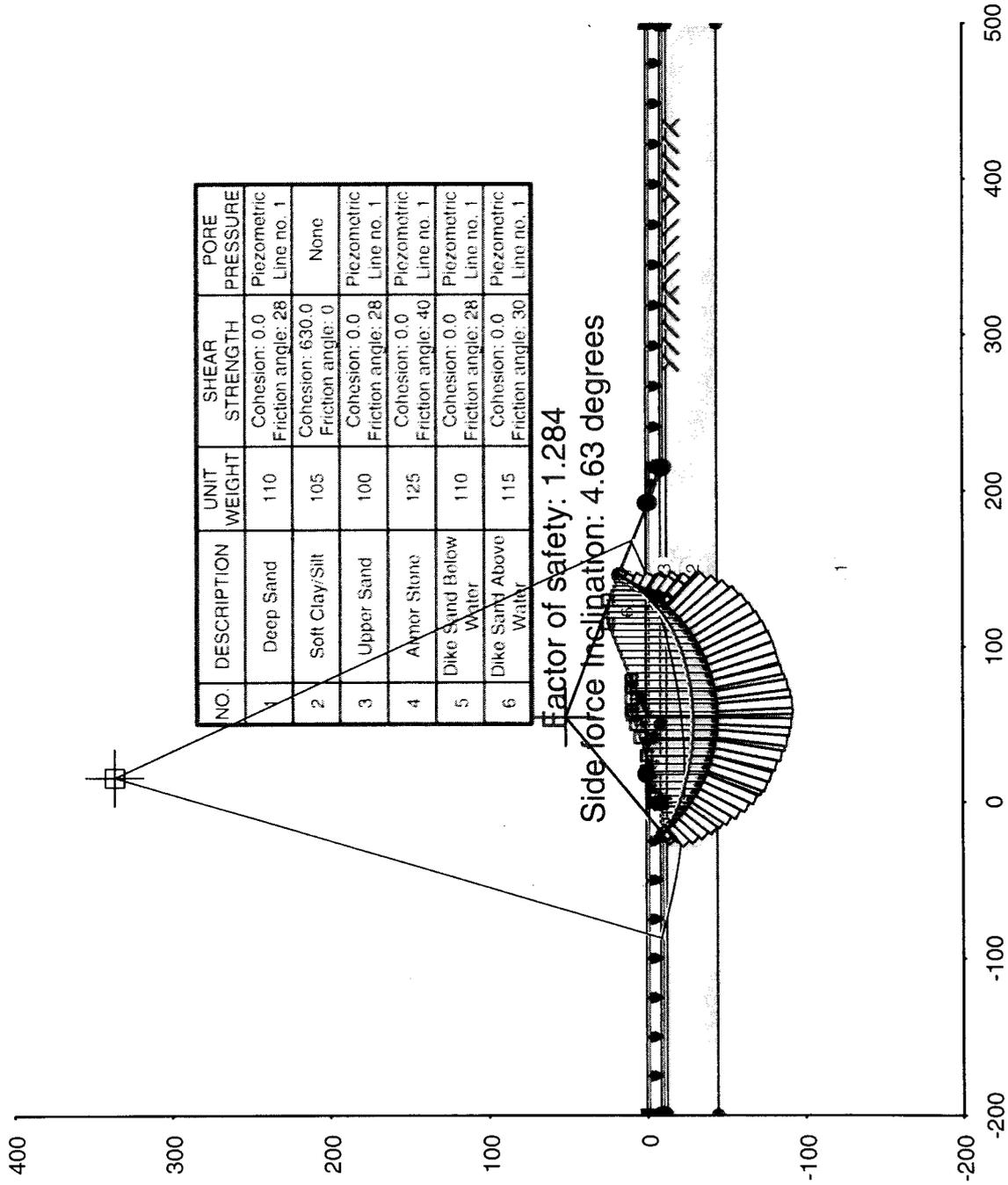
Factor of safety: 1.279

Side force inclination: -3.9 degrees

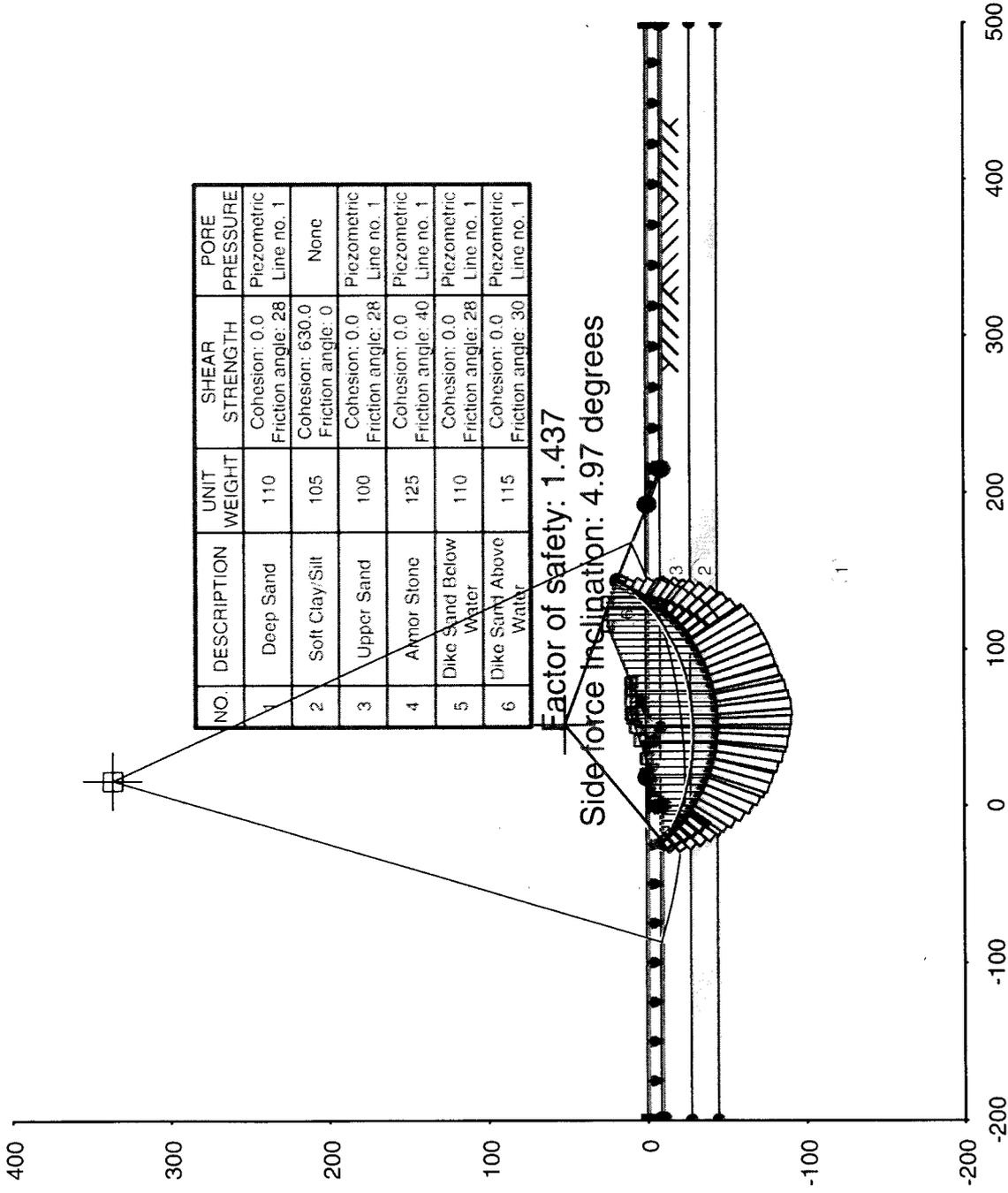
James Island DH-204 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike



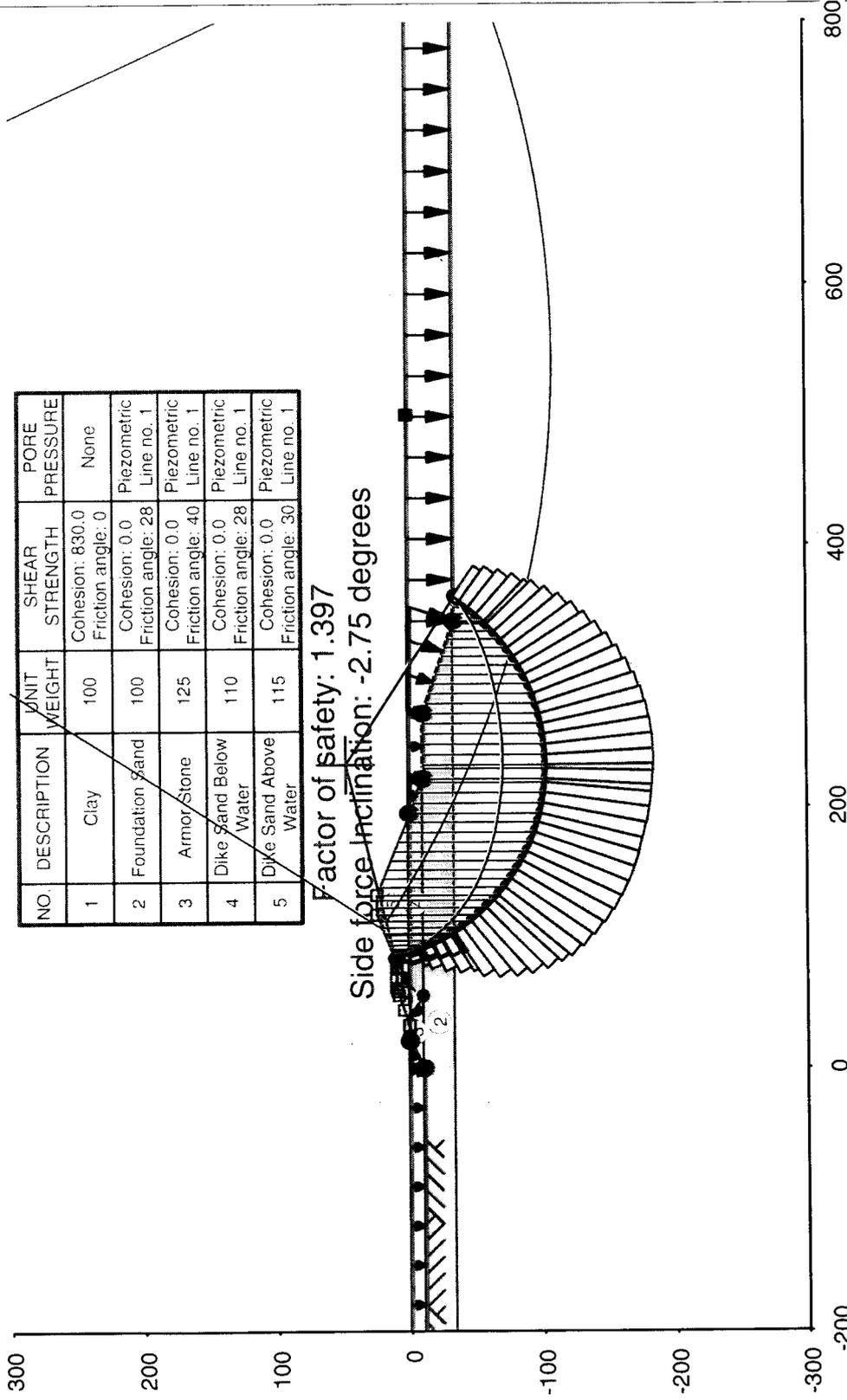
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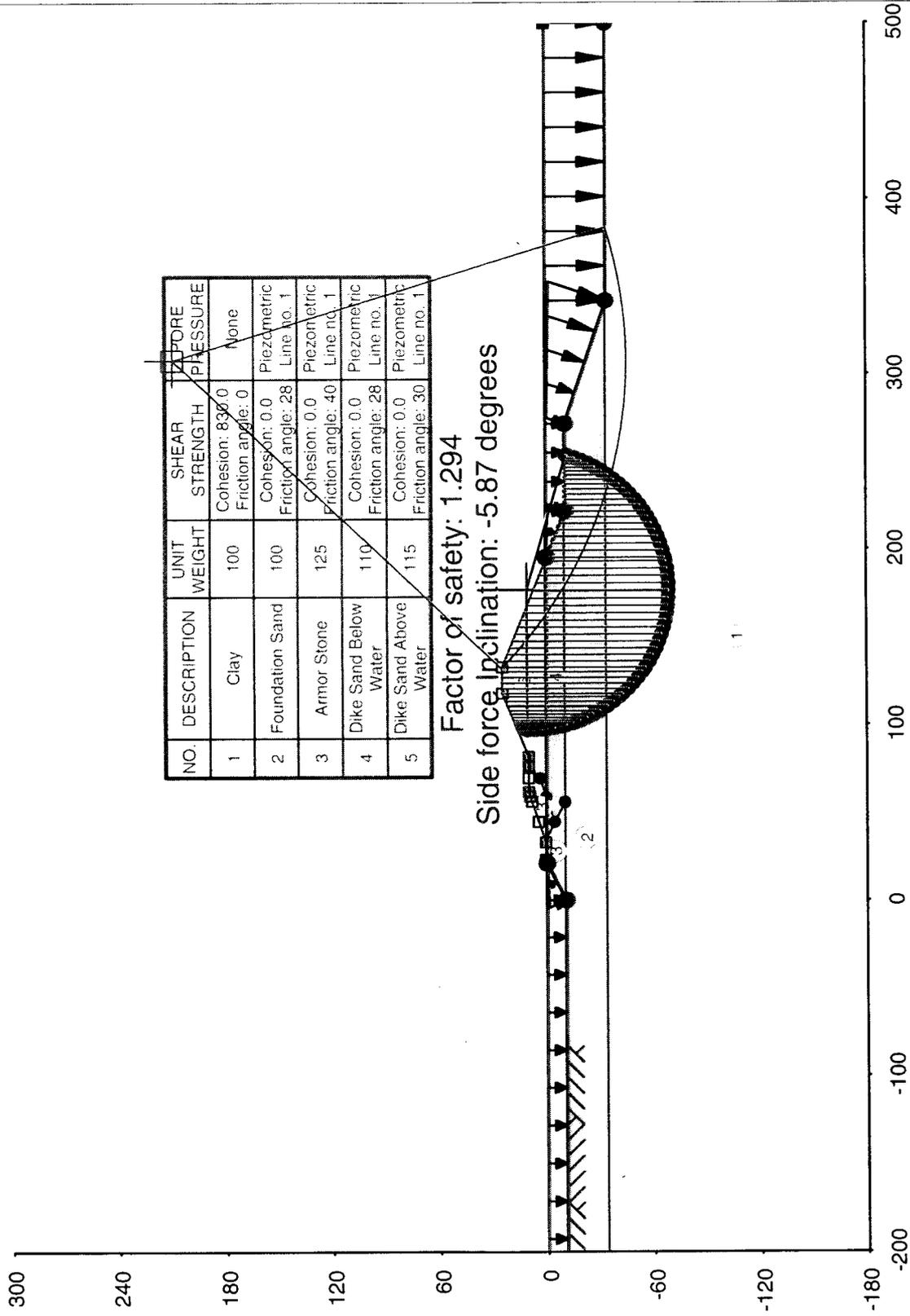
James Island DH-204 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike



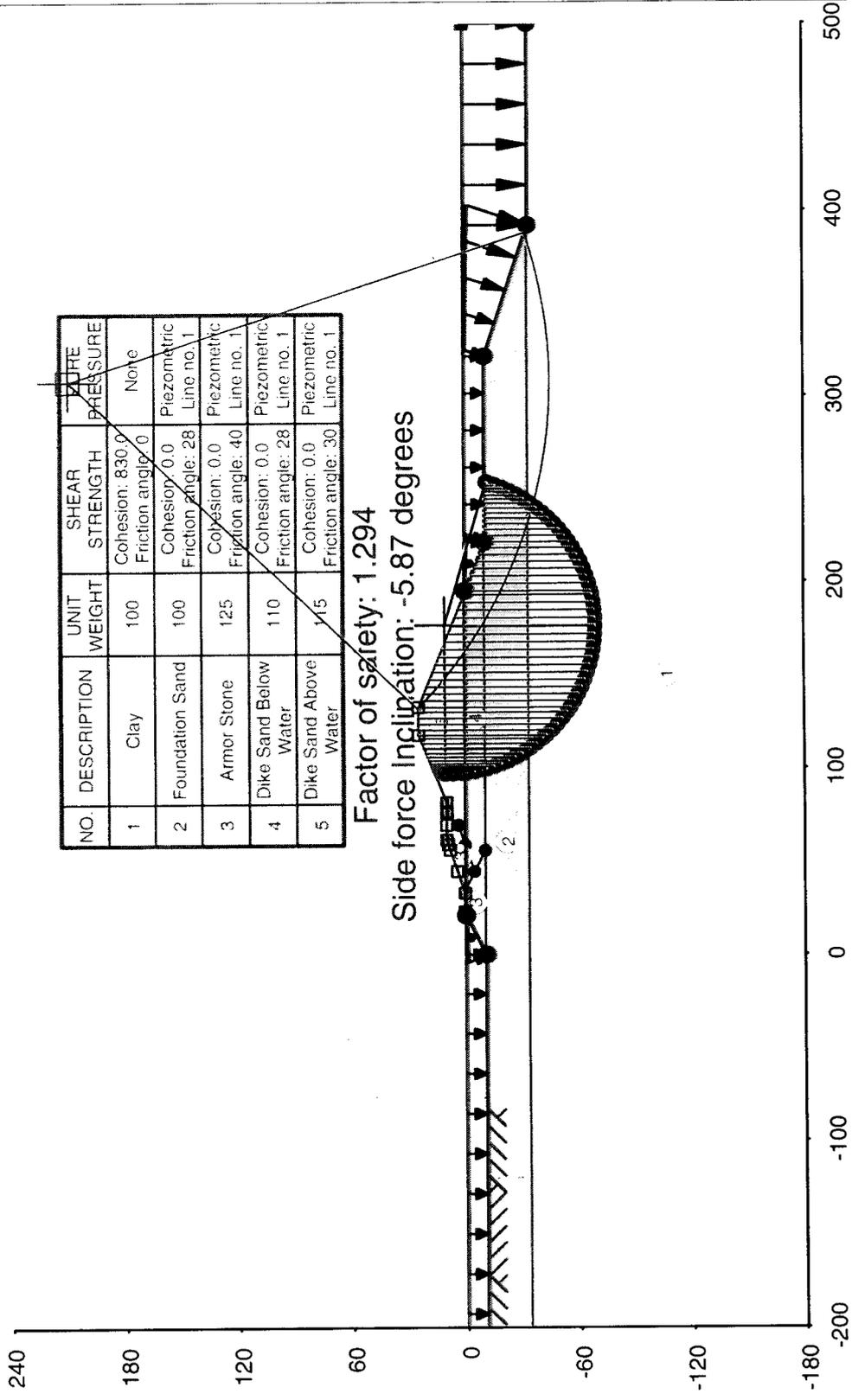
James Island DH-208 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike - Borrow Excavation



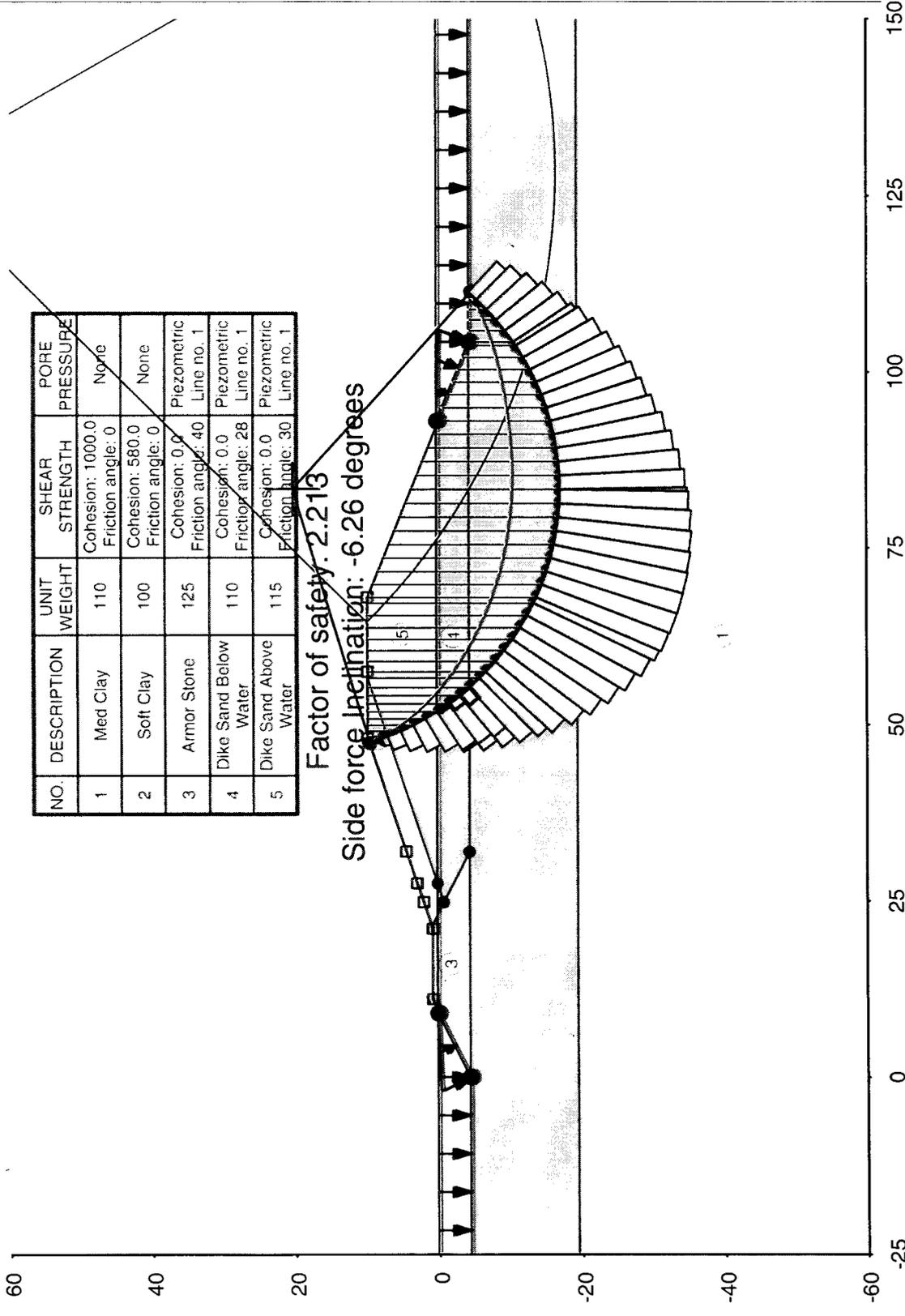
James Island DH-208 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike - Borrow Excavation



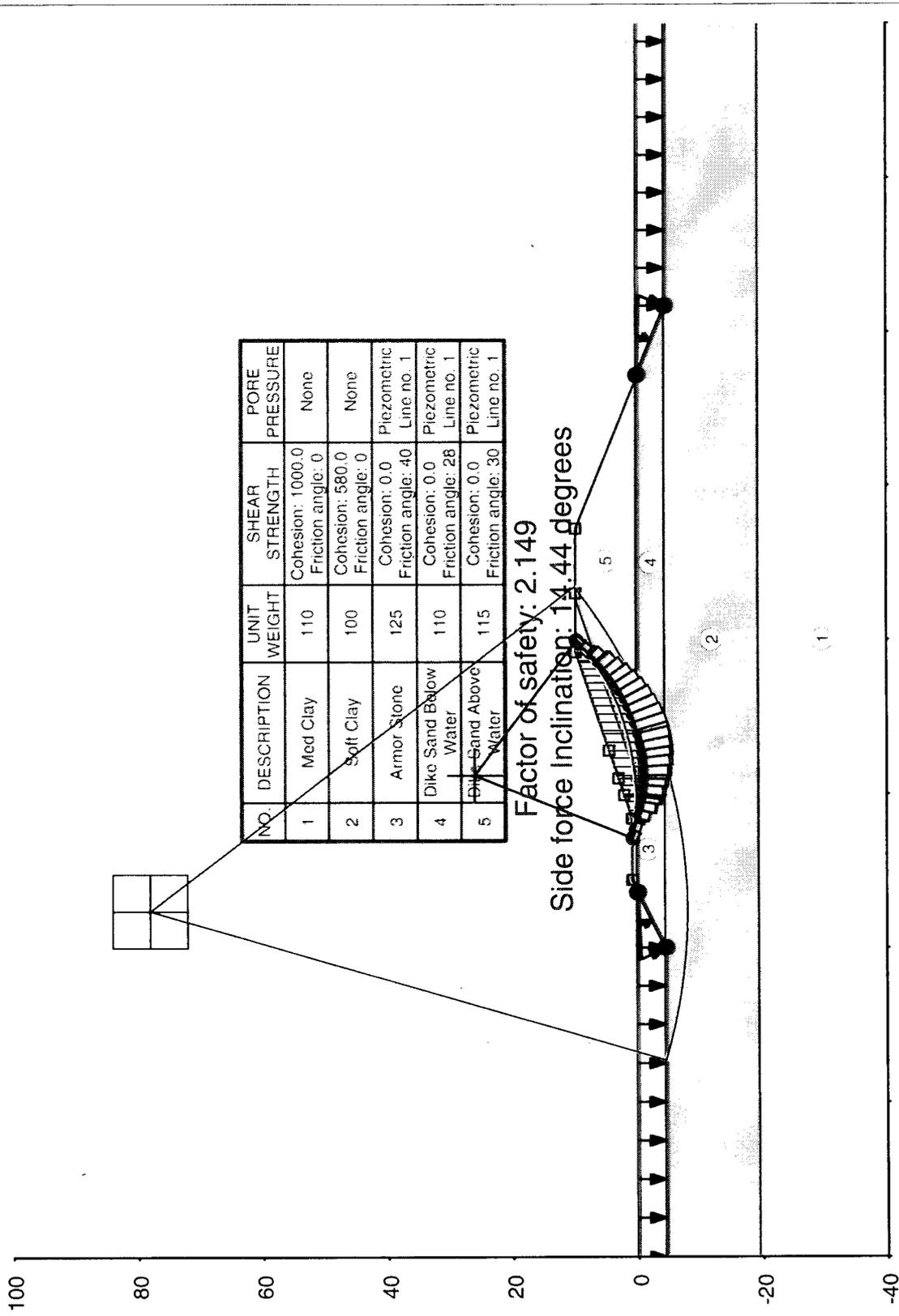
James Island DH-208 Stability Analysis - +25 Dike - Borrow Excavation



James Island Wetland Dike - +10 El. - DH-215



James Island Wetland Dike - +10 El. - DH-215



SUBJECT MID-BAY DH-203

COMPUTATIONS _____

SHEET _____ OF _____ SHEETS

COMPUTED BY SKC

CHECKED BY _____

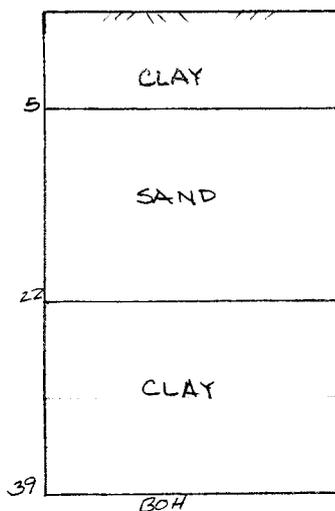
DATE 7-JAN-04SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS FOR DH-203

ASSUME A DIKE SECTION TO +25 WITH SIDE SLOPES OF 3H:1V AND A CREST WIDTH OF 20 FEET. DEPTH OF WATER IS ASSUMED TO BE 10.8 FEET AT MLLW. USE EXTREME LOW TIDE OF -3.5 MLLW TO COMPUTE STRESS CHANGE FROM DIKE.

A CONSOLIDATION TEST WAS PERFORMED ON A CLAY SAMPLE OBTAINED FROM A DEPTH 3.0' - 5.0'. CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS SHOW A C_c OF 1.07 (FROM CORRECTED CURVE) AND A C_r OF 0.075. A PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE OF 0.399 TSF (798 PSF) WAS DETERMINED FROM THE $e-\log p$ CURVE.

$$\text{OVERBURDEN PRESSURE, } P_0 = (70 - 62.4)(4) = 30.4 \text{ PSF} = 0.0152 \text{ TSF}$$

$$\text{OCR} = 798 / 30.4 = 26.6$$

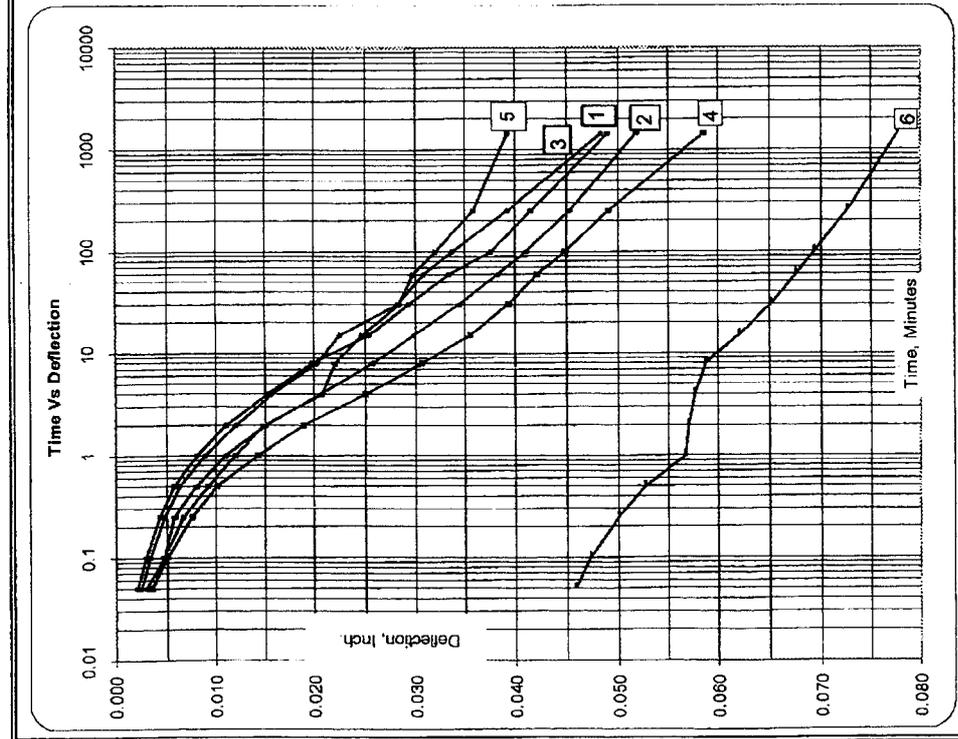
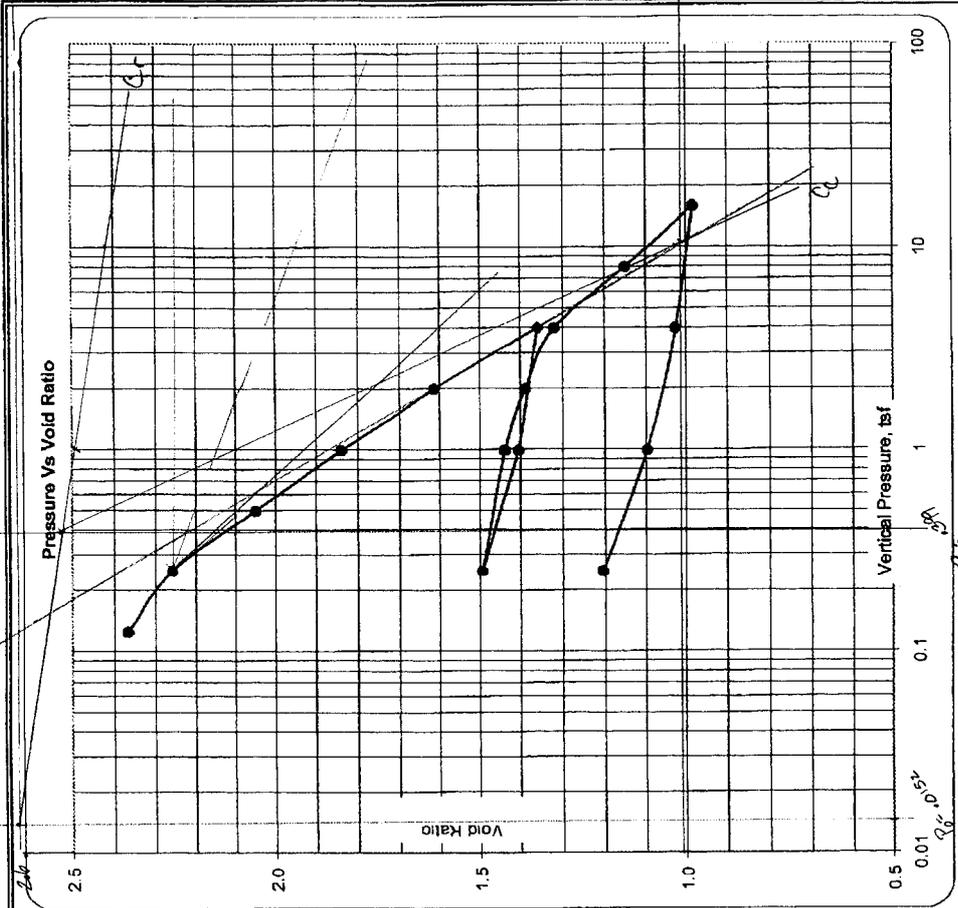


ASSUMED COMPRESSIBLE LAYER IS 5.0 FT. IN THICKNESS. ESTIMATED CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT IS 14.81" (SEE ATTACHED SPREADSHEET).

$C_c = 2.608$

$C_{co} = 1.0412$

JB-203
 hw = 7.3'
 hc = 28.5'
 Clay = 0'-5'



One-Dimensional Consolidation Test (ASTM-D-2435)

Curve No.	Incr. TSF	C _v cm ² /sec	T ₆₀ Min.	T ₁₀₀ Min.	Description of Specimen:			
					Moisture Content (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plastic Index (%)
1	0.125	1.9E-03	2.1	9.0	44.8	48	22	28
2	0.25	1.2E-03	2.8	12.3	(From Trims.)	(From Trims.)	(From Trims.)	(From Trims.)
3	0.5	1.4E-03	2.2	9.6	(From Trims.)	(From Trims.)	(From Trims.)	(From Trims.)
4	1	1.2E-03	2.4	10.2	(From Trims.)	(From Trims.)	(From Trims.)	(From Trims.)
5	2	1.3E-03	2.1	9.0	2.76	2.600	0.822	100.7
6	4	1.6E-03	1.6	6.8	2.600	0.850	115.8	2.603
7	8	2.1E-03	1.1	4.8	2.600	0.850	115.8	2.603
8	16	6.6E-03	0.3	1.4	2.600	0.850	115.8	2.603
					97.9	111.1	48.4	
					48.4			

GeoSystems Consultants

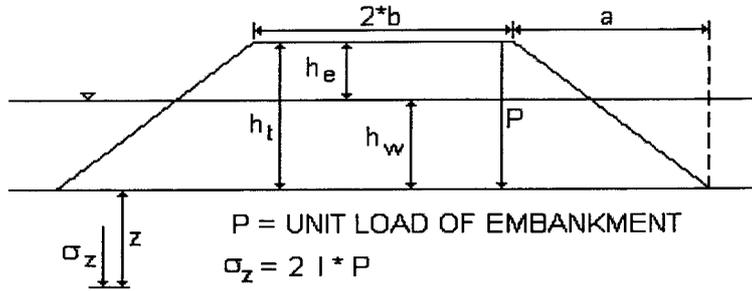
Project No.	2004G677
Project Name	James Island
Boring No.	DH-203A
Sample No.	JB-203
Depth, ft.	3.0-5.0
Tested By	TV
Reviewed By	KAN
Date	04-Nov-04
File No.	2004077Con-203A

+25.0

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
 PROJECT: JAMES ISLAND DIKE (JB-203)

CALCULATED BY: SKC
 DATE: 1/7/2005

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio	Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	H_o (ft)	P_o (psf)	P_p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P_r (psf)	c_r	c_c	e_o	Rebound Curve C_{sr}	Virgin Curve C_{ec}	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
0	1	0.5	3.8	771.4	4019.48	4023.28	0.075	1.07	2.603	0.020816	0.296975	3.13
1	2	1.5	11.4	779	4019.48	4030.88	0.075	1.07	2.603	0.020816	0.296975	3.00
2	3	2.5	19	786.6	4019.48	4038.48	0.075	1.07	2.603	0.020816	0.296975	2.94
3	4	3.5	26.6	794.2	4019.48	4046.08	0.075	1.07	2.603	0.020816	0.296975	2.89
4	5	4.5	34.2	801.8	4019.48	4053.68	0.075	1.07	2.603	0.020816	0.296975	2.85
Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from JB-203											Total Settlement:	14.81



Only modify h_w and l , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 7.3$ $h_e = 28.5$ $h_t = 35.8$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 4019.48$																																																																																																																		
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">z</th> <th style="width: 15%;">a/z</th> <th style="width: 15%;">b/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">l</th> <th style="width: 10%;">2l</th> <th style="width: 40%;">$\sigma_z = 2 l * P$</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0.5</td><td>214.800</td><td>20.000</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>1.5</td><td>71.600</td><td>6.667</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>2.5</td><td>42.960</td><td>4.000</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>3.5</td><td>30.686</td><td>2.857</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>4.5</td><td>23.867</td><td>2.222</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>5.5</td><td>19.527</td><td>1.818</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>6.5</td><td>16.523</td><td>1.538</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>7.5</td><td>14.320</td><td>1.333</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>8.5</td><td>12.635</td><td>1.176</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>9.5</td><td>11.305</td><td>1.053</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>10.5</td><td>10.229</td><td>0.952</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>4019.48</td></tr> <tr><td>11.5</td><td>9.339</td><td>0.870</td><td>0.490</td><td>0.980</td><td>3939.09</td></tr> <tr><td>12.5</td><td>8.592</td><td>0.800</td><td>0.487</td><td>0.974</td><td>3914.97</td></tr> <tr><td>13.5</td><td>7.956</td><td>0.741</td><td>0.485</td><td>0.970</td><td>3898.90</td></tr> <tr><td>14.5</td><td>7.407</td><td>0.690</td><td>0.483</td><td>0.966</td><td>3882.82</td></tr> <tr><td>15.5</td><td>6.929</td><td>0.645</td><td>0.480</td><td>0.960</td><td>3858.70</td></tr> <tr><td>16.5</td><td>6.509</td><td>0.606</td><td>0.479</td><td>0.958</td><td>3850.66</td></tr> <tr><td>17.5</td><td>6.137</td><td>0.571</td><td>0.477</td><td>0.954</td><td>3834.58</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		z	a/z	b/z	l	2l	$\sigma_z = 2 l * P$	0.5	214.800	20.000	0.500	1.000	4019.48	1.5	71.600	6.667	0.500	1.000	4019.48	2.5	42.960	4.000	0.500	1.000	4019.48	3.5	30.686	2.857	0.500	1.000	4019.48	4.5	23.867	2.222	0.500	1.000	4019.48	5.5	19.527	1.818	0.500	1.000	4019.48	6.5	16.523	1.538	0.500	1.000	4019.48	7.5	14.320	1.333	0.500	1.000	4019.48	8.5	12.635	1.176	0.500	1.000	4019.48	9.5	11.305	1.053	0.500	1.000	4019.48	10.5	10.229	0.952	0.500	1.000	4019.48	11.5	9.339	0.870	0.490	0.980	3939.09	12.5	8.592	0.800	0.487	0.974	3914.97	13.5	7.956	0.741	0.485	0.970	3898.90	14.5	7.407	0.690	0.483	0.966	3882.82	15.5	6.929	0.645	0.480	0.960	3858.70	16.5	6.509	0.606	0.479	0.958	3850.66	17.5	6.137	0.571	0.477	0.954	3834.58
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h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

SUBJECT MID-BAY DH-204

COMPUTATIONS _____

SHEET _____ OF _____ SHEETS

COMPUTED BY SKC

CHECKED BY _____

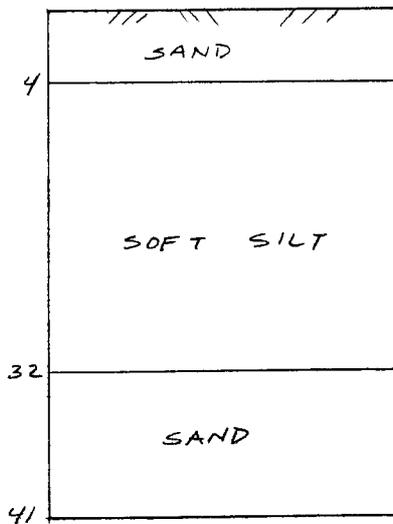
DATE 10-JAN-04

SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS FOR DH-204

ASSUME A DIKE SECTION TO +25 WITH SIDE SLOPES OF 3H:1V AND A CREST WIDTH OF 20 FEET. DEPTH OF WATER IS ASSUMED TO BE 9.1 FEET AT MLLW. USE EXTREME LOW TIDE OF -3.5 MLLW TO COMPUTE STRESS CHANGE FROM DIKE.

A CONSOLIDATION TEST WAS PERFORMED ON A CLAY SAMPLE OBTAINED FROM A DEPTH 15.0' - 17.0'. CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS SHOW A C_c OF 0.68 (FROM CORRECTED CURVE) AND A C_r OF 0.035. A PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE OF 0.75 TSF (1500 PSF) WAS DETERMINED FROM THE $e-\log p$ CURVE.

OVERBURDEN PRESSURE, $P_o = (115 - 62.4)(16) = 841.6 \text{ PSF} = 0.421 \text{ TSF}$
OCR = $1500 / 842 = 1.78$



ASSUMED COMPRESSIBLE LAYER IS 28.0 FT IN THICKNESS.
ESTIMATED CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT IS 53.31."
(SEE ATTACHED SPREADSHEETS.)

STA.
 OFFSET:
 TOP ELEV:

MID-BAY ISLAND FEASIBILITY STUDY
 JAMES ISLAND, DORCHESTER COUNTY, MD

N 315051.71
 E 1504776.58
 COMPLETED: September 12, 2004

JB-204

1 of 1

DEPTH(ft)	(c)	(d)	(a)	(b)
2.00	Wet, v. dk. gray, poorly graded fine SAND w/shells (SP)		1-1-1	
4.50	Wet, dk. gray, silty fine SAND w/tr. shells (SM) PPR 2.5'-4.0': <0.5, <0.5, <0.5		WH/1.5	
7.00	Wet, dk. gray, sandy soft SILT (ML) PPR 5.0'-6.5': 0.5, 0.5, <0.5		5 WH/1.5	
	V. moist, olive gray, soft elastic SILT (MH) PPR 7.5'-9.0': 0.5, 0.5, 0.5		WH/1.5	57.9
	PPR 10.0'-11.5': 0.5, 0.5, 0.5		10 WH/1.5	
	PPR 12.5'-14.0': 0.5, 0.5, <0.5		WH/1.5	
	PPR 15.0'-16.5': <0.5, <0.5, 0.5		15 WH/1.5	
	PPR 17.5'-19.0': 0.5, 0.5, 0.5		WH/1.5	
	PPR 20.0'-21.5': 0.5, 0.5, 0.5		20 WH/1.5	
	PPR 22.5'-24.0': 0.5, <0.5, 0.5		WH/1.5	
	PPR 25.0'-26.5': <0.5, <0.5, 0.5		25 WH/1.5	
	PPR 27.5'-29.0': 0.5, 0.5, <0.5		WH/1.5	
	PPR 30.0'-31.5': 0.5, 0.5, 0.5		30 WH/1.5	
32.00	Wet, dk. gray, silty fine SAND (SM/SC) PPR 32.5'-34.0': <0.5, <0.5, 0.5		WH/1.5	
34.50	Wet, dk. gray, silty fine SAND w/tr. shells (SM) PPR 35.0'-36.5': 0.5, 0.5, <0.5		35 WH/1.5	
37.00	Wet, dk. gray, clayey fine SAND w/tr. shells (SC) PPR 37.5'-39.0': <0.5, <0.5, <0.5		1-1/1.0	
39.50	V. moist, v. dk. gray, silty fine SAND (SM) PPR 40.0'-41.5': <0.5, <0.5, <0.5		40 1-1-1	
41.50	BOTTOM OF HOLE			
	Depth of bay water @ start of boring 10.4' @ 0835 Hrs. Depth of bay water @ completion 10.9' @ 1100 Hrs.		45	

GEO-2 JAMESISL.GPJ 12/21/04 10:03

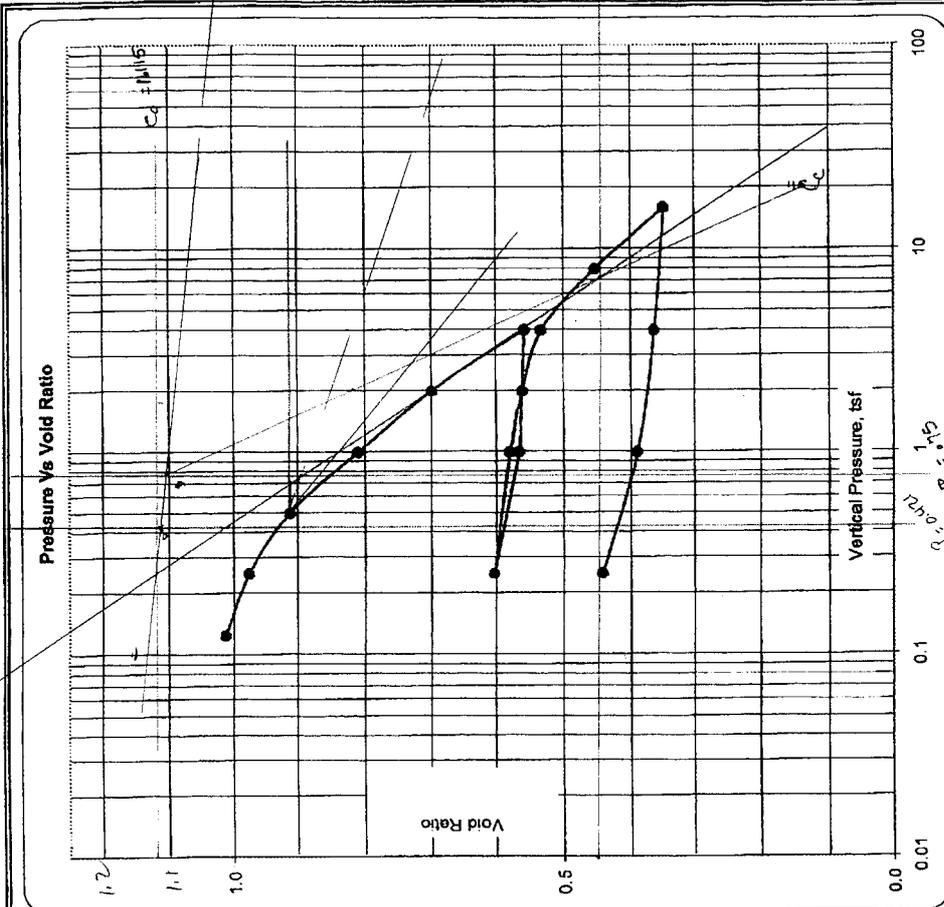
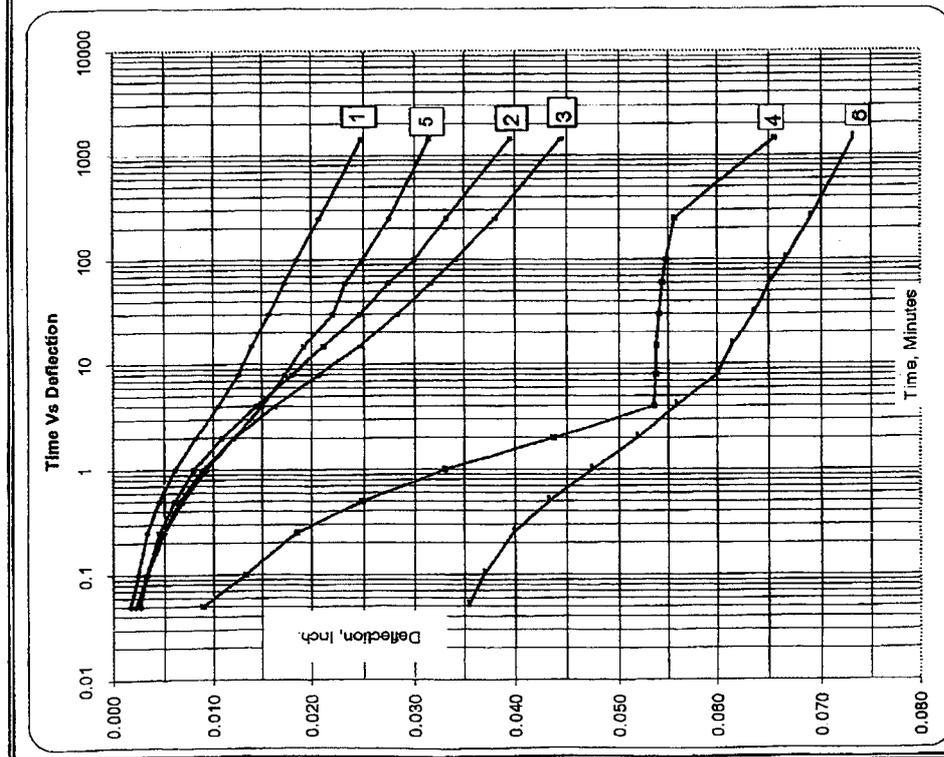
JB-204
 GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

- P - indicates pressed shelly tube sample obtained from an additional boring.
- Fill
 - Auger
 - SPT
 - RB
 - Cored
 - 300 lb
 - Tubex
 - Hand
 - Fish Tail
 - Vibra Core
 - Water Jet
 - Odex

$A_{e0} = 0.446$

JB-204
 $h_w = 5.6'$
 $h_c = 28.5'$
 clay 4'-32'



One-Dimensional Consolidation Test (ASTM-D-2435)

Curve No.	Pressure, TSF	C_v , cm ² /sec	T_{50} , Min.	T_{90} , Min.	Description of Specimen:
1	0.126	2.0E-03	1.8	7.8	Nat. Water Content (%) 44.800 (From Trims.)
2	0.25	3.5E-03	1	4.4	Liquid Limit (%) 101.000 (From Trims.)
3	0.6	2.8E-03	1.2	5.3	Plastic Limit (%) 31.0 (From Trims.)
4	1	2.7E-03	1.2	5.3	Plastic Index (%) 70.000 (From Trims.)
5	2	1.5E-03	2.1	9.0	Specific Gravity 2.6 (From Trims.)
6	4	2.8E-03	1	4.4	Preconsolidation Stress, P_p (tsf) 2.490
7	8	4.8E-03	0.6	2.6	Existing Overburden Stress, P_o (tsf) 0.850
8	16	4.3E-03	0.6	2.6	Test Specimen Properties
					Diameter, inch. 0.75
					Initial And Final Thickness, inch. 0.421
					Initial And Final Water Content (%) 115.8
					Initial And Final Void Ratio 1.115
					Initial And Final Saturation (%) 85.2
					Unit Dry Weight (pcf) 78.1

Project No.	2004G877
Project Name	James Island
Boring No.	DH-204A
Sample No.	JB-204
Depth, ft.	15.0-17.0
Tested By	TV
Reviewed By	KAN
Date	04-Nov-04
File No.	2004877Con-204A

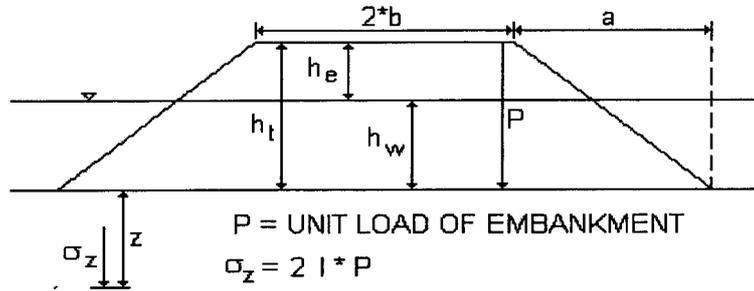
GeoSystems Consultants

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (JB-204)

CALCULATED BY: SKC
DATE: 1/7/2005

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure (psf)	Preconsolidation Pressure (psf)	Pressure Change (psf)	Final Pressure (psf)	Recompression Index c_r	Compression Index c_c	Initial Void Ratio e_o	Rebound Curve $C_{\epsilon r}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon c}$	Vertical Strain ϵ_z^*	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	Average	P_o	P_p	Δp	P_f	c_r	c_c	e_o	$C_{\epsilon r}$	$C_{\epsilon c}$	ϵ_z^*	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
4	8	6	315.6	974	3913.06	4228.66	0.035	0.68	1.115	0.016548	0.321513	0.2131	10.23
8	12	10	526	1184.4	3913.06	4439.06	0.035	0.68	1.115	0.016548	0.321513	0.1903	9.14
12	16	14	736.4	1394.8	3819.15	4555.55	0.035	0.68	1.115	0.016548	0.321513	0.1699	8.15
16	20	18	946.8	1605.2	3795.67	4742.47	0.035	0.68	1.115	0.016548	0.321513	0.1551	7.44
20	24	22	1157.2	1815.6	3639.15	4796.35	0.035	0.68	1.115	0.016548	0.321513	0.1389	6.67
24	28	26	1367.6	2026	3560.88	4928.48	0.035	0.68	1.115	0.016548	0.321513	0.1270	6.09
28	32	30	1578	2236.4	3482.62	5060.62	0.035	0.68	1.115	0.016548	0.321513	0.1165	5.59
												Total Settlement:	53.31

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from JB-204



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 5.6$ $h_e = 28.5$ $h_t = 34.1$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 3913.06$																																																												
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">a/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">b/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">I</th> <th style="width: 10%;">2 I</th> <th style="width: 10%;">σ_z = 2 I * P</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>6.0</td><td>17.050</td><td>1.667</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>3913.06</td></tr> <tr><td>10.0</td><td>10.230</td><td>1.000</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>3913.06</td></tr> <tr><td>14.0</td><td>7.307</td><td>0.714</td><td>0.488</td><td>0.976</td><td>3819.15</td></tr> <tr><td>18.0</td><td>5.683</td><td>0.556</td><td>0.485</td><td>0.970</td><td>3795.67</td></tr> <tr><td>22.0</td><td>4.650</td><td>0.455</td><td>0.465</td><td>0.930</td><td>3639.15</td></tr> <tr><td>26.0</td><td>3.935</td><td>0.385</td><td>0.455</td><td>0.910</td><td>3560.88</td></tr> <tr><td>30.0</td><td>3.410</td><td>0.333</td><td>0.445</td><td>0.890</td><td>3482.62</td></tr> <tr><td>34.0</td><td>3.009</td><td>0.294</td><td>0.435</td><td>0.870</td><td>3404.36</td></tr> <tr><td>38.0</td><td>2.692</td><td>0.263</td><td>0.425</td><td>0.850</td><td>3326.10</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		z	a/z	b/z	I	2 I	σ _z = 2 I * P	6.0	17.050	1.667	0.500	1.000	3913.06	10.0	10.230	1.000	0.500	1.000	3913.06	14.0	7.307	0.714	0.488	0.976	3819.15	18.0	5.683	0.556	0.485	0.970	3795.67	22.0	4.650	0.455	0.465	0.930	3639.15	26.0	3.935	0.385	0.455	0.910	3560.88	30.0	3.410	0.333	0.445	0.890	3482.62	34.0	3.009	0.294	0.435	0.870	3404.36	38.0	2.692	0.263	0.425	0.850	3326.10
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h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

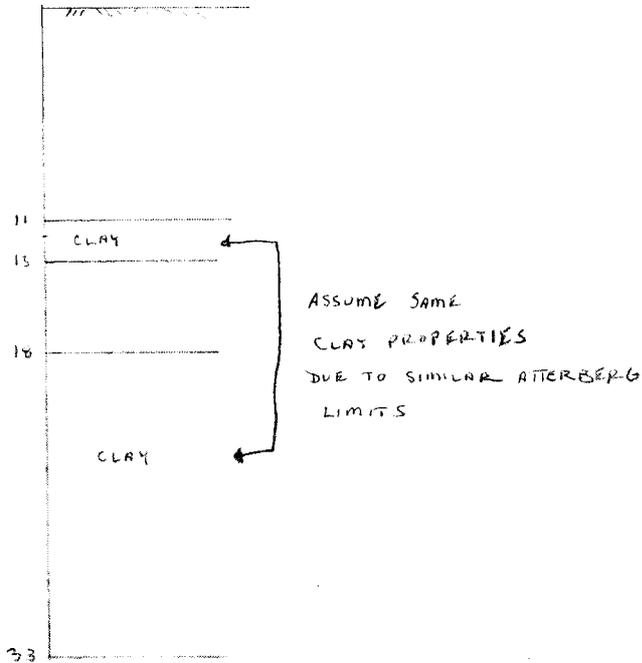
SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS FOR DH-212

ASSUME A DIKE SECTION TO VARYING ELEVATIONS (+10, +10.5, +11.0, +11.5, +12.0) WITH SIDESLOPES OF 3H:1V AND A CREST WIDTH OF 20 FEET. DEPTH OF WATER IS ASSUMED TO BE 7 FEET AT MLLW. USE EXTREME LOW TIDE OF -3.5 MLLW TO COMPUTE STRESS CHANGES FROM DIKE.

A CONSOLIDATION TEST WAS PERFORMED ON A CLAY SAMPLE OBTAINED FROM A DEPTH OF 18'-20'. CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS SHOW A C_c OF .90 (FROM CORRECTED CURVE) AND A C_p OF .11. A PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE OF 1.91 TSF (3820 psf) WAS DETERMINED FROM THE $e-\log p$ CURVE.

OVERBURDEN PRESSURE, $P_0 = (120 - 62.4)(19) = 1094.4 \text{ psf}$

$OCR = 3820 / 1094 = 3.49$ (DUE TO JAMES ISLAND PREVIOUSLY EXISTING AT THIS LOCATION)



ASSUMED COMPRESSIBLE LAYER END AT 33' DEPTH BELOW MUDLINE. ASSUMPTION REQUIRED DUE TO BORING STOPPING IN CLAY AT 26.5' DEPTH.

ESTIMATED CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT RANGES FROM 2.5"-3.0" (SEE ATTACHED SPREADSHEETS)

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-143 200 SHEETS



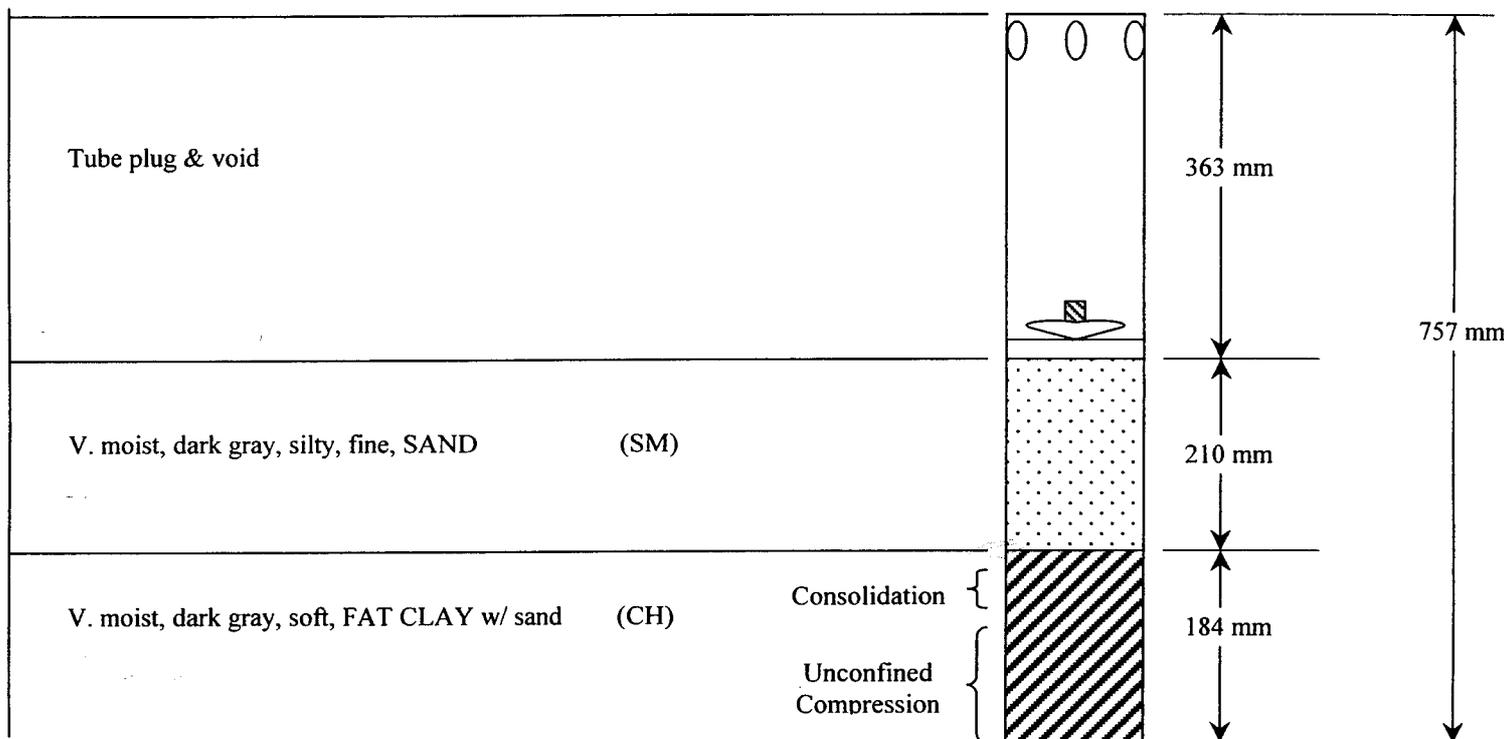
TUBE CLASSIFICATION

ASTM D2487

PROJECT: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
James Island
AREA: Dorchester County, MD

DATE: Nov 2004

Hole No.	Sample No.	Depth (ft)
DH-212A	Shelby-1	18.0-20.0



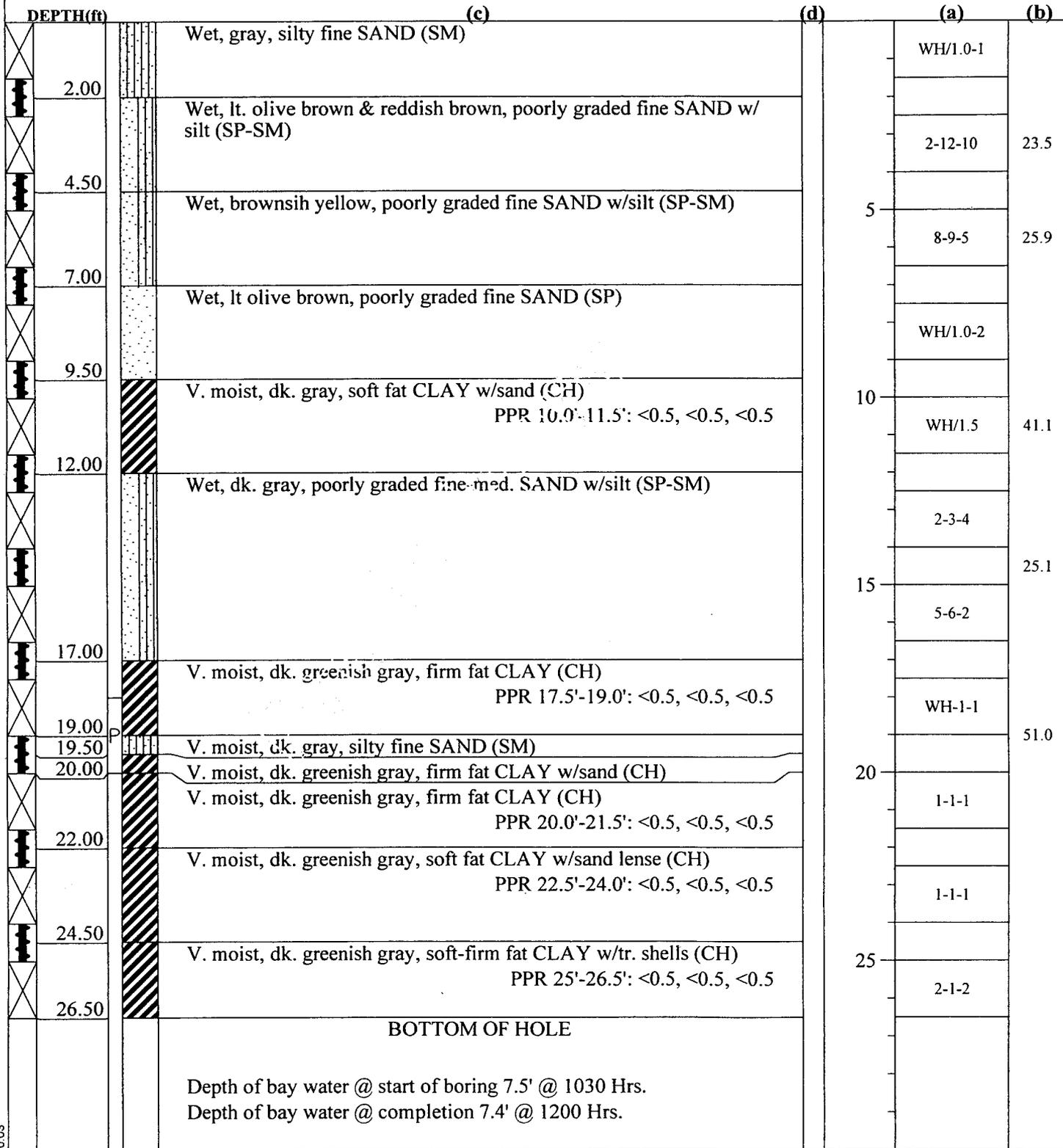
STA.
 OFFSET:
 TOP ELEV.:

MID-BAY ISLAND FEASIBILITY STUDY
 JAMES ISLAND, DORCHESTER COUNTY, MD

N 310611.29
 E 1500708.18
 COMPLETED: September 16, 2004

JB-212

1 of 1



GEO-2 JAMESISL.GPJ 12/21/04 10:03

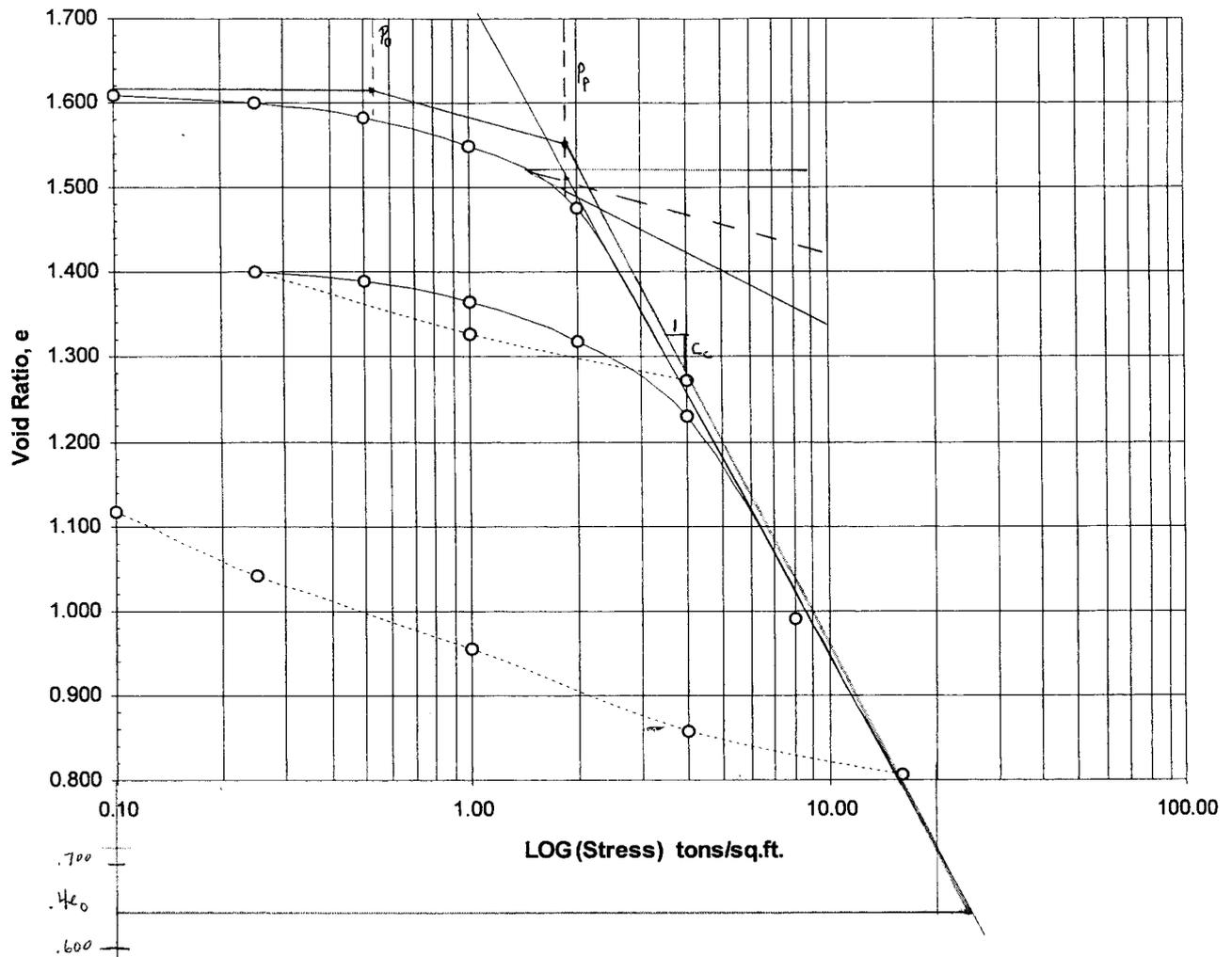
JB-212
 GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

P - indicates pressed shelby tube sample obtained from an additional boring.

Fill	Auger	SPT	RB
Cored	300 lb	Tubex	Hand
Fish Tail	Vibra Core	Water Jet	Odex

152 - .72 = .80



Type of Specimen:		Undisturbed		Before Test		After Test		
Diameter=	2.50 in.	Height=	0.75 in.	Water Content, %	w_o	56.9	w_f	42.4
Overburden Pressure, p_o	= .547 tons/sq.ft.	Void Ratio		e_o	1.615	e_f	1.171	
Preconsol. Pressure, p_c	= 1.91 tons/sq.ft.	Saturation, %		S_o	97.2	S_f	100.0	
Compression Index, C_c	= 0.776 .80	Dry Density		γ_d	65.8		lbs./cu.ft.	
Classification (ASTM D2487):								Very moist, dark gray, soft, FAT CLAY w/sand. (CH)
LL =	64	PL =	25	PI =	39	G_s =	2.76	
				(ASTM D4318)				
				(ASTM D854)				
Remarks:				PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD				
				Mid-Bay Feasibility Study				
				AREA: James Island				
				Hole No.: JB-212A		Sample No.: Shelby-1		
				Depth (ft.): 18.0-20.0		Date: Dec.2004		
ENG FORM 2090 (Test method: ASTM D2435)				CONSOLIDATION TEST REPORT				

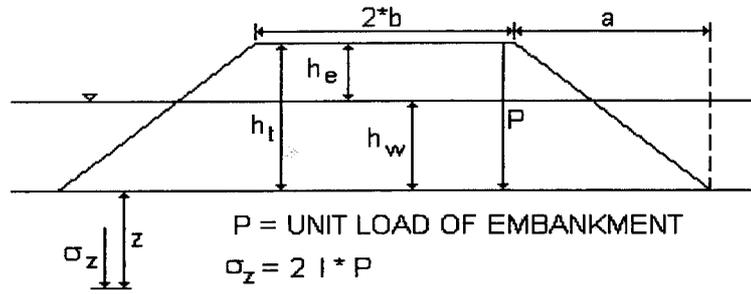
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
 PROJECT: JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-212)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
 DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure (psf)	Preconsolidation Pressure (psf)	Pressure Change (psf)	Final Pressure (psf)	Recompression Index c_r	Compression Index c_c	Initial Void Ratio e_o	Compression Ratio		Vertical Strain ϵ_z^*	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom									Average	Rebound Curve C_{er}		
11	13	2	691.2	3416.8	1830.3	2521.5	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.0236	0.57
18	21	3	1123.2	3848.8	1715.9	2839.1	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.0169	0.61
21	24	3	1296	4021.6	1639.68	2935.68	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.0149	0.54
24	27	3	1468.8	4194.4	1620.61	3089.41	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.0136	0.49
27	30	3	1641.6	4367.2	1563.4	3205	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.0122	0.44
30	33	3	1814.4	4539.1	1487.2	3301.6	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.0109	0.39

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-212

Total Settlement: 2.64



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 3.5$ $h_e = 13.5$ $h_t = 17.0$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 1906.60$																																																																														
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">a/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">b/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">I</th> <th style="width: 10%;">2 I</th> <th style="width: 10%;">σ_z = 2 I * P</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1.5</td><td>34.000</td><td>6.667</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>1906.60</td></tr> <tr><td>4.5</td><td>11.333</td><td>2.222</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>1906.60</td></tr> <tr><td>7.5</td><td>6.800</td><td>1.333</td><td>0.490</td><td>0.980</td><td>1868.47</td></tr> <tr><td>10.5</td><td>4.857</td><td>0.952</td><td>0.485</td><td>0.970</td><td>1849.40</td></tr> <tr><td>12.0</td><td>4.250</td><td>0.833</td><td>0.480</td><td>0.960</td><td>1830.34</td></tr> <tr><td>13.5</td><td>3.778</td><td>0.741</td><td>0.475</td><td>0.950</td><td>1811.27</td></tr> <tr><td>16.5</td><td>3.091</td><td>0.606</td><td>0.460</td><td>0.920</td><td>1754.07</td></tr> <tr><td>19.5</td><td>2.615</td><td>0.513</td><td>0.450</td><td>0.900</td><td>1715.94</td></tr> <tr><td>22.5</td><td>2.267</td><td>0.444</td><td>0.430</td><td>0.860</td><td>1639.68</td></tr> <tr><td>25.5</td><td>2.000</td><td>0.392</td><td>0.425</td><td>0.850</td><td>1620.61</td></tr> <tr><td>28.5</td><td>1.789</td><td>0.351</td><td>0.410</td><td>0.820</td><td>1563.41</td></tr> <tr><td>31.5</td><td>1.619</td><td>0.317</td><td>0.390</td><td>0.780</td><td>1487.15</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		z	a/z	b/z	I	2 I	σ _z = 2 I * P	1.5	34.000	6.667	0.500	1.000	1906.60	4.5	11.333	2.222	0.500	1.000	1906.60	7.5	6.800	1.333	0.490	0.980	1868.47	10.5	4.857	0.952	0.485	0.970	1849.40	12.0	4.250	0.833	0.480	0.960	1830.34	13.5	3.778	0.741	0.475	0.950	1811.27	16.5	3.091	0.606	0.460	0.920	1754.07	19.5	2.615	0.513	0.450	0.900	1715.94	22.5	2.267	0.444	0.430	0.860	1639.68	25.5	2.000	0.392	0.425	0.850	1620.61	28.5	1.789	0.351	0.410	0.820	1563.41	31.5	1.619	0.317	0.390	0.780	1487.15
z	a/z	b/z	I	2 I	σ _z = 2 I * P																																																																										
1.5	34.000	6.667	0.500	1.000	1906.60																																																																										
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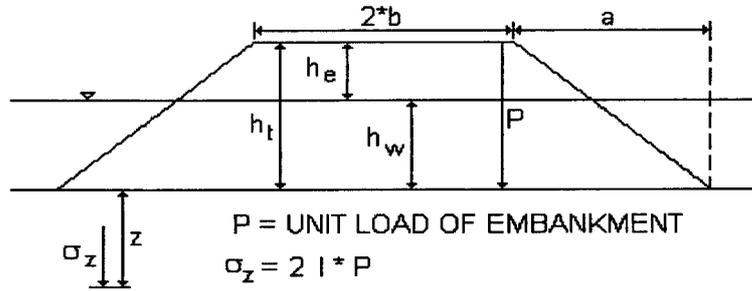
h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-212)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure (psf)	Preconsolidation Pressure (psf)	Pressure Change (psf)	Final Pressure (psf)	Recompression Index c_r	Compression Index c_c	Initial Void Ratio e_o	Rebound Curve $C_{\epsilon r}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon c}$	Vertical Strain ϵz^*	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	H_o	p_o	p_p	Δp	p_f							$\epsilon z \times H_o = DH$
11	13	2	691.2	3416.8	1890.3	2581.5	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0241	0.58
18	21	3	1123.2	3848.8	1772.2	2895.4	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0173	0.62
21	24	3	1296	4021.6	1713.1	3009.1	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0154	0.55
24	27	3	1468.8	4194.4	1673.7	3142.5	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0139	0.50
27	30	3	1641.6	4367.2	1634.4	3276	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0126	0.45
30	33	3	1814.4	4539.1	1555.6	3370	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0113	0.41
											Total Settlement:	2.71	

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-212



Only modify h_w and l , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 3.5$ $h_e = 14.0$ $h_t = 17.5$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 1969.10$
---	--

z	a/z	b/z	l	$2l$	$\sigma_z = 2l * P$
1.5	35.000	6.667	0.500	1.000	1969.10
4.5	11.667	2.222	0.500	1.000	1969.10
7.5	7.000	1.333	0.490	0.980	1929.72
10.5	5.000	0.952	0.485	0.970	1910.03
12.0	4.375	0.833	0.480	0.960	1890.34
13.5	3.889	0.741	0.475	0.950	1870.65
16.5	3.182	0.606	0.465	0.930	1831.26
19.5	2.692	0.513	0.450	0.900	1772.19
22.5	2.333	0.444	0.435	0.870	1713.12
25.5	2.059	0.392	0.425	0.850	1673.74
28.5	1.842	0.351	0.415	0.830	1634.35
31.5	1.667	0.317	0.395	0.790	1555.59

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

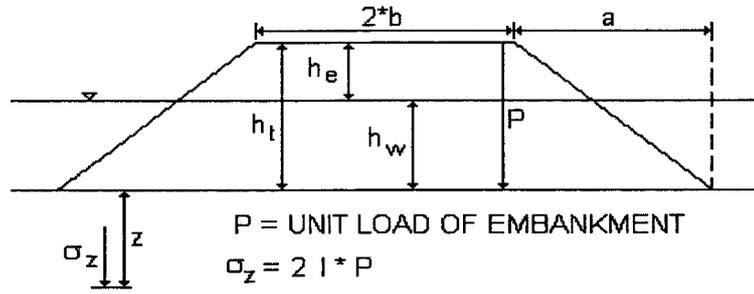
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-212)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio	Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	H_o (ft)	P_o (psf)	P_p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P_f (psf)	c_r	c_c	e_o	Rebound Curve C_{eR}	Virgin Curve C_{eC}	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
11	13	2	691.2	3416.8	1950.3	2641.5	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.59
18	21	3	1123.2	3848.8	1828.4	2951.6	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.64
21	24	3	1296	4021.6	1767.5	3063.5	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.57
24	27	3	1468.8	4194.4	1726.9	3195.7	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.51
27	30	3	1641.6	4367.2	1686.2	3327.8	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.46
30	33	3	1814.4	4539.1	1625.3	3439.7	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.42

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-212

Total Settlement: 2.76



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

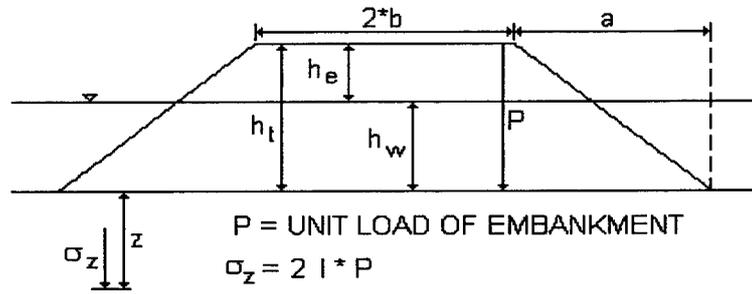
$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 3.5$ $h_e = 14.5$ $h_t = 18.0$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2031.60$				
z	a/z	b/z	I	$2 I$	$\sigma_z = 2 I * P$
1.5	36.000	6.667	0.500	1.000	2031.60
4.5	12.000	2.222	0.500	1.000	2031.60
7.5	7.200	1.333	0.490	0.980	1990.97
10.5	5.143	0.952	0.485	0.970	1970.65
12.0	4.500	0.833	0.480	0.960	1950.34
13.5	4.000	0.741	0.475	0.950	1930.02
16.5	3.273	0.606	0.465	0.930	1889.39
19.5	2.769	0.513	0.450	0.900	1828.44
22.5	2.400	0.444	0.435	0.870	1767.49
25.5	2.118	0.392	0.425	0.850	1726.86
28.5	1.895	0.351	0.415	0.830	1686.23
31.5	1.714	0.317	0.400	0.800	1625.28

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

+11.5

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT												
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-212)												
CALCULATED BY: DEC												
DATE: 12/16/2004												
Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio	Change in Thickness (in)	
Top	Bottom	Average	P_o (psf)	P_p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P_r (psf)	c_r	c_c	e_o	Rebound Curve C_{eR}	Virgin Curve C_{eC}	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
11	13	12	691.2	3416.8	2010.3	2701.5	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0249
18	21	19.5	1123.2	3848.8	1884.7	3007.9	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0180
21	24	22.5	1296	4021.6	1842.8	3138.8	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0162
24	27	25.5	1468.8	4194.4	1800.9	3269.7	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0146
27	30	28.5	1641.6	4367.2	1738.1	3379.7	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0132
30	33	31.5	1814.4	4539.1	1696.2	3510.6	0.11	0.80	1.615	0.042065	0.30593	0.0121
Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-212											Total Settlement: 2.83	

11.5-ft



Only modify h_w and l , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 3.5$ $h_e = 15.0$ $h_t = 18.5$ $b = 10.0$			$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2094.10$		
z	a/z	b/z	l	$2l$	$\sigma_z = 2l * P$
1.5	37.000	6.667	0.500	1.000	2094.10
4.5	12.333	2.222	0.500	1.000	2094.10
7.5	7.400	1.333	0.490	0.980	2052.22
10.5	5.286	0.952	0.485	0.970	2031.28
12.0	4.625	0.833	0.480	0.960	2010.34
13.5	4.111	0.741	0.475	0.950	1989.40
16.5	3.364	0.606	0.465	0.930	1947.51
19.5	2.846	0.513	0.450	0.900	1884.69
22.5	2.467	0.444	0.440	0.880	1842.81
25.5	2.176	0.392	0.430	0.860	1800.93
28.5	1.947	0.351	0.415	0.830	1738.10
31.5	1.762	0.317	0.405	0.810	1696.22

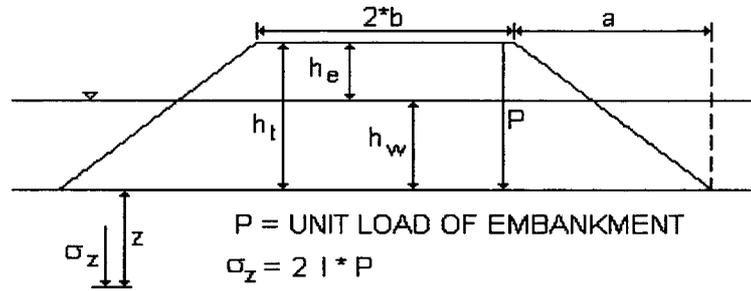
h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-212)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio	Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	Average	p_o (psf)	p_p (psf)	Δp (psf)	p_r (psf)	c_r	c_c	e_o	Rebound Curve C_{er}	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon c}$	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
11	13	12	691.2	3416.8	2070.3	2761.5	0.11	0.8	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.61
18	21	19.5	1123.2	3848.8	1962.5	3085.7	0.11	0.8	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.66
21	24	22.5	1296	4021.6	1897.8	3193.8	0.11	0.8	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.59
24	27	25.5	1468.8	4194.4	1854.7	3323.5	0.11	0.8	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.54
27	30	28.5	1641.6	4367.2	1811.5	3453.1	0.11	0.8	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.49
30	33	31.5	1814.4	4539.1	1746.9	3561.3	0.11	0.8	1.615	0.042065	0.305927	0.44
											Total Settlement:	2.89

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-212



Only modify h_w and l , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 3.5$ $h_e = 15.5$ $h_t = 19.0$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2156.60$				
z	a/z	b/z	l	2l	$\sigma_z = 2 l * P$
1.5	38.000	6.667	0.500	1.000	2156.60
4.5	12.667	2.222	0.500	1.000	2156.60
7.5	7.600	1.333	0.495	0.990	2135.03
10.5	5.429	0.952	0.485	0.970	2091.90
12.0	4.750	0.833	0.480	0.960	2070.34
13.5	4.222	0.741	0.475	0.950	2048.77
16.5	3.455	0.606	0.465	0.930	2005.64
19.5	2.923	0.513	0.455	0.910	1962.51
22.5	2.533	0.444	0.440	0.880	1897.81
25.5	2.235	0.392	0.430	0.860	1854.68
28.5	2.000	0.351	0.420	0.840	1811.54
31.5	1.810	0.317	0.405	0.810	1746.85

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NAD	INSTALLATION BALTIMORE	SHEET # OF 2 SHEETS
1. PROJECT Feasibility Study		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 2 1/4" HSA		
2. LOCATION (Coordinate or Station) James Island, MD		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOW (TBM or MSL)		
3. DRILLING AGENCY CENAB-EN-65E		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL CME45 SKID RIG		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) JB 212		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVER-BURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN	DISTURBED 11	UNDISTURBED 0
5. NAME OF DRILLER ALBERT McNAMARA		14. TOTAL NUMBER CORE BOXES 0		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED _____ DEG. FROM VERT.		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER See Remarks		
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN 26.5'		16. DATE HOLE STARTED 9/16/04 COMPLETED 9/16/04		
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK N/A		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 26.5'		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING %		
		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR <i>Jana J. Andri...</i>		

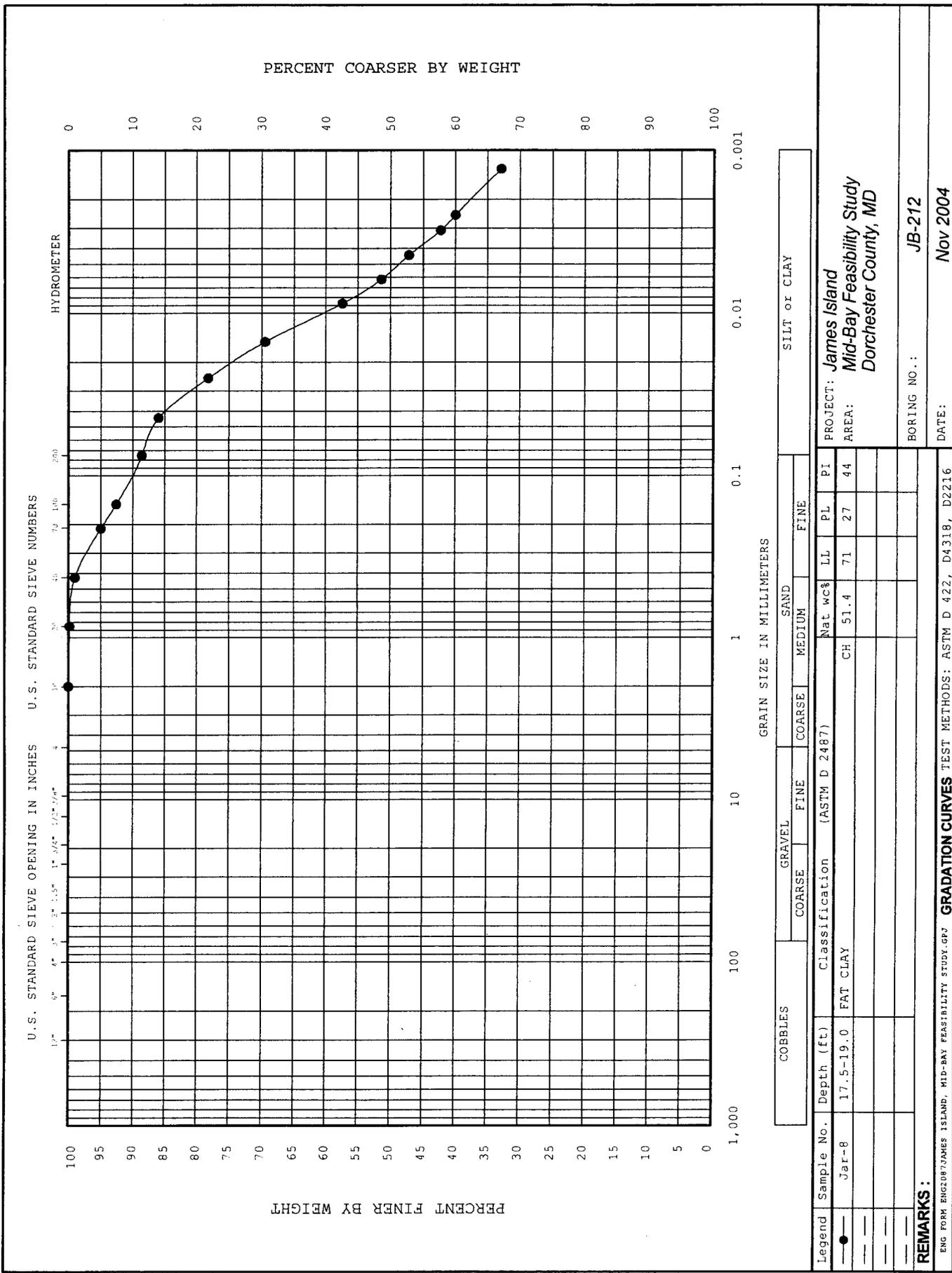
ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description) d	% CORE RECOVERY e	BOX OR SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, depth of weathering, etc., if significant) g
	1		Black and Med. Gray, Wet, Very Fine SAND w/ trace silt and fine shell fragments	73	J-1	Boring was drilled by the CME45 using 2 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers.
	2					Samples were obtained by SPT method (1 1/8" Split Spoon driven 18 inches by an automatic hammer w/a 30 inch drop).
	3		Yellow-Brown, Orange-Brown, and Red-Brown, Wet, Fine SAND	93	J-2	All sample depths are measured from top of sediment.
	4					
	5		Light Orange-Brown, Wet, Fine SAND w/tr. silt	87	J-3	
	6					
	7		Light Brown, Wet, Fine to Very Fine SAND	80	J-4	
	8					
	9					
	10		Same As Above top 1.0' (Not in Jar)			
	11		Med Gray, Moist, Soft, Fat CLAY	100	J-5	
	12		Same As Above top 0.5' (Not in Jar)			
	13		Med Gray and Brown, Wet Fine SAND w/tr. silt	100	J-6	
	14					As Drilled Location: N 38° 31' 03.7" W 76° 20' 29.8"
	15		Med Dark Gray, Wet, Fine SAND	100	J-7	GPS Accuracy: 24.2'
	16					Water Depth @ start (1030): 7.5' hrs
	17					
	18		Med Gray, Wet, Soft Fat CLAY	100	J-8	Water Depth @ completion (1200): 7.4' hrs
	19					

SAMPLES

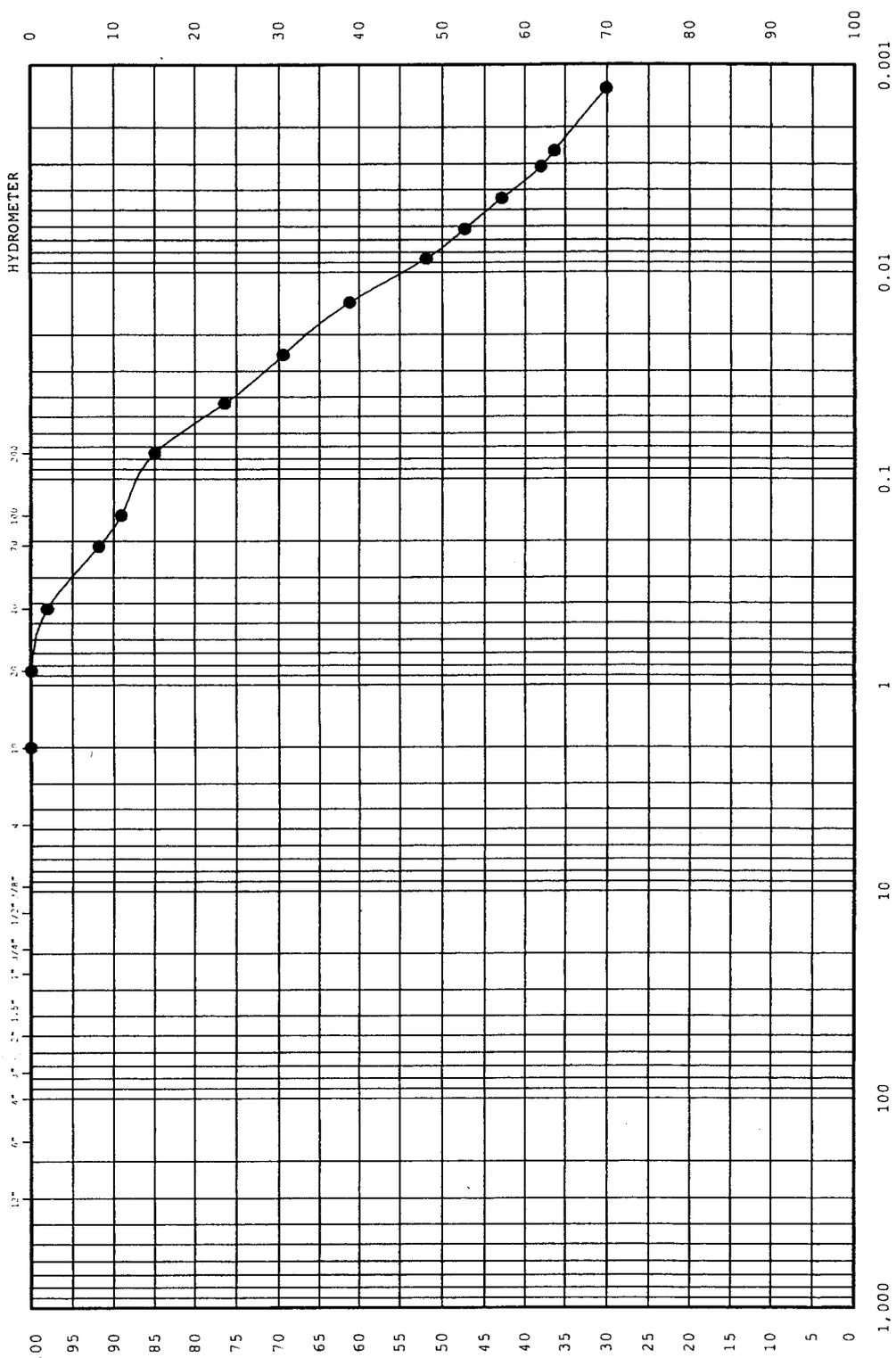
#	Depth	Blow Count	Pen.
J-1	0.0-1.5	WH/1.0-1	N/A
J-2	2.5-4.0	2-12-10	
J-3	5.0-6.5	8-9-5	
J-4	7.5-9.0	WH/1.0-2	
J-5	10.0-11.5	WH/1.5	<0.5, <0.5, <0.5
J-6	12.5-14.0	2-3-4	N/A
J-7	15.0-16.5	5-6-2	
J-8	17.5-19.0	WH-1-1	<0.5, <0.5, <0.5
J-9	20.0-21.5	1-1-1	<0.5, <0.5, <0.5
J-10	22.5-24.0	1-1-1	<0.5, <0.5, <0.5
J-11	25.0-26.5	2-1-2	<0.5, <0.5, <0.5

PRELIMINARY INSPECTOR'S LOG CLASSIFICATION NOT FINAL

ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description) d	% CORE RECOV- ERY e	BOX OR SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, depth of weathering, etc., if significant) g
	21		Med Gray, Wet, Soft, Fat CLAY w/tr. shell fragments	100	J-9	PRELIMINARY INSPECTOR'S LOG CLASSIFICATION NOT FINAL
	22			X	X	
	23		Alternating lenses of Gray, Moist, Soft CLAY and Gray, Wet, Soft Sandy CLAY	100	J-10	
	24			X	X	
	25		Med Gray, Moist, Soft, Fat CLAY w/ trace shell fragments	100	J-11	
	26					
	27		BOH 26.5'			



U.S. STANDARD SIEVE OPENING IN INCHES U.S. STANDARD SIEVE NUMBERS



PERCENT COARSER BY WEIGHT

HYDROMETER

GRAVEL		SAND			SILT or CLAY		
COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE			

Legend	Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Classification (ASTM D 2487)	Nat w%	LL	PL	PI
●	Shelby-1	18.0-20.0	FAT CLAY with SAND	CH 51.0	64	25	39
—							
—							
—							

PROJECT: James Island
 Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
 AREA: Dorchester County, MD

BORING NO.: JB-212A
 DATE: Nov 2004

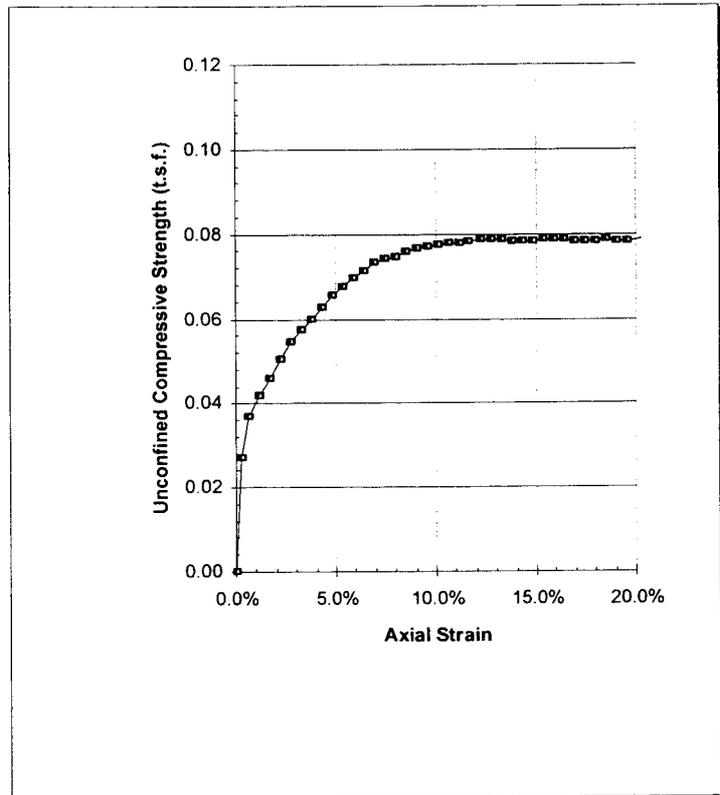
REMARKS:
 ENG FORM ENG2007JAMES ISLAND, MID-BAY FEASIBILITY STUDY.GPJ

TEST METHODS: ASTM D 422, D4318, D2216

GRADATION CURVES

UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST

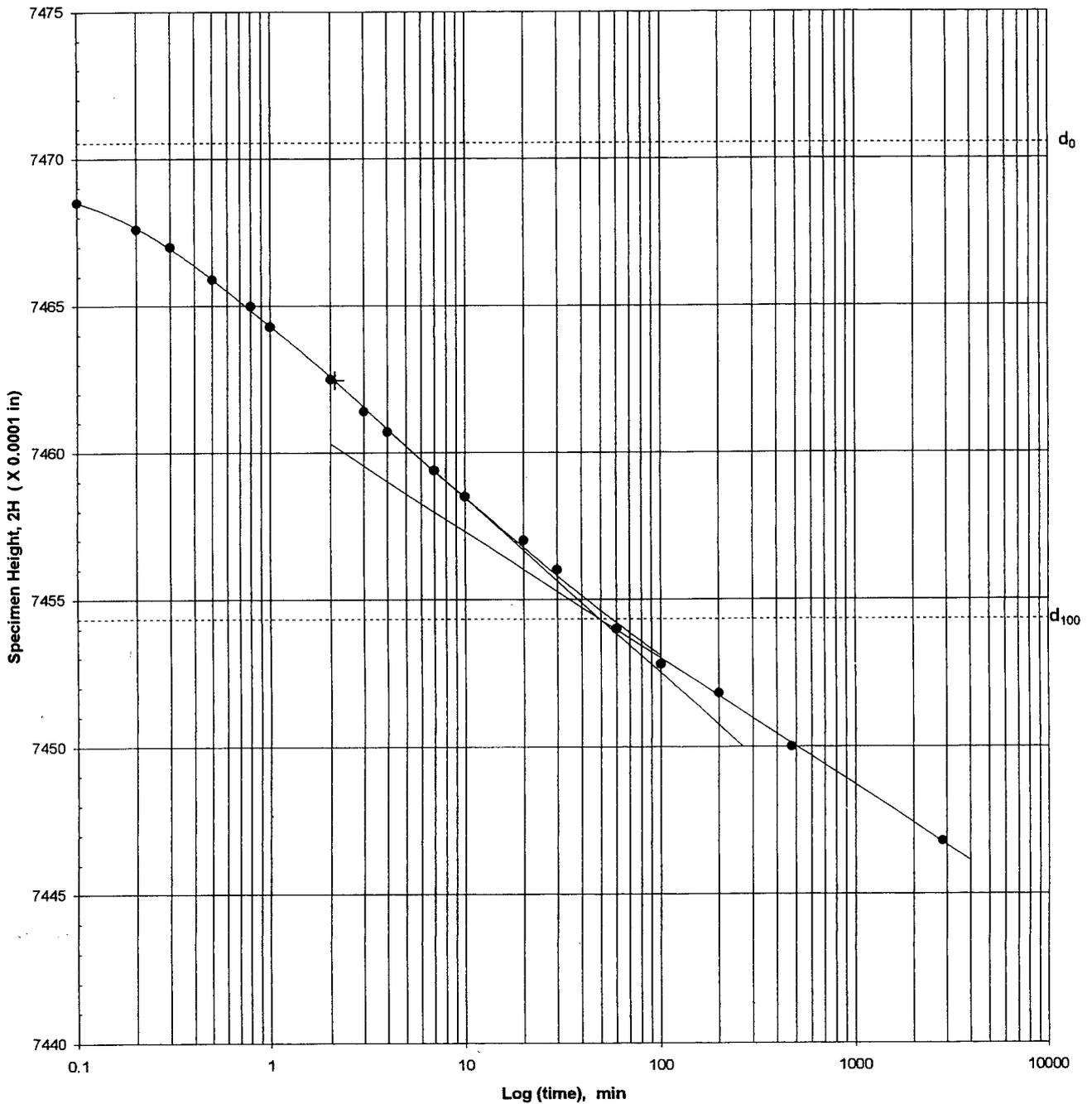
FAILURE SKETCHES



CONTROLLED STRAIN

TEST NO.	1	2	3	4
TYPE OF SPECIMEN	Undisturbed			
WATER CONTENT, %	w_o 52.4			
VOID RATIO	e_o 1.262			
SATURATION, %	S_o 100+			
DRY UNIT WEIGHT, LB./CU.FT.	γ_d 70.4			
TIME TO FAILURE, MIN.	t_f -----			
UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, TSF	q_u 0.08			
UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH, TSF	s_u 0.04			
SENSITIVITY RATIO	S_t -----			
INITIAL SPECIMEN DIAMETER, IN.	D_o 2.84			
INITIAL SPECIMEN HEIGHT, IN.	H_o 6.00			
CLASSIFICATION: (ASTM D2487)				
V. moist, dk gray, soft, FAT CLAY w/ sand (CH)				
LL= 64	PL= 25	PI= 39 (ASTM D4318)	G_s = 2.55 (ASTM D854)	
REMARKS:	PROJECT: James Island			
	Mid-Bay Feasibility Study			
	AREA: Dorchester County, MD			
	Hole No.: DH-212A	Sample No.: Shelby-1		
	Depth (ft.): 18.0-20.0	Date: Dec.2004		
ENG FORM 3659 (Test method: ASTM D2166)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST REPORT			

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

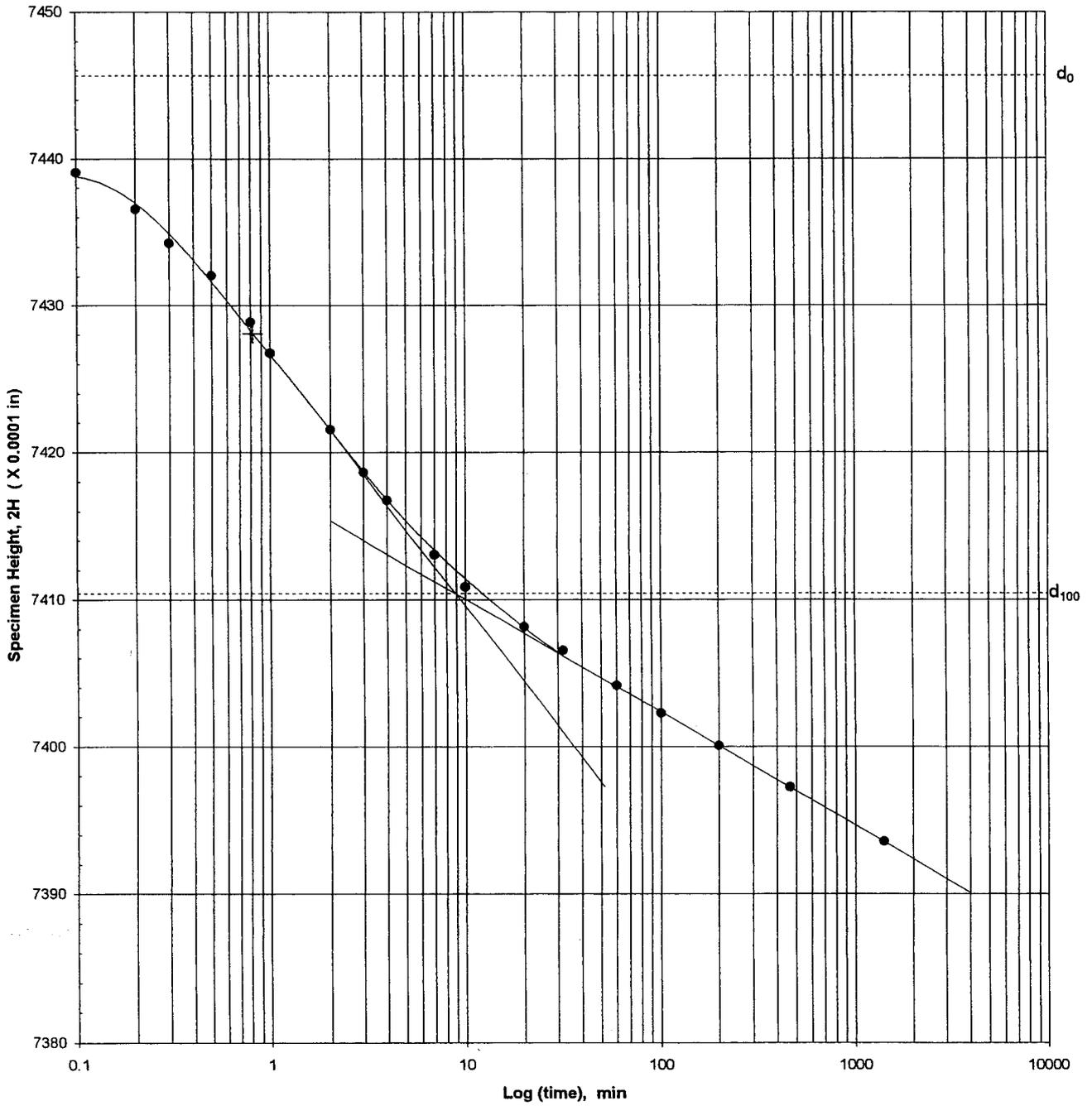
Normal Stress = **0.25** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = 2.1 min
H = 0.3731 in
c_v = 2.17 X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-212A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
18.0-20.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

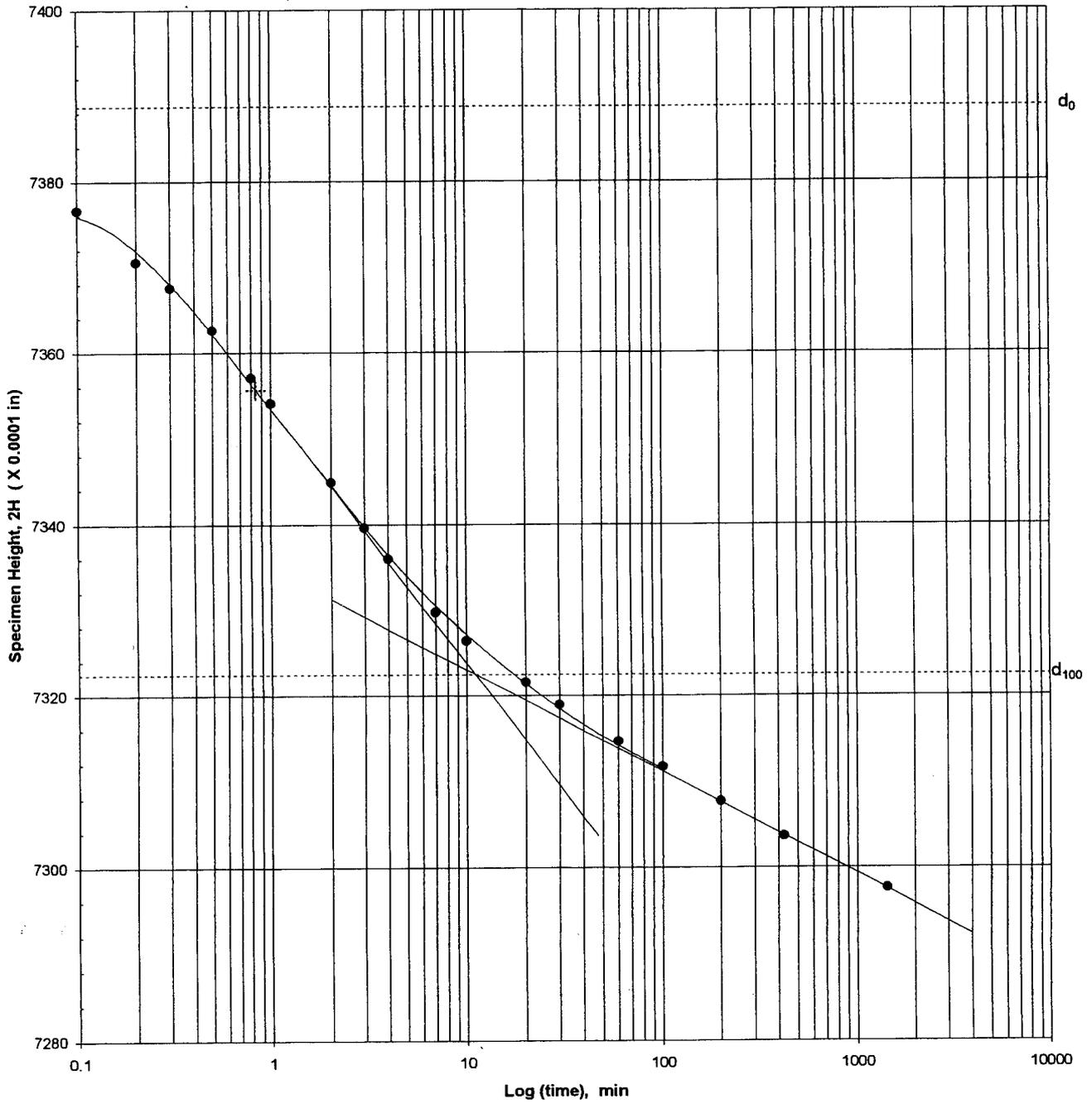
Normal Stress = **0.50** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **0.82** min
H = **0.3714** in
c_v = **5.50** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-212A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
18.0-20.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **1.0** tons/ft²
 t₅₀ = **0.84** min
 H = **0.3678** in
 c_v = **5.26 X 10⁻⁴** in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-212A

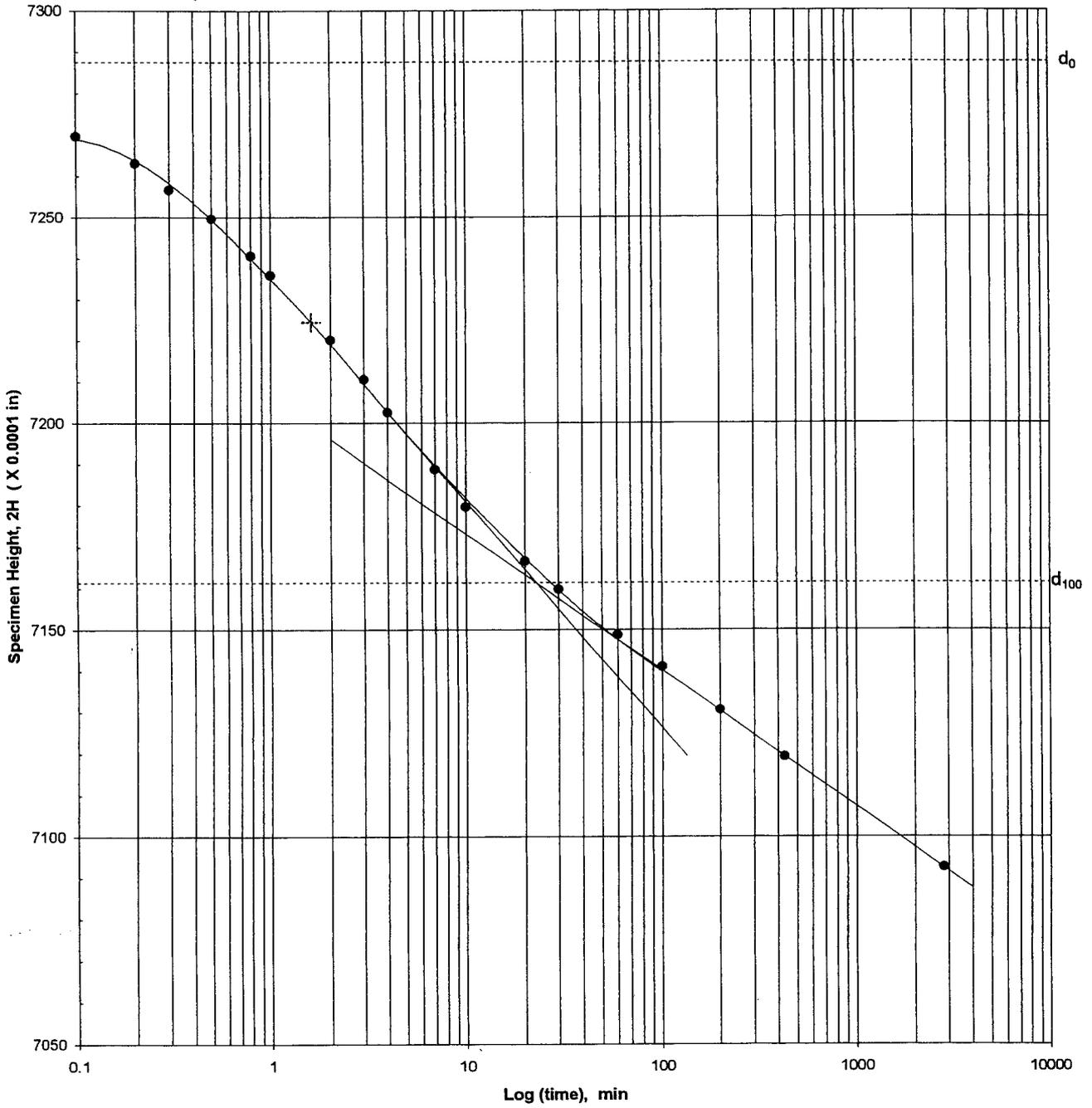
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

18.0-20.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **2.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **1.59** min
H = **0.3612** in
c_v = **2.68** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-212A

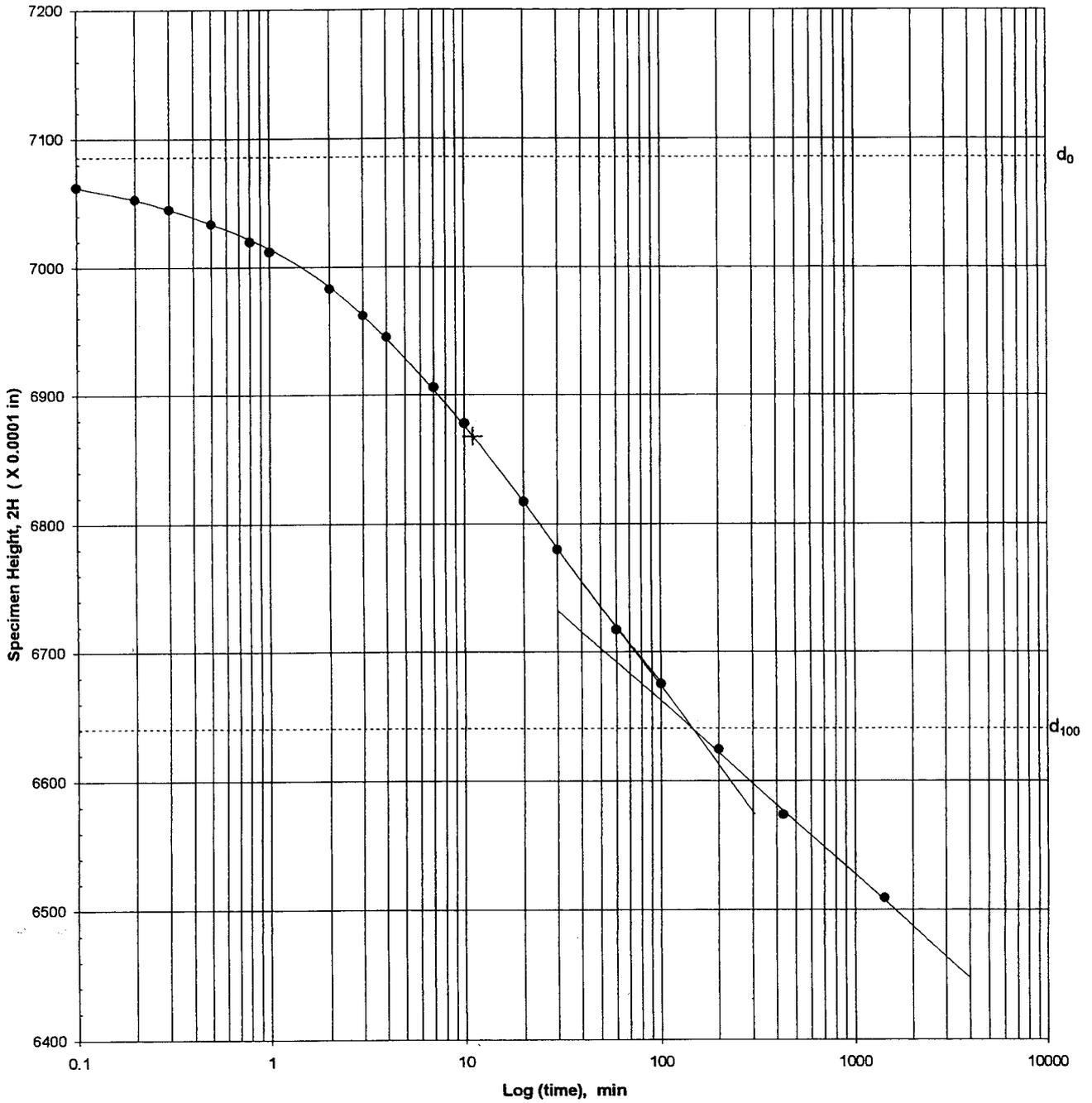
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

18.0-20.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

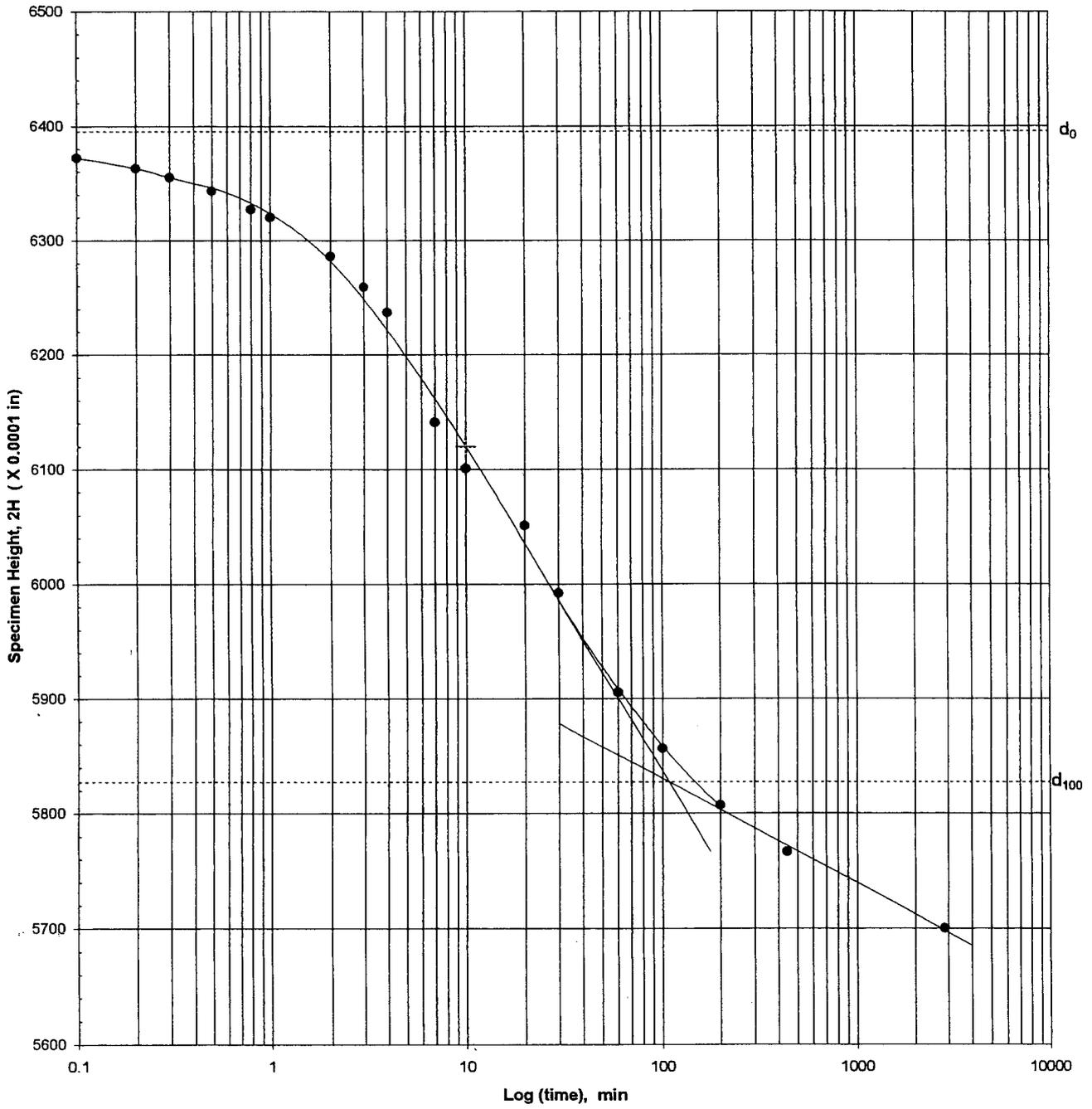
Normal Stress = **4.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **11** min
H = **0.3431** in
c_v = **3.50** X 10⁻⁵ in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-212A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
18.0-20.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **8.0** tons/ft²
 t₅₀ = **10** min
 H = **0.3056** in
 c_v = **3.05 X 10⁻⁵** in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-212A

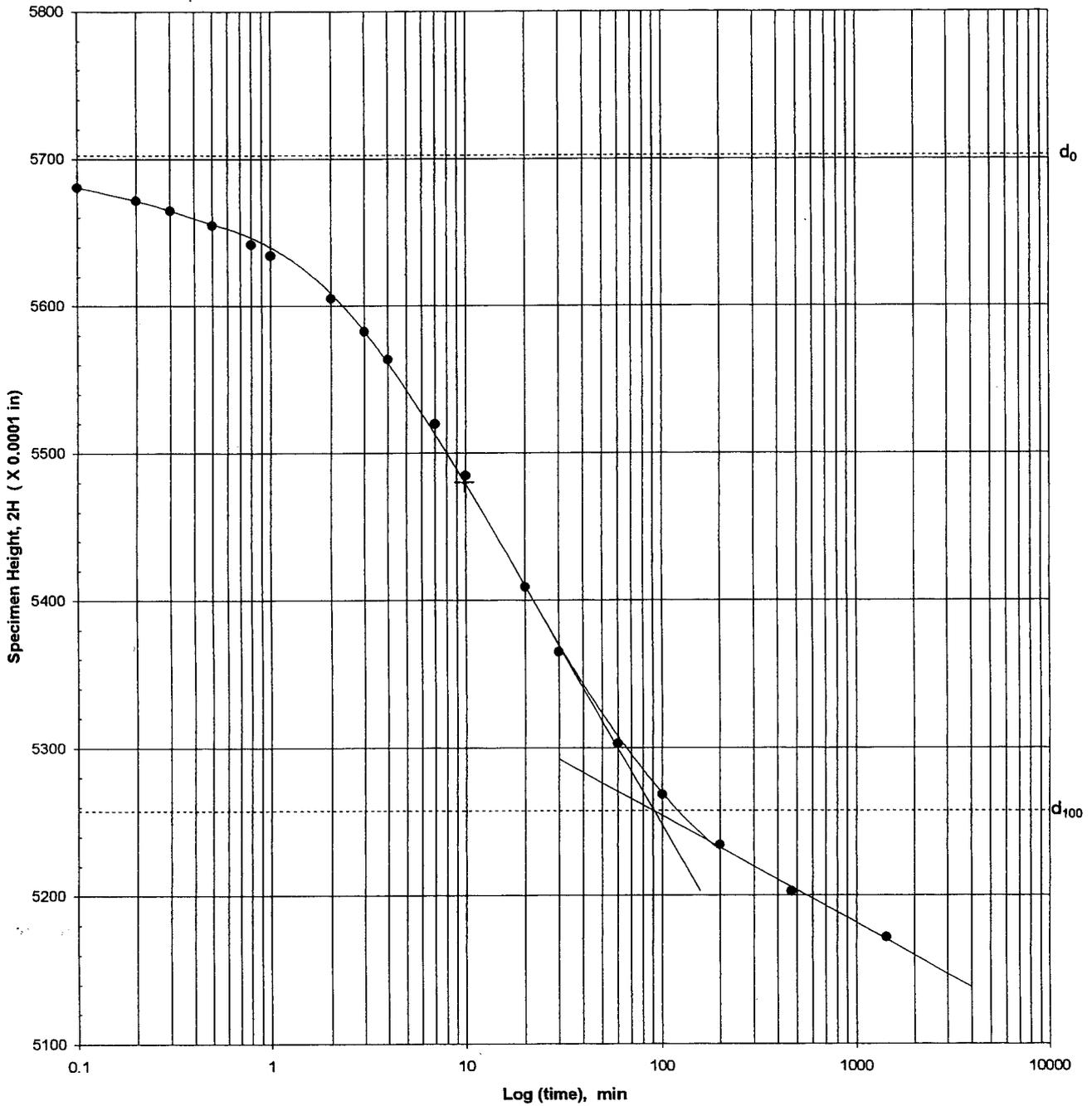
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

18.0-20.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **16.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **9.86** min
H = **0.2740** in
c_v = **2.49** X 10⁻⁵ in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-212A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
18.0-20.0

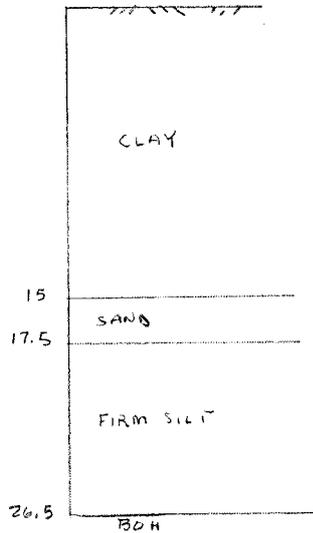
SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS FOR DH-215

ASSUME A DIKE SECTION TO VARYING ELEVATIONS ($H_1, H_{1.5}, H_2, H_{1.5}, H_2$) WITH SIDESLOPES OF 3H:1V AND A CREST WIDTH OF 20 FEET. DEPTH OF WATER IS ASSUMED TO BE 44 FEET AT MLLW. USE EXTREME LOW TIDE OF -3.5 MLLW TO COMPUTE STRESS CHANGES FROM DIKE.

A CONSOLIDATION TEST WAS PERFORMED ON A CLAY SAMPLE OBTAINED FROM A DEPTH OF 9'-11'. CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS SHOW A C_c OF 0.116 (FROM CORRECTED CURVE) AND A C_r OF .014. A PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE OF 1.1 TSF (2200 psf) WAS DETERMINED FROM THE $e-\log p$ CURVE.

OVERBURDEN PRESSURE, $P_0 = (120 - 62.4)(16) = 576 \text{ psf}$

$OCR = 2200/576 = 3.82$ (DUE TO JAMES ISLAND PREVIOUSLY EXISTING AT THIS LOCATION)



ASSUMED COMPRESSIBLE LAYER: 15-FT IN THICKNESS.

ESTIMATED CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT RANGES FROM 1.5'-2.0'

(SEE ATTACHED SPREADSHEETS)

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS



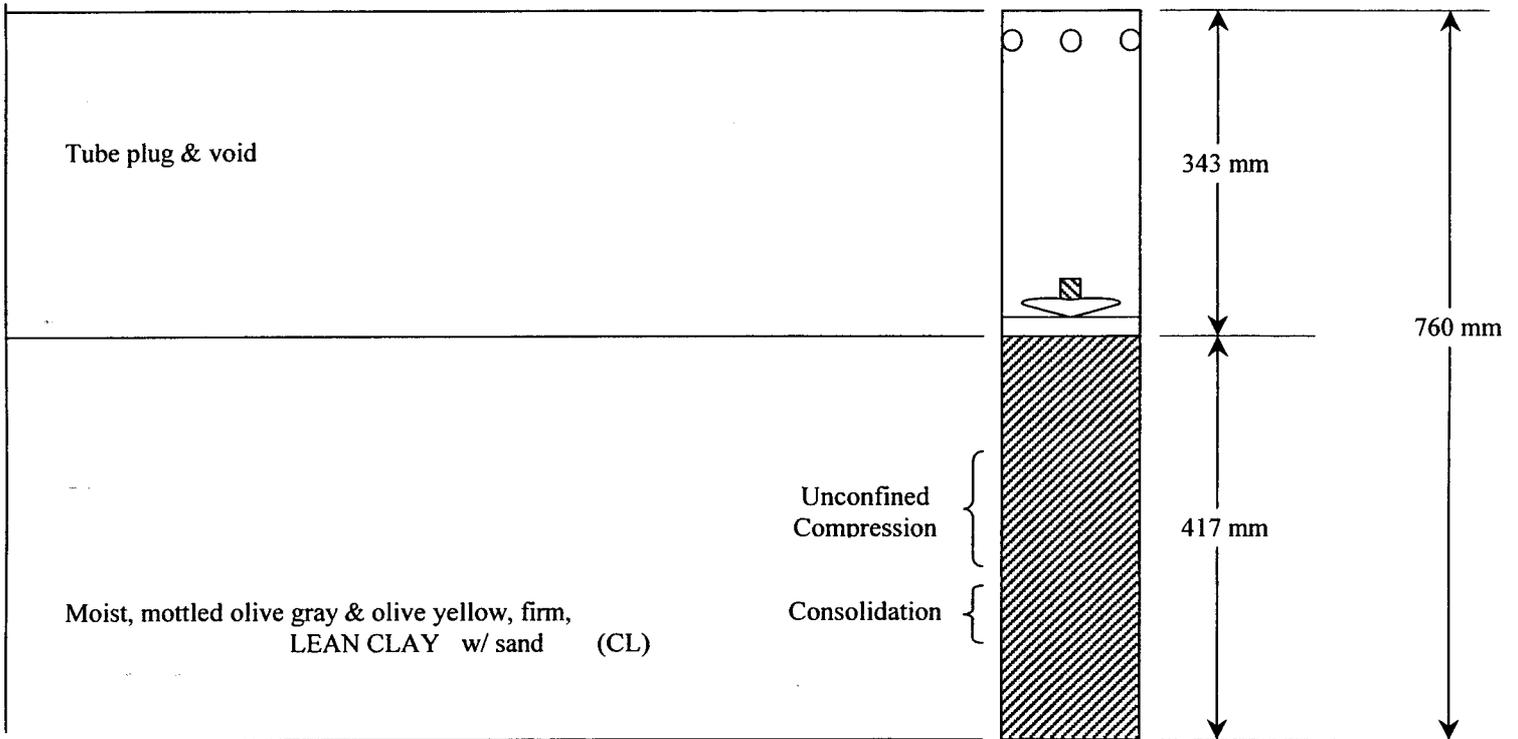
TUBE CLASSIFICATION

ASTM D2487

PROJECT: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
James Island
AREA: Dorchester County, MD

DATE: Nov 2004

Hole No.	Sample No.	Depth (ft)
DH-215A	Shelby-1	9.0-11.0

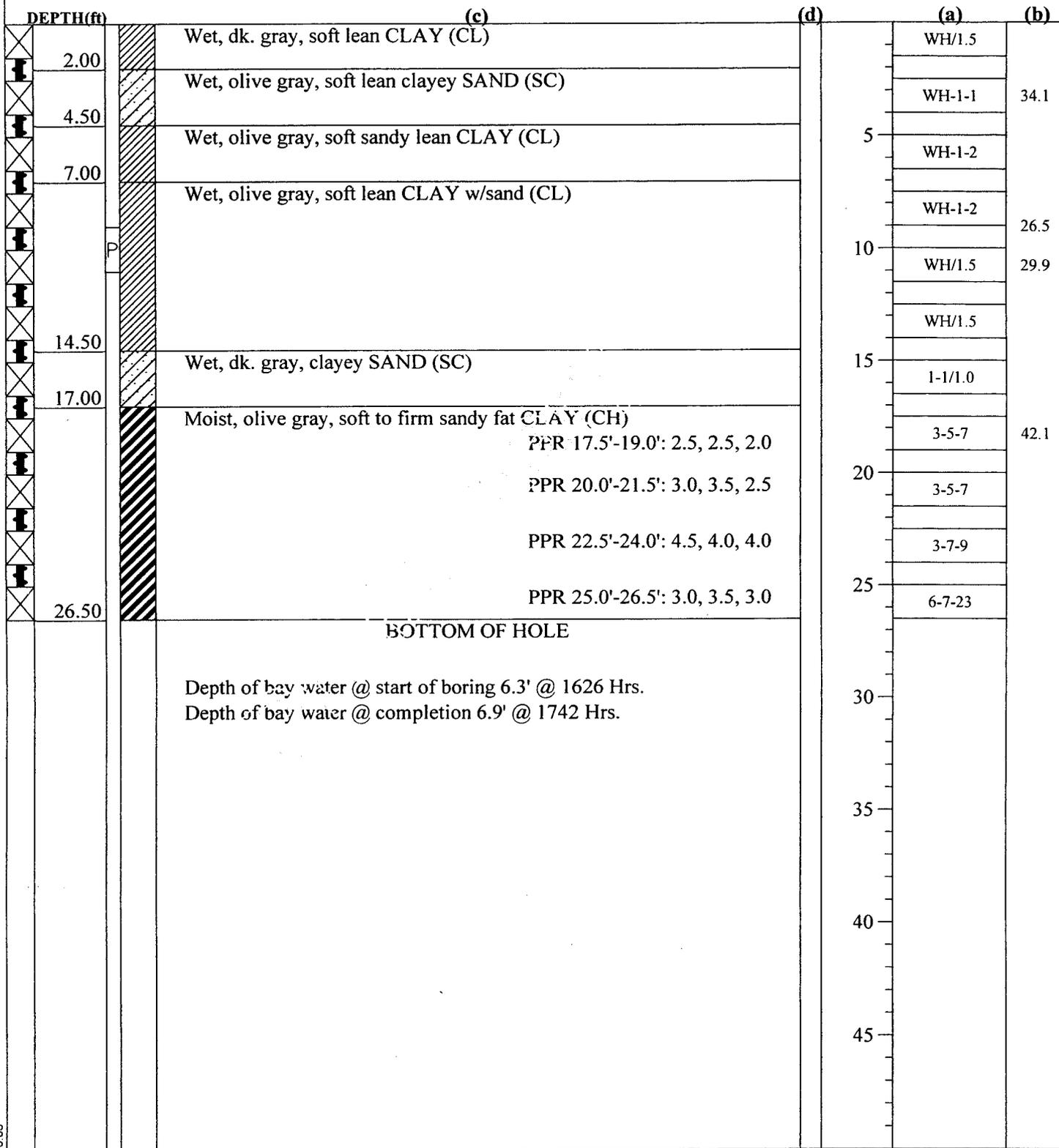


STA.
 OFFSET:
 TOP ELEV:

MID-BAY ISLAND FEASIBILITY STUDY
 JAMES ISLAND, DORCHESTER COUNTY, MD

N 305713.99
 E 1500576.56
 COMPLETED: September 20, 2004

JB-215
 1 of 1

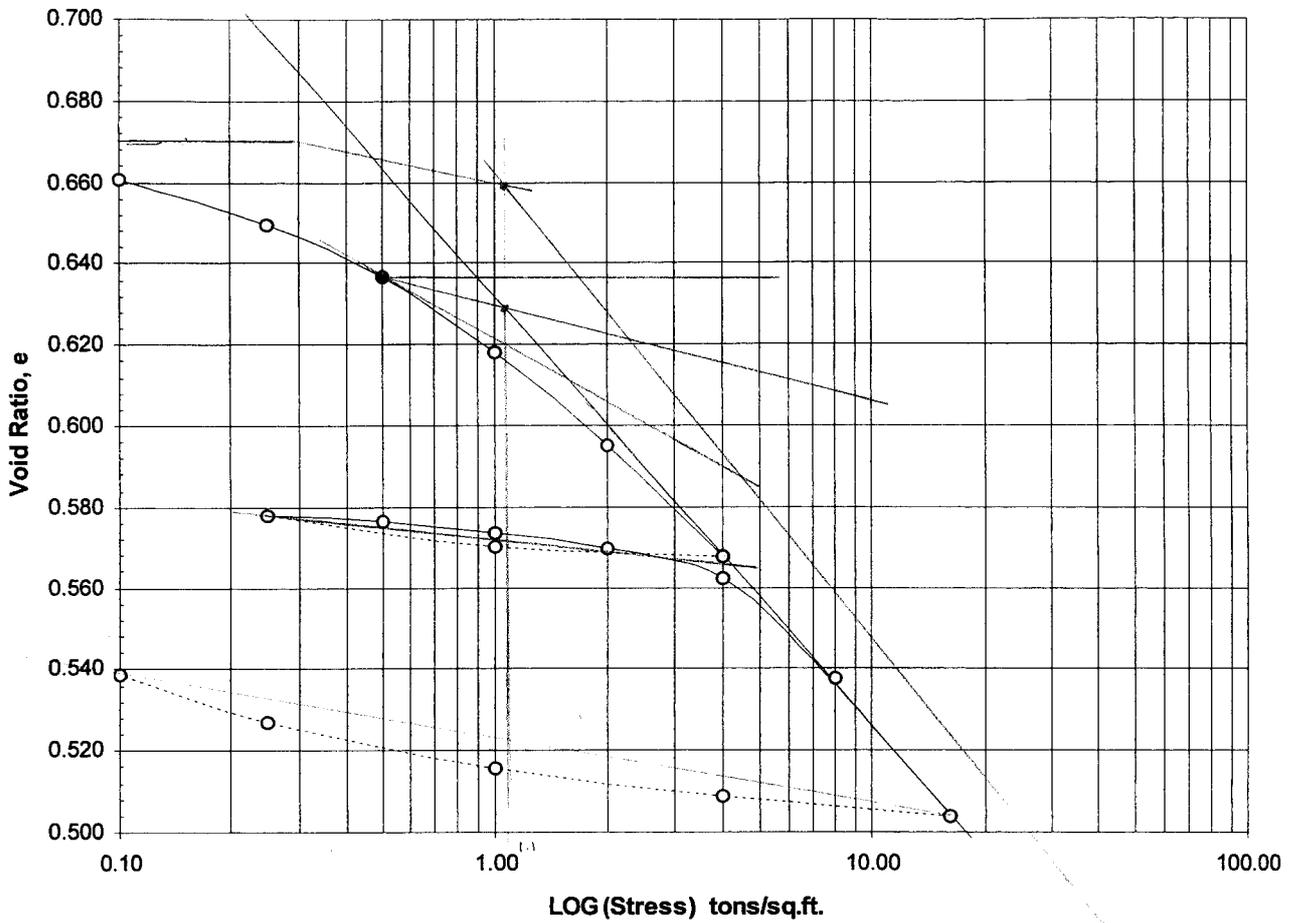


GEO-2 JAMESISL.GPJ 12/21/04 10:03

JB-215
 GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

- P - indicates pressed shelby tube sample obtained from an additional boring.
- Fill
 - Auger
 - SPT
 - RB
 - Cored
 - 300 lb
 - Tubex
 - Hand
 - Fish Tail
 - Vibra Core
 - Water Jet
 - Odex



Type of Specimen: Undisturbed		Before Test		After Test	
Diameter= 2.50 in.	Height= 0.75 in.	Water Content, %	w_o = 24.0	w_f = 20.0	
Overburden Pressure, p_o = <i>0.288</i> tons/sq.ft.		Void Ratio	e_o = 0.670	e_f = 0.551	
Preconsol. Pressure, p_c = <i>1.1</i> tons/sq.ft.		Saturation, %	S_o = 98.5	S_f = 100.0	
Compression Index, C_c = 0.406 <i>0.116</i>		Dry Density	γ_d = 102.8	lbs./cu.ft.	
Classification (ASTM D2487): Moist, mottled olive gray & olive yellow, firm, LEAN CLAY w/sand. (CL)					
LL = 29	PL = 18	PI = 11	(ASTM D4318)	G_s = 2.75	(ASTM D854)
Remarks:		PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD			
		Mid-Bay Feasibility Study			
		AREA: James Island			
		Hole No.: JB-215A	Sample No.: Shelby-1		
		Depth (ft.): 9.0-11.0	Date: Dec.2004		
ENG FORM 2090 (Test method: ASTM D2435)		CONSOLIDATION TEST REPORT			

He

+10.0

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
 PROJECT: JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-215)

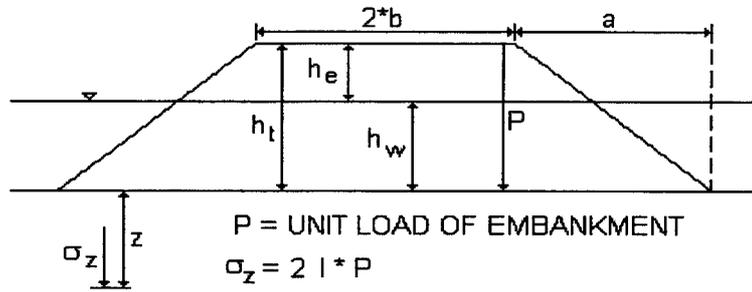
CALCULATED BY: DEC
 DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio		Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	Average	P_o (psf)	P_p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P_r (psf)	C_r	C_c	e_o	Rebound Curve C_{eR}	Virgin Curve C_{eC}	ϵ_z^*	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
0	3	1.5	86.4	1710.4	1743.84	1830.24	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.069461	0.0129	0.46
3	6	4.5	259.2	1883.2	1743.84	2003.04	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.069461	0.0091	0.33
6	9	7.5	432	2056	1708.96	2140.96	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.069461	0.0069	0.25
9	12	10.5	604.8	2228.8	1691.52	2296.32	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.069461	0.0056	0.20
12	15	13.5	777.6	2401.6	1639.21	2416.81	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.069461	0.0043	0.15

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-215

Total Settlement: 1.40

10-ft



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 0.9$ $h_e = 13.5$ $h_t = 14.4$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 1743.84$																																																																														
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">a/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">b/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">I</th> <th style="width: 10%;">2 I</th> <th style="width: 10%;">$\sigma_z = 2 I * P$</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1.5</td><td>28.800</td><td>6.667</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>1743.84</td></tr> <tr><td>4.5</td><td>9.600</td><td>2.222</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>1743.84</td></tr> <tr><td>7.5</td><td>5.760</td><td>1.333</td><td>0.490</td><td>0.980</td><td>1708.96</td></tr> <tr><td>10.5</td><td>4.114</td><td>0.952</td><td>0.485</td><td>0.970</td><td>1691.52</td></tr> <tr><td>12.0</td><td>3.600</td><td>0.833</td><td>0.475</td><td>0.950</td><td>1656.65</td></tr> <tr><td>13.5</td><td>3.200</td><td>0.741</td><td>0.470</td><td>0.940</td><td>1639.21</td></tr> <tr><td>16.5</td><td>2.618</td><td>0.606</td><td>0.455</td><td>0.910</td><td>1586.89</td></tr> <tr><td>19.5</td><td>2.215</td><td>0.513</td><td>0.440</td><td>0.880</td><td>1534.58</td></tr> <tr><td>22.5</td><td>1.920</td><td>0.444</td><td>0.425</td><td>0.850</td><td>1482.26</td></tr> <tr><td>25.5</td><td>1.694</td><td>0.392</td><td>0.415</td><td>0.830</td><td>1447.39</td></tr> <tr><td>28.5</td><td>1.516</td><td>0.351</td><td>0.395</td><td>0.790</td><td>1377.63</td></tr> <tr><td>31.5</td><td>1.371</td><td>0.317</td><td>0.385</td><td>0.770</td><td>1342.76</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		z	a/z	b/z	I	2 I	$\sigma_z = 2 I * P$	1.5	28.800	6.667	0.500	1.000	1743.84	4.5	9.600	2.222	0.500	1.000	1743.84	7.5	5.760	1.333	0.490	0.980	1708.96	10.5	4.114	0.952	0.485	0.970	1691.52	12.0	3.600	0.833	0.475	0.950	1656.65	13.5	3.200	0.741	0.470	0.940	1639.21	16.5	2.618	0.606	0.455	0.910	1586.89	19.5	2.215	0.513	0.440	0.880	1534.58	22.5	1.920	0.444	0.425	0.850	1482.26	25.5	1.694	0.392	0.415	0.830	1447.39	28.5	1.516	0.351	0.395	0.790	1377.63	31.5	1.371	0.317	0.385	0.770	1342.76
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h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

+10.5

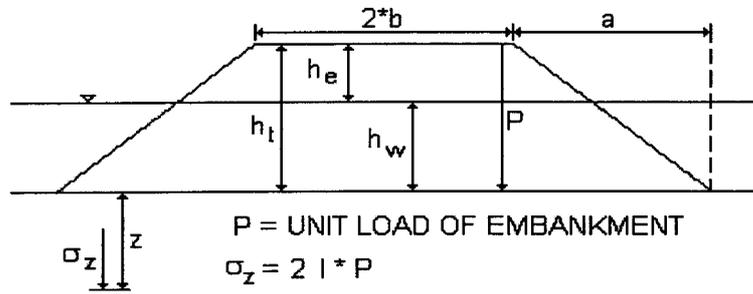
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-215)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure (psf)	Preconsolidation Pressure (psf)	Pressure Change (psf)	Final Pressure (psf)	Recompression Index c_r	Compression Index c_c	Initial Void Ratio e_o	Rebound Curve C_{eR}	Virgin Curve C_{eC}	Compression Ratio	Vertical Strain ϵ_z^*	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	Average	P_o	P_p	Δp	P_f	c_r	c_c	e_o	C_{eR}	C_{eC}		ϵ_z^*	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
0	3	1.5	86.4	1710.4	1806.34	1892.74	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	0.0139	0.50	
3	6	4.5	259.2	1883.2	1806.34	2065.54	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	0.0100	0.36	
6	9	7.5	432	2056	1770.21	2202.21	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	0.0078	0.28	
9	12	10.5	604.8	2228.8	1752.15	2356.95	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	0.0064	0.23	
12	15	13.5	777.6	2401.6	1697.96	2475.56	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	0.0050	0.18	

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-215

Total Settlement: 1.55



Only modify h_w and l , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 0.9$ $h_e = 14.0$ $h_t = 14.9$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 1806.34$				
z	a/z	b/z	l	$2l$	$\sigma_z = 2l * P$
1.5	29.800	6.667	0.500	1.000	1806.34
4.5	9.933	2.222	0.500	1.000	1806.34
7.5	5.960	1.333	0.490	0.980	1770.21
10.5	4.257	0.952	0.485	0.970	1752.15
12.0	3.725	0.833	0.475	0.950	1716.02
13.5	3.311	0.741	0.470	0.940	1697.96
16.5	2.709	0.606	0.460	0.920	1661.83
19.5	2.292	0.513	0.445	0.890	1607.64
22.5	1.987	0.444	0.430	0.860	1553.45
25.5	1.753	0.392	0.415	0.830	1499.26
28.5	1.568	0.351	0.400	0.800	1445.07
31.5	1.419	0.317	0.385	0.770	1390.88

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

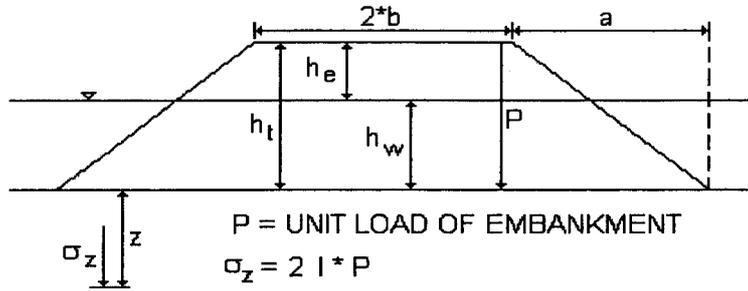
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-215)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure (psf)	Preconsolidation Pressure (psf)	Pressure Change (psf)	Final Pressure (psf)	Recompression Index c_r	Compression Index c_c	Initial Void Ratio e_o	Rebound Curve $C_{\epsilon r}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon c}$	Vertical Strain ϵz^*	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	Average	p_o	p_p	Δp	p_r							$\epsilon z \times H_o = DH$
0	3	1.5	86.4	1710.4	1868.84	1955.24	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	0.0149	0.54
3	6	4.5	259.2	1883.2	1868.84	2128.04	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	0.0109	0.39
6	9	7.5	432	2056	1831.46	2263.46	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	0.0086	0.31
9	12	10.5	604.8	2228.8	1812.77	2417.57	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	0.0072	0.26
12	15	13.5	777.6	2401.6	1756.71	2534.31	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	0.0057	0.21

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-215

Total Settlement: 1.70



Only modify h_w and l , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 0.9$ $h_e = 14.5$ $h_t = 15.4$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 1868.84$																																																																													
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>z</th> <th>a/z</th> <th>b/z</th> <th>l</th> <th>$2l$</th> <th>$\sigma_z = 2l * P$</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1.5</td><td>30.800</td><td>6.667</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>1868.84</td></tr> <tr><td>4.5</td><td>10.267</td><td>2.222</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>1868.84</td></tr> <tr><td>7.5</td><td>6.160</td><td>1.333</td><td>0.490</td><td>0.980</td><td>1831.46</td></tr> <tr><td>10.5</td><td>4.400</td><td>0.952</td><td>0.485</td><td>0.970</td><td>1812.77</td></tr> <tr><td>12.0</td><td>3.850</td><td>0.833</td><td>0.480</td><td>0.960</td><td>1794.09</td></tr> <tr><td>13.5</td><td>3.422</td><td>0.741</td><td>0.470</td><td>0.940</td><td>1756.71</td></tr> <tr><td>16.5</td><td>2.800</td><td>0.606</td><td>0.460</td><td>0.920</td><td>1719.33</td></tr> <tr><td>19.5</td><td>2.369</td><td>0.513</td><td>0.445</td><td>0.890</td><td>1663.27</td></tr> <tr><td>22.5</td><td>2.053</td><td>0.444</td><td>0.430</td><td>0.860</td><td>1607.20</td></tr> <tr><td>25.5</td><td>1.812</td><td>0.392</td><td>0.415</td><td>0.830</td><td>1551.14</td></tr> <tr><td>28.5</td><td>1.621</td><td>0.351</td><td>0.405</td><td>0.810</td><td>1513.76</td></tr> <tr><td>31.5</td><td>1.467</td><td>0.317</td><td>0.390</td><td>0.780</td><td>1457.70</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	z	a/z	b/z	l	$2l$	$\sigma_z = 2l * P$	1.5	30.800	6.667	0.500	1.000	1868.84	4.5	10.267	2.222	0.500	1.000	1868.84	7.5	6.160	1.333	0.490	0.980	1831.46	10.5	4.400	0.952	0.485	0.970	1812.77	12.0	3.850	0.833	0.480	0.960	1794.09	13.5	3.422	0.741	0.470	0.940	1756.71	16.5	2.800	0.606	0.460	0.920	1719.33	19.5	2.369	0.513	0.445	0.890	1663.27	22.5	2.053	0.444	0.430	0.860	1607.20	25.5	1.812	0.392	0.415	0.830	1551.14	28.5	1.621	0.351	0.405	0.810	1513.76	31.5	1.467	0.317	0.390	0.780	1457.70
z	a/z	b/z	l	$2l$	$\sigma_z = 2l * P$																																																																									
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h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-215)

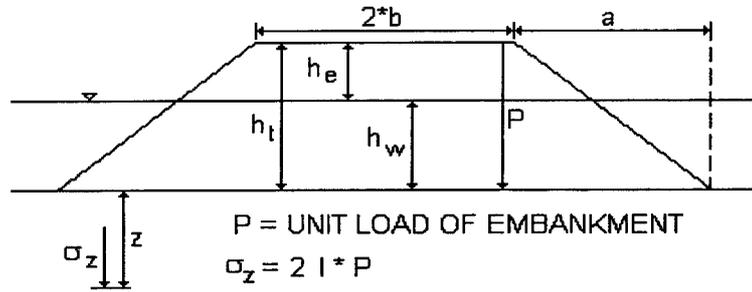
CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure (psf)	Preconsolidation Pressure (psf)	Pressure Change (psf)	Final Pressure (psf)	Recompression Index C_r	Compression Index C_c	Initial Void Ratio e_o	Compression Ratio		Vertical Strain ϵ_z^*	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom									Rebound Curve $C_{\epsilon r}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon c}$		
0	3	1.5	86.4	1710.4	1931.34	2017.74	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = DH$	0.57
3	6	4.5	259.2	1883.2	1931.34	2190.54	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946		0.42
6	9	7.5	432	2056	1892.71	2324.71	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946		0.34
9	12	10.5	604.8	2228.8	1873.4	2478.2	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946		0.29
12	15	13.5	777.6	2401.6	1834.77	2612.37	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.06946		0.24

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-215

Total Settlement: 1.86

11.5-ft



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 0.9$ $h_e = 15.0$ $h_t = 15.9$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 1931.34$				
z	a/z	b/z	I	$2I$	$\sigma_z = 2I * P$
1.5	31.800	6.667	0.500	1.000	1931.34
4.5	10.600	2.222	0.500	1.000	1931.34
7.5	6.360	1.333	0.490	0.980	1892.71
10.5	4.543	0.952	0.485	0.970	1873.40
12.0	3.975	0.833	0.480	0.960	1854.09
13.5	3.533	0.741	0.475	0.950	1834.77
16.5	2.891	0.606	0.460	0.920	1776.83
19.5	2.446	0.513	0.450	0.900	1738.21
22.5	2.120	0.444	0.435	0.870	1680.27
25.5	1.871	0.392	0.420	0.840	1622.33
28.5	1.674	0.351	0.405	0.810	1564.39
31.5	1.514	0.317	0.390	0.780	1506.45

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

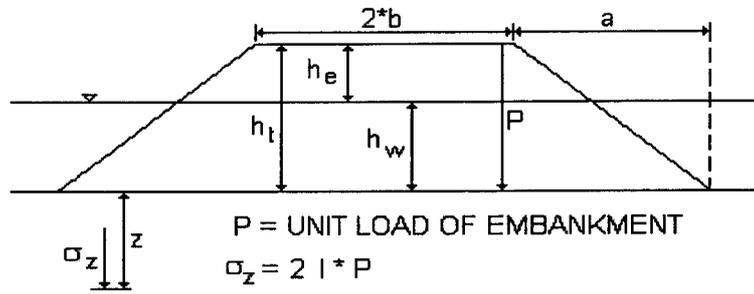
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
 PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-215)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
 DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure (psf)	Preconsolidation Pressure (psf)	Pressure Change (psf)	Final Pressure (psf)	Recompression Index c_r	Compression Index c_c	Initial Void Ratio e_o	Rebound Curve C_{eR}	Virgin Curve C_{eC}	Vertical Strain ϵ_z^*	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	Average	P_o (psf)	P_p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P_r (psf)	c_r	c_c	e_o	Rebound Curve C_{eR}	Virgin Curve C_{eC}	ϵ_z^*	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = DH$
0	3	1.5	86.4	1710.4	1993.84	2080.24	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.069461	0.0168	0.60
3	6	4.5	259.2	1883.2	1993.84	2253.04	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.069461	0.0126	0.45
6	9	7.5	432	2056	1953.96	2385.96	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.069461	0.0102	0.37
9	12	10.5	604.8	2228.8	1934.02	2538.82	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.069461	0.0087	0.31
12	15	13.5	777.6	2401.6	1894.15	2671.75	0.014	0.116	0.67	0.008383	0.069461	0.0073	0.26

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-215

Total Settlement: 2.00



Only modify h_w and l , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 0.9$ $h_e = 15.5$ $h_t = 16.4$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 1993.84$
---	--

z	a/z	b/z	l	2 l	σ _z = 2 l * P
1.5	32.800	6.667	0.500	1.000	1993.84
4.5	10.933	2.222	0.500	1.000	1993.84
7.5	6.560	1.333	0.490	0.980	1953.96
10.5	4.686	0.952	0.485	0.970	1934.02
12.0	4.100	0.833	0.480	0.960	1914.09
13.5	3.644	0.741	0.475	0.950	1894.15
16.5	2.982	0.606	0.460	0.920	1834.33
19.5	2.523	0.513	0.450	0.900	1794.46
22.5	2.187	0.444	0.435	0.870	1734.64
25.5	1.929	0.392	0.420	0.840	1674.83
28.5	1.726	0.351	0.405	0.810	1615.01
31.5	1.562	0.317	0.395	0.790	1575.13

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION MAD	INSTALLATION Baltimore District	SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS
1. PROJECT JAMES ISLAND FEASIBILITY STUDY		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 2 1/4" HSA		
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) JAMES ISLAND		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL)		
3. DRILLING AGENCY CENAD-EN-66E		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL CME 45		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) JB-215		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVER-BURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN 11	DISTURBED 11	UNDISTURBED 0
5. NAME OF DRILLER McNamara		14. TOTAL NUMBER CORE BOXES		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED _____ DEG. FROM VERT.		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER		
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN 26.5'		16. DATE HOLE STARTED 9/20/04 COMPLETED 9/20/04		
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 26.5'		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING %		
19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR William P. Johnson				

ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description) d	% CORE RECOVERY e	BOX OR SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, depth of weathering, etc., if significant) g																																																
	1		GRAY CLAY - w/ trace shells -	100	J-1	<p>PRELIMINARY INSPECTOR'S LOG CLASSIFICATION NOT FINAL</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>J.P.A.R.</th> <th>DEPTH</th> <th>Blow Count</th> <th>Penetration</th> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0.0 - 1.5</td> <td>WH/1.5</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>2.5 - 4.0</td> <td>WH-1-1</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>5.0 - 6.5</td> <td>WH-1-2</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>7.5 - 9.0</td> <td>WH-1-2</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>10.0 - 11.5</td> <td>WH/1.5</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>12.5 - 14.0</td> <td>WH/1.5</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>15.0 - 16.5</td> <td>1-1/0</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>17.5 - 19.0</td> <td>3-5-7</td> <td>2.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>20.0 - 21.5</td> <td>3-5-7</td> <td>3.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>22.5 - 24.0</td> <td>3-7-9</td> <td>4.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11</td> <td>25.0 - 26.5</td> <td>6-7-23</td> <td>3.5</td> </tr> </table>	J.P.A.R.	DEPTH	Blow Count	Penetration	1	0.0 - 1.5	WH/1.5	0.0	2	2.5 - 4.0	WH-1-1	0.0	3	5.0 - 6.5	WH-1-2	0.0	4	7.5 - 9.0	WH-1-2	0.0	5	10.0 - 11.5	WH/1.5	0.0	6	12.5 - 14.0	WH/1.5	0.0	7	15.0 - 16.5	1-1/0	-	8	17.5 - 19.0	3-5-7	2.5	9	20.0 - 21.5	3-5-7	3.5	10	22.5 - 24.0	3-7-9	4.0	11	25.0 - 26.5	6-7-23	3.5
J.P.A.R.	DEPTH	Blow Count	Penetration																																																			
1	0.0 - 1.5	WH/1.5	0.0																																																			
2	2.5 - 4.0	WH-1-1	0.0																																																			
3	5.0 - 6.5	WH-1-2	0.0																																																			
4	7.5 - 9.0	WH-1-2	0.0																																																			
5	10.0 - 11.5	WH/1.5	0.0																																																			
6	12.5 - 14.0	WH/1.5	0.0																																																			
7	15.0 - 16.5	1-1/0	-																																																			
8	17.5 - 19.0	3-5-7	2.5																																																			
9	20.0 - 21.5	3-5-7	3.5																																																			
10	22.5 - 24.0	3-7-9	4.0																																																			
11	25.0 - 26.5	6-7-23	3.5																																																			
	2																																																					
	3		- w/ trace SAND & Stone Frags -	100	J-2																																																	
	4																																																					
	5																																																					
	6		- w/ sand & iron staining -	100	J-3																																																	
	7																																																					
	8		- w/ Brown oxidized spots -	100	J-4																																																	
	9																																																					
	10																																																					
	11		- w/ Brown oxidized spots -	100	J-5																																																	
	12																																																					
	13		Gray (Fine) Sandy CLAY with ironite	100	J-6																																																	
	14																																																					
	15		Gray Silty (Fine) SAND	100	J-7																																																	
	16																																																					
	17																																																					
	18		Gray Silty	100	J-8																																																	
	19																																																					

DRILLING LOG (Cont Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE

Hole No. JB-215

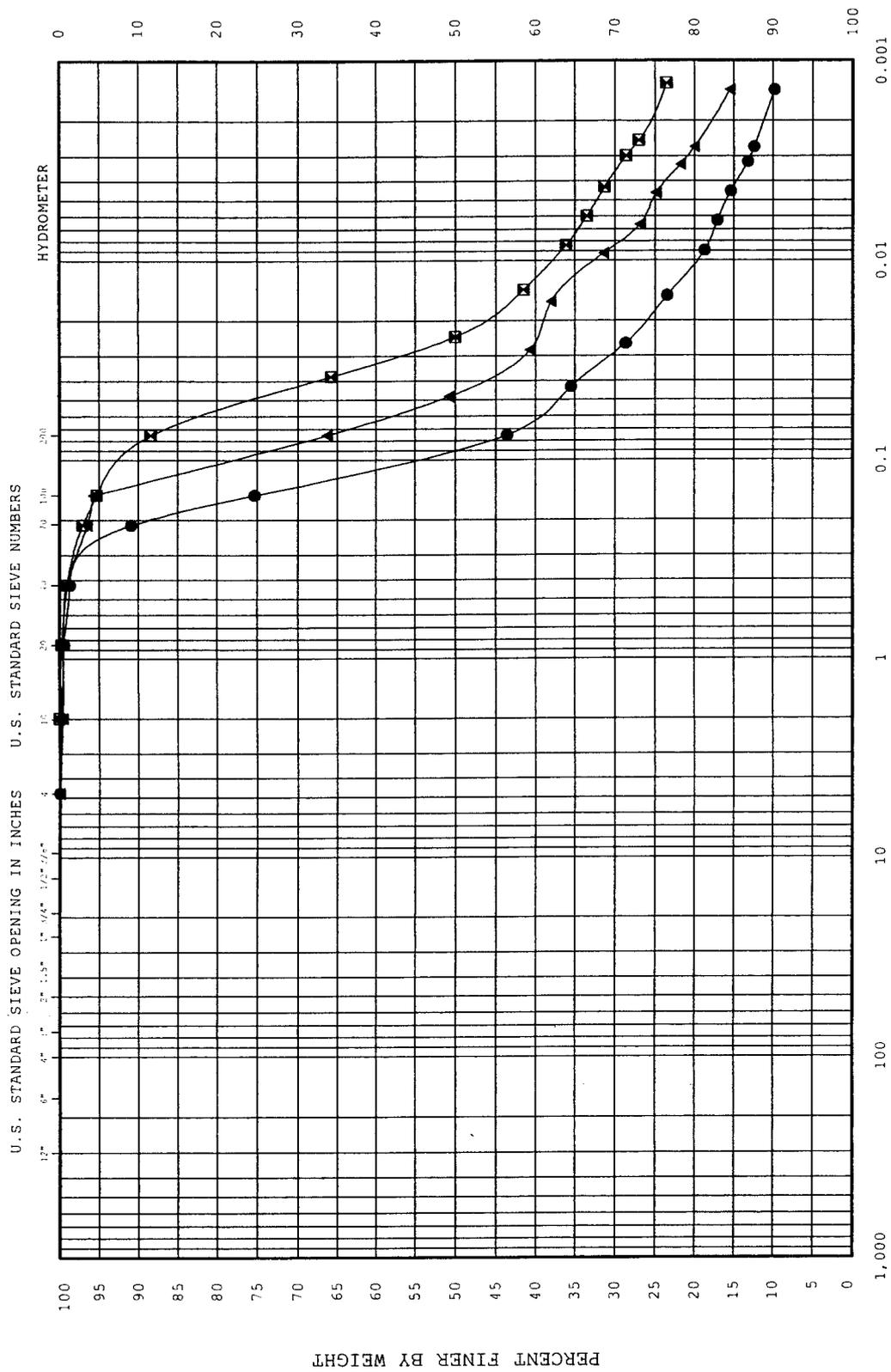
PROJECT
JAMES IS.

INSTALLATION
Baltimore District

SHEET 2
OF 2 SHEETS

ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description) d	% CORE RECOV- ERY e	BOX OR SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, depth of weathering, etc., if significant) g
			GRAY SILT			GPS coordinates
	21			100	J-9	N 38° 30' 15.3"
			DAMP			W 76° 20' 31.9"
	22					Accuracy 15.2
	23			100	J-10	
			DAMP			Water level
	24					Time 1626 / 1742
	25					Depth 6.3 / 6.9'
	26			100	J-11	
			DAMP			
	27		B.G.H.-26.5'			<p>PRELIMINARY INSPECTOR'S LOG CLASSIFICATION NOT FINAL</p>
	28					
	29					
	30					
	31					
	32					
	33					
	34					
	35					
	36					
	37					
	38					
	39					
	40					
	41					
	42					
	43					

PERCENT COARSER BY WEIGHT



U.S. STANDARD SIEVE OPENING IN INCHES U.S. STANDARD SIEVE NUMBERS

GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS

COBBLES	GRAVEL			SAND			SILT or CLAY		
	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	PI	PL	PI	
Sample No.	Classification (ASTM D 2487)								
Depth (ft)	Nat. wc%								
Jar-2	2.5-4.0	CLAYEY SAND	SC	34.1	28	19	9		
Jar-5	10.0-11.5	LEAN CLAY	CL	29.9	29	17	12		
Jar-8	17.5-19.0	SANDY FAT CLAY	CH	42.1	66	24	42		

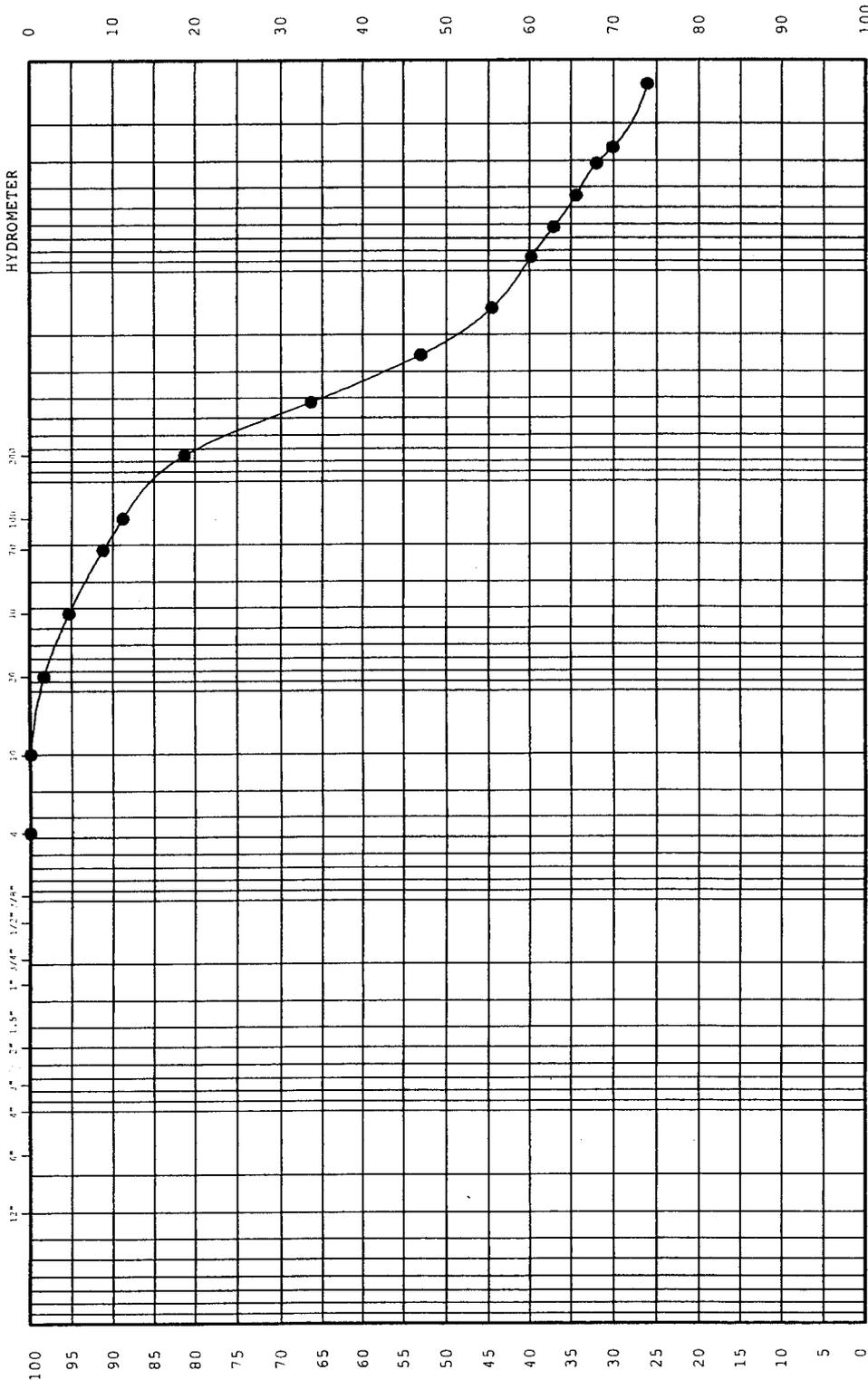
PROJECT: James Island
 AREA: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
 Dorchester County, MD

BORING NO.: JB-215
 DATE: Nov 2004

REMARKS:

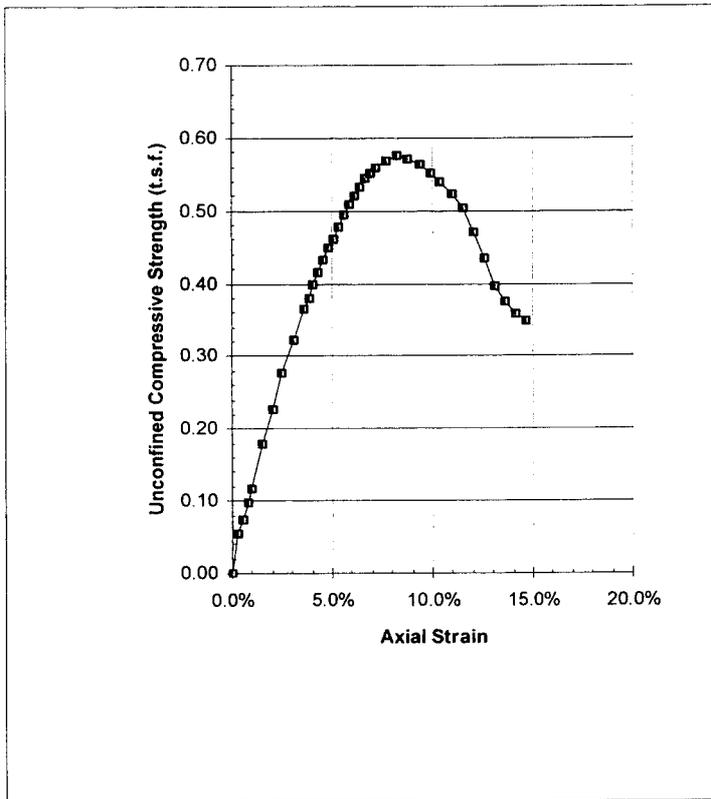
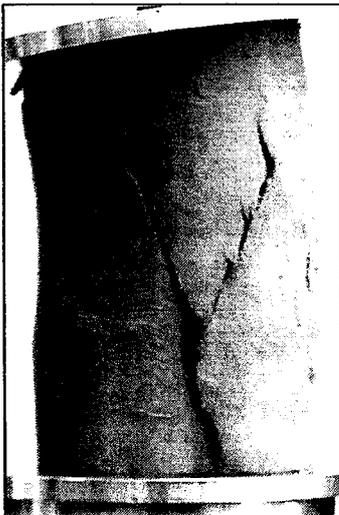
ENG FORM ENG2087JAMES ISLAND, MID-BAY FEASIBILITY STUDY.GPJ GRADATION CURVES TEST METHODS: ASTM D 422, D4318, D2216

U.S. STANDARD SIEVE OPENING IN INCHES U.S. STANDARD SIEVE NUMBERS



UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST

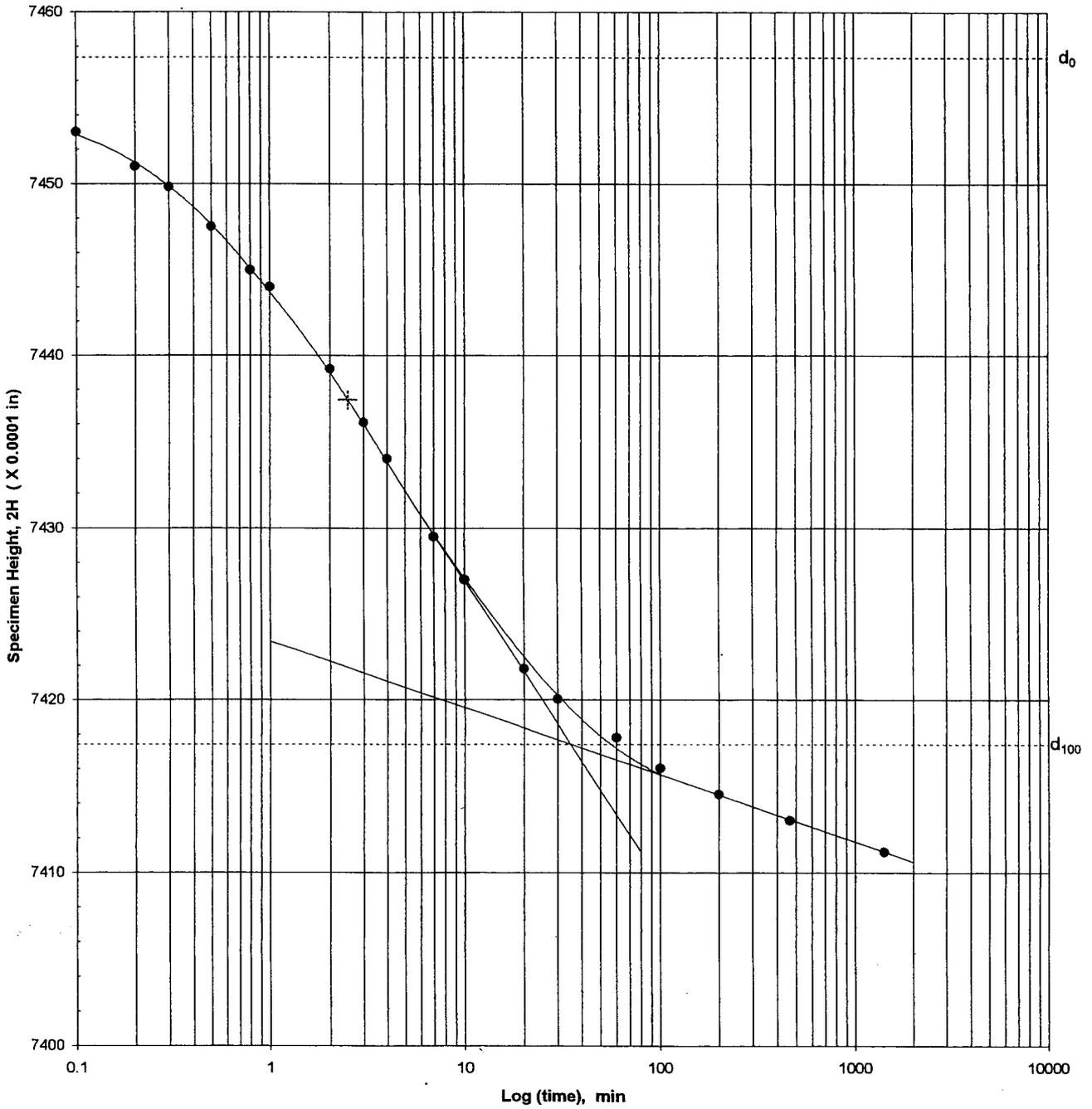
FAILURE SKETCHES



CONTROLLED STRAIN

TEST NO.	1		2		3		4	
TYPE OF SPECIMEN	Undisturbed							
WATER CONTENT, %	w_o	26.6						
VOID RATIO	e_o	0.685						
SATURATION, %	S_o	100+						
DRY UNIT WEIGHT, LB./CU.FT.	γ_d	97.4						
TIME TO FAILURE, MIN.	t_f	8.0						
UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, TSF	q_u	0.58						
UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH, TSF	s_u	0.29						
SENSITIVITY RATIO	S_t	-----						
INITIAL SPECIMEN DIAMETER, IN.	D_o	2.86						
INITIAL SPECIMEN HEIGHT, IN.	H_o	5.67						
CLASSIFICATION: (ASTM D2487)								
Moist, mottled olive gray & olive yell., firm, LEAN CLAY w/ sand (CL)								
LL=	29	PL=	18	PI=	11 (ASTM D4318)	G_s =	2.63 (ASTM D854)	
REMARKS:		PROJECT: James Island						
		Mid-Bay Feasibility Study						
		AREA: Dorchester County, MD						
		Hole No.: DH-215A			Sample No.: Shelby-1			
		Depth (ft.): 9.0-11.0			Date: Dec.2004			
ENG FORM 3659 (Test method: ASTM D2166)		UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST REPORT						

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **0.25** tons/ft²
 t₅₀ = **2.48** min
 H = **0.3719** in
 c_v = **1.82** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-215A

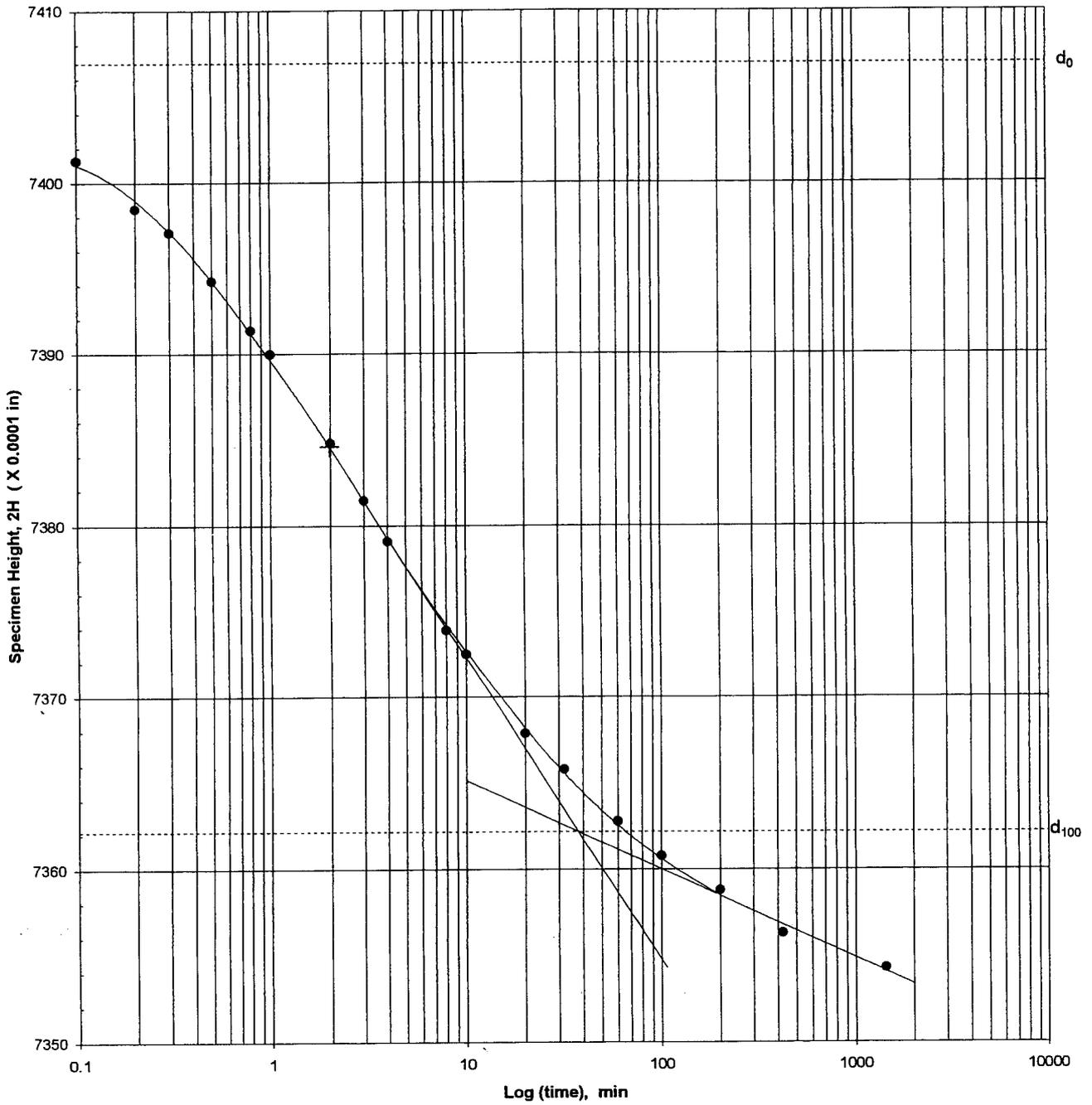
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

9.0-11.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **0.50** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **1.98** min
H = **0.3692** in
c_v = **2.25 X 10⁻⁴** in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-215A

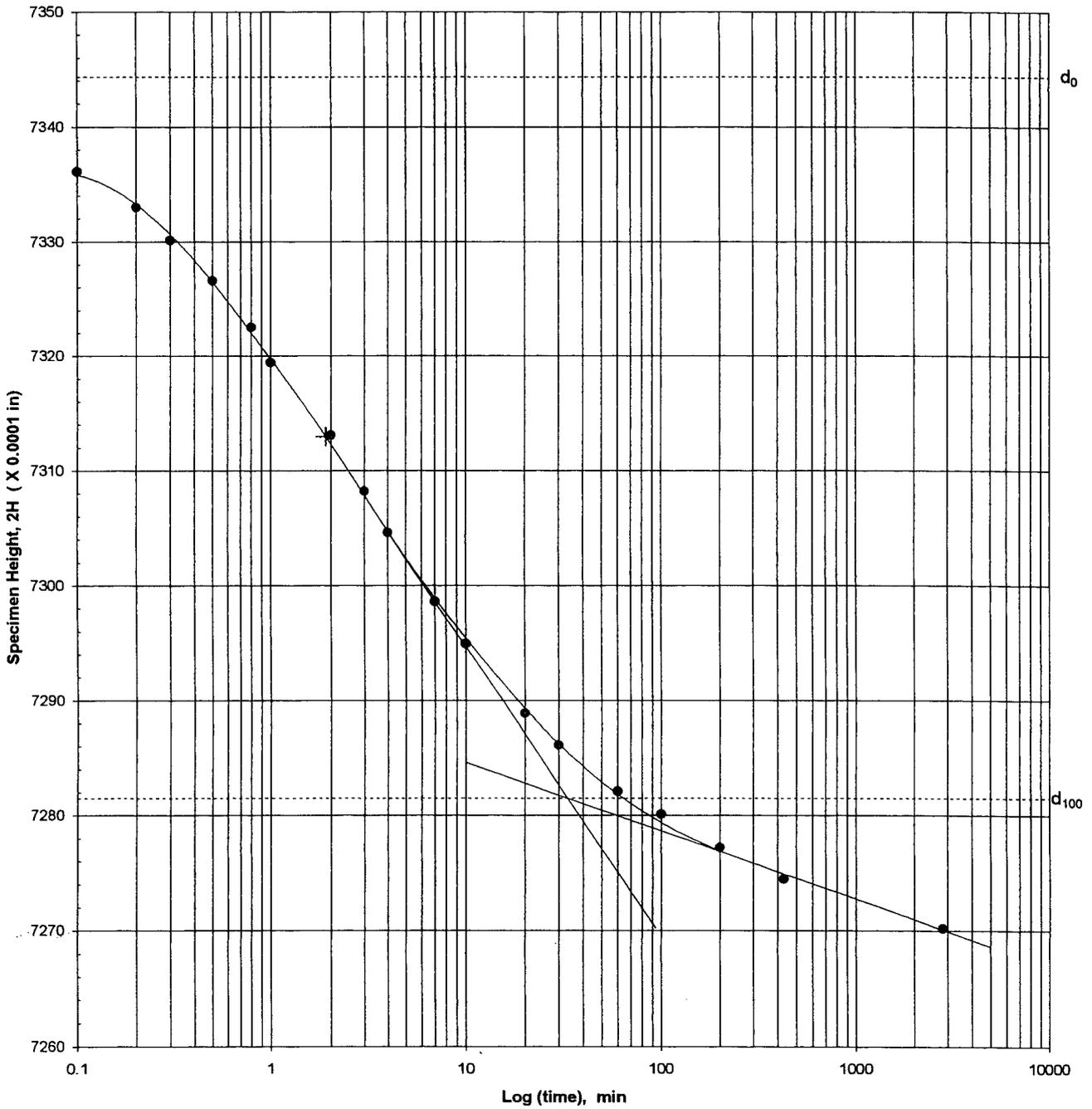
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

9.0-11.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **1.0** tons/ft²
 t₅₀ = **1.88** min
 H = **0.3656** in
 c_v = **2.32** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-215A

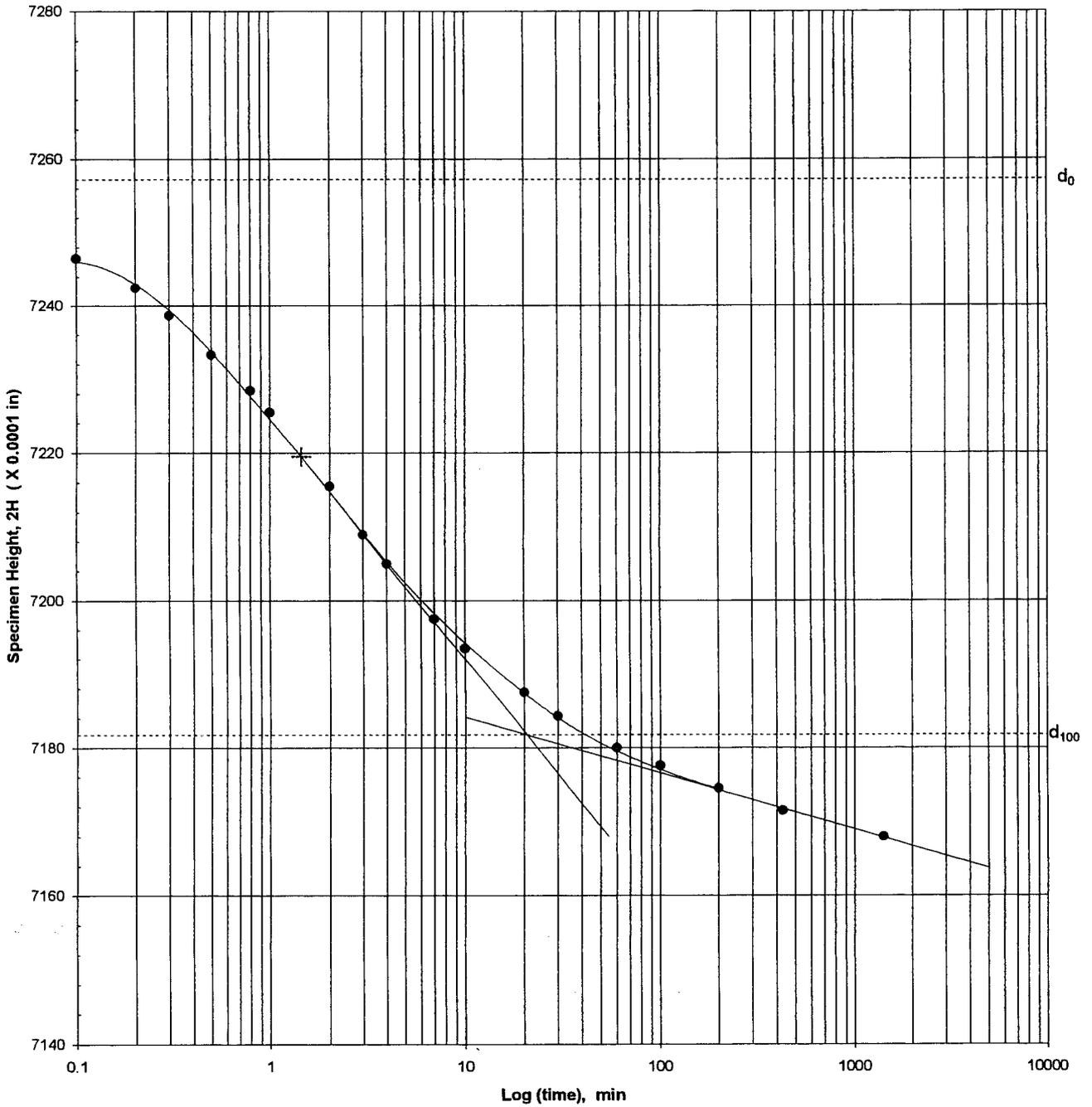
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

9.0-11.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

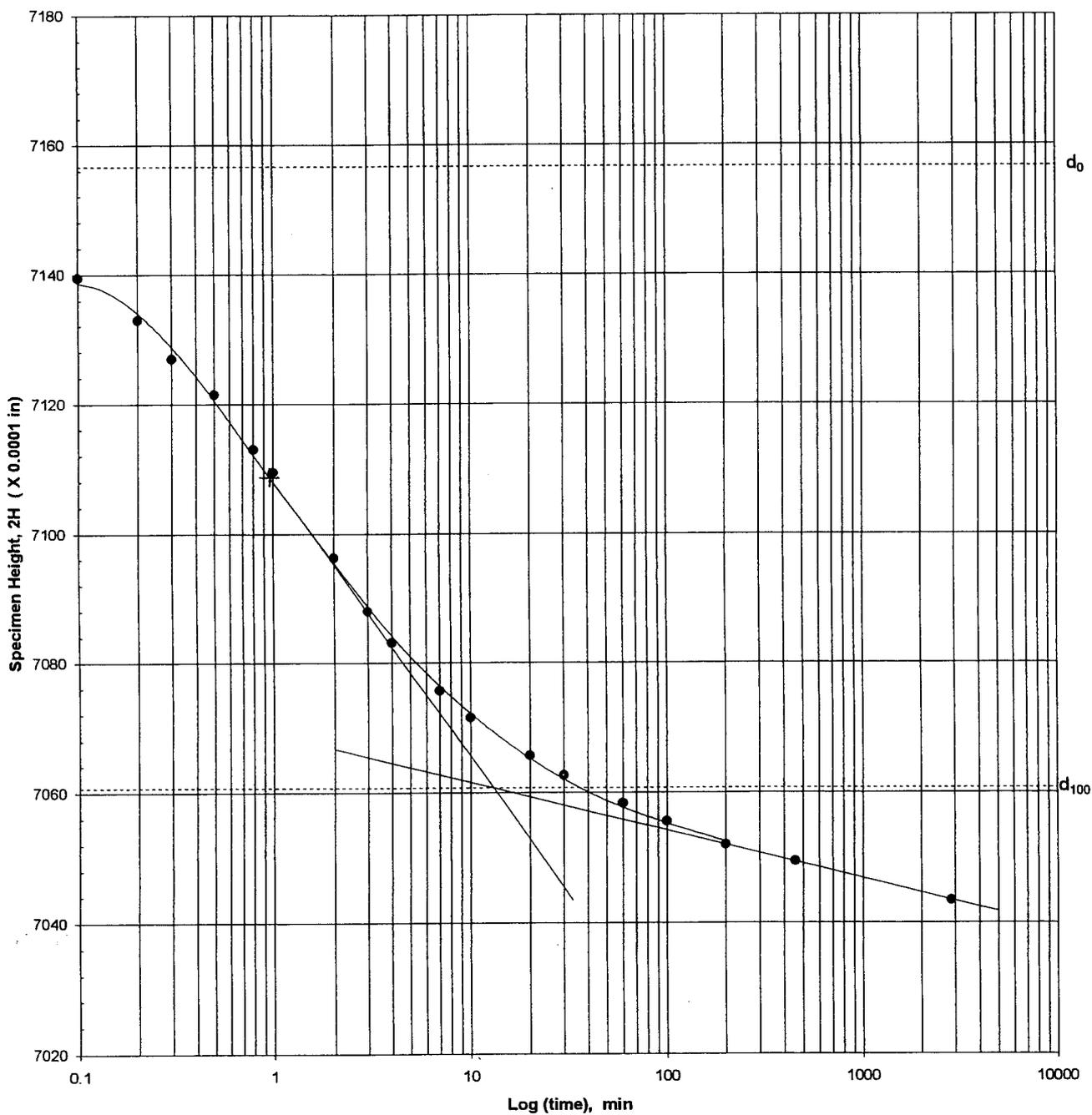
Normal Stress = **2.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **1.43** min
H = **0.3610** in
c_v = **2.98** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-215A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
9.0-11.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **4.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **0.96** min
H = **0.3554** in
c_v = **4.30** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-215A

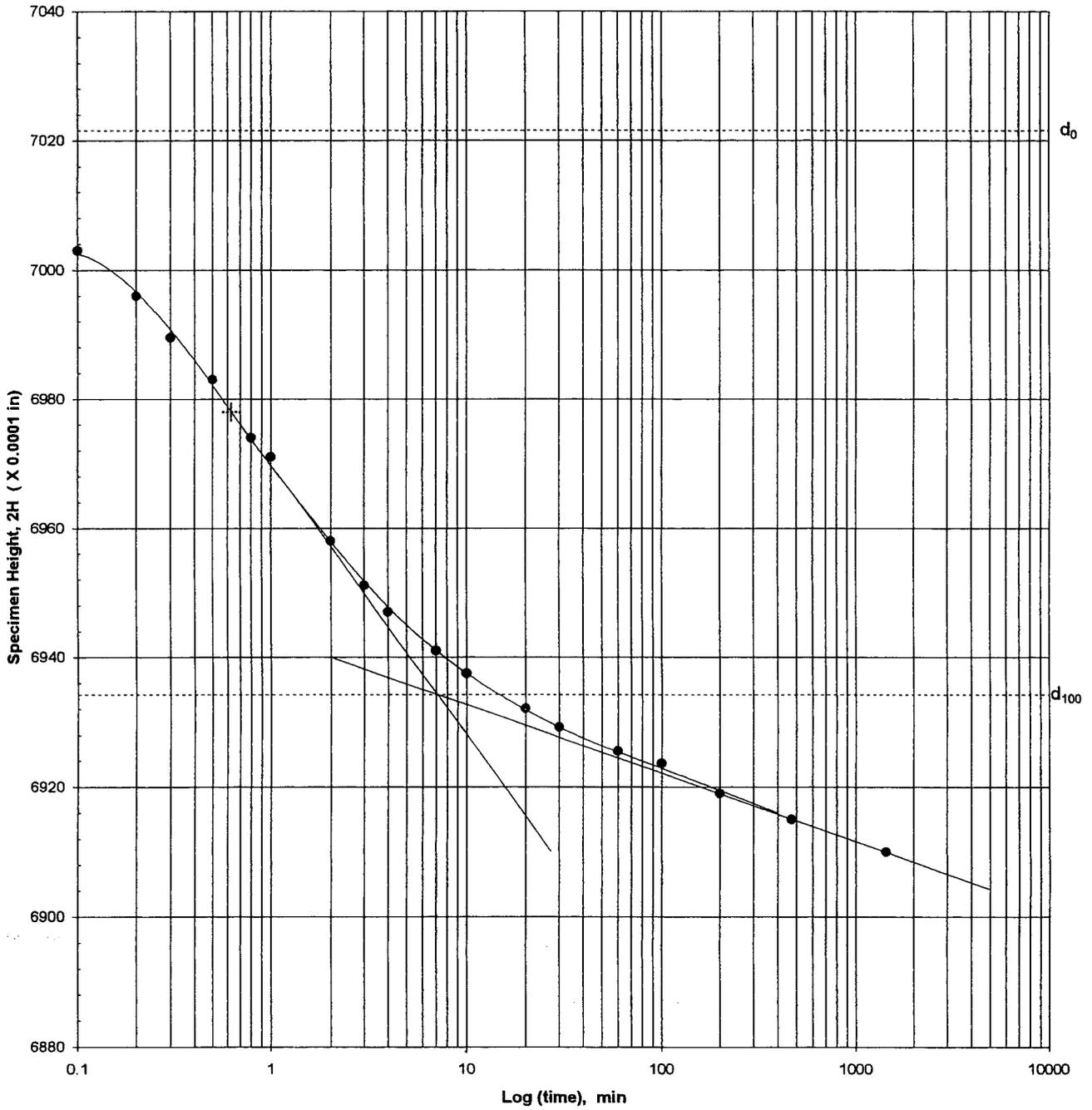
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

9.0-11.0

t_{50} TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **8.0** tons/ft²
 t_{50} = **0.63** min
 H = **0.3489** in
 c_v = **6.31** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-215A

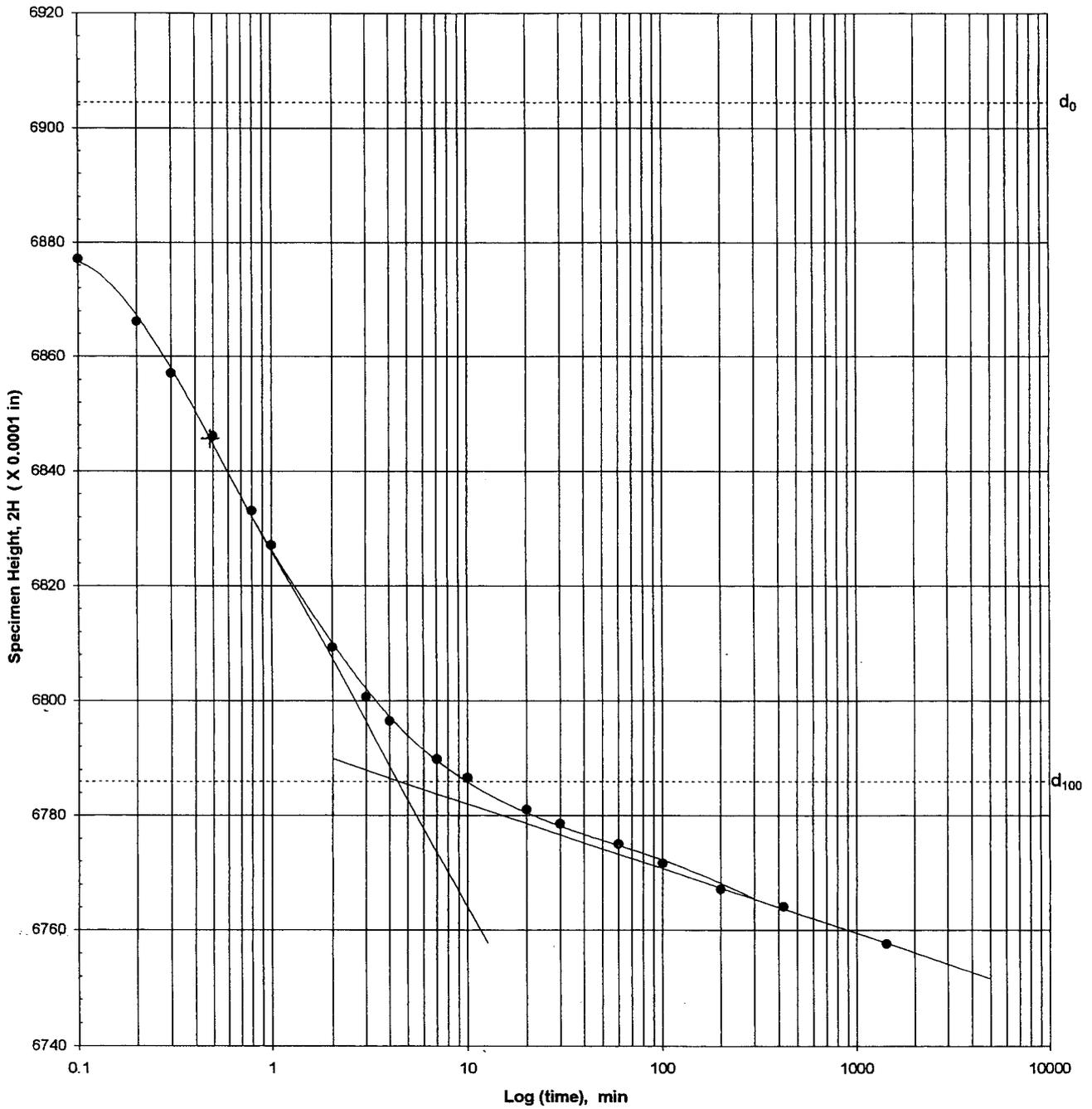
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

9.0-11.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = 16.0 tons/ft²
t₅₀ = 0.48 min
H = 0.3423 in
c_v = 7.97 X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-215A

Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

9.0-11.0

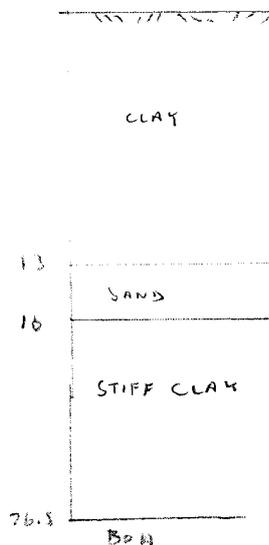
SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS FOR DH-217

ASSUME A DIKE SECTION TO VARYING ELEVATIONS (110, 110.5, 111, 111.5, 112) WITH SIDESLOPES OF 3H:1V AND A CREST WIDTH OF 20 FEET. DEPTH OF WATER IS ASSUMED TO BE 7.6 FEET AT MILLW. USE EXTREME LOW TIDE OF -3.5 MILLW TO COMPUTE STRESS CHANGES FROM DIKE.

A CONSOLIDATION TEST WAS PERFORMED ON A CLAY SAMPLE OBTAINED FROM A DEPTH OF 6'-8". CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS SHOW A C_c OF .33 (FROM CORRECTED CURVE) AND A C_r OF .045. A PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE OF .83 tsf (1660 psf) WAS DETERMINED FROM THE e - $\log p$ CURVE.

OVERBURDEN PRESSURE, $P_o = (115 - 62.4)(7) = 368 \text{ psf}$

$OCR = 1660 / 368 = 4.51$ (DUE TO JAMES ISLAND PREVIOUSLY EXISTING AT THIS LOCATION)



ASSUMED COMPRESSIBLE LAYER 13-FT IN THICKNESS.

ESTIMATED CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT RANGES FROM 6.0" - 7.25" (SEE ATTACHED SPREADSHEETS)

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS



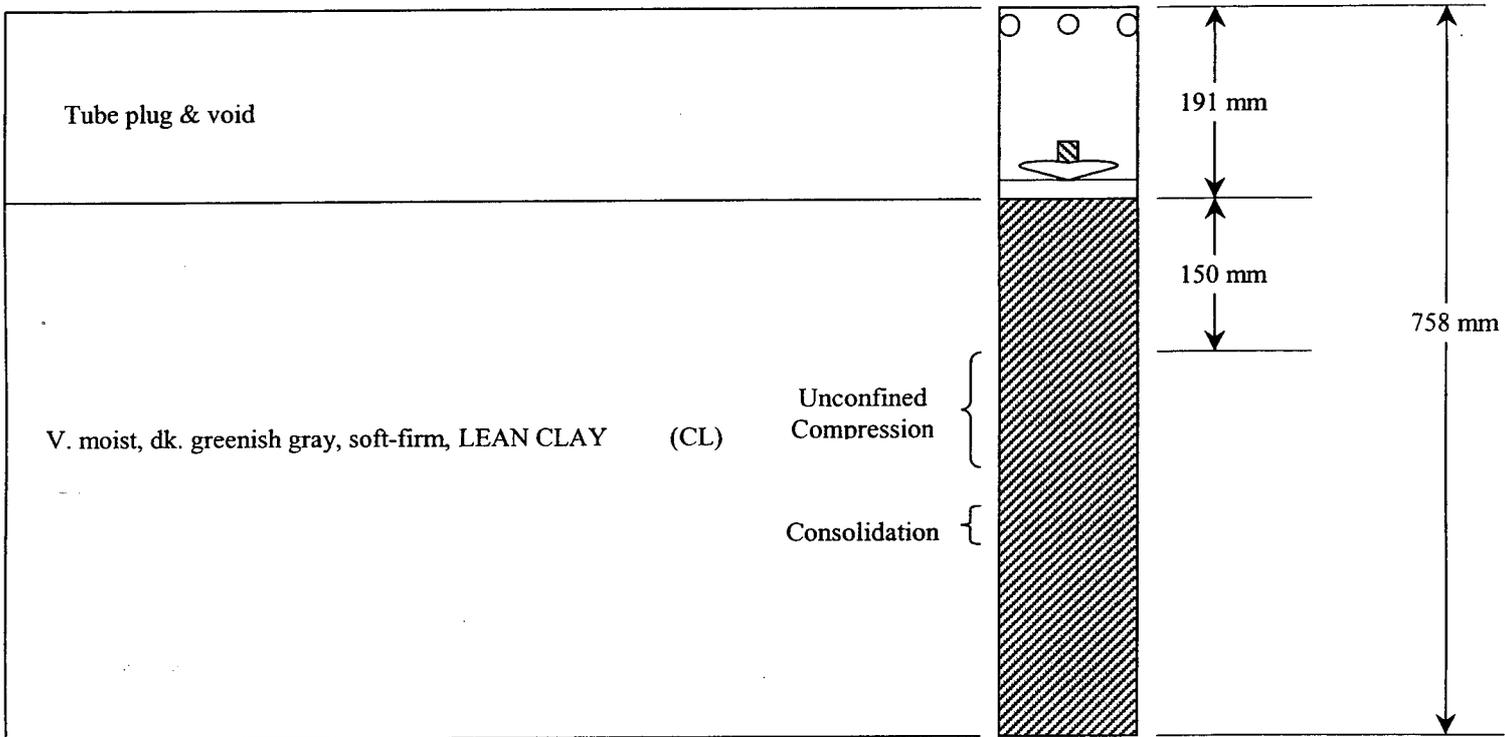
TUBE CLASSIFICATION

ASTM D2487

PROJECT: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
James Island
AREA: Dorchester County, MD

DATE: Nov 2004

Hole No.	Sample No.	Depth (ft)
DH-217A	Shelby-1	6.0-8.0

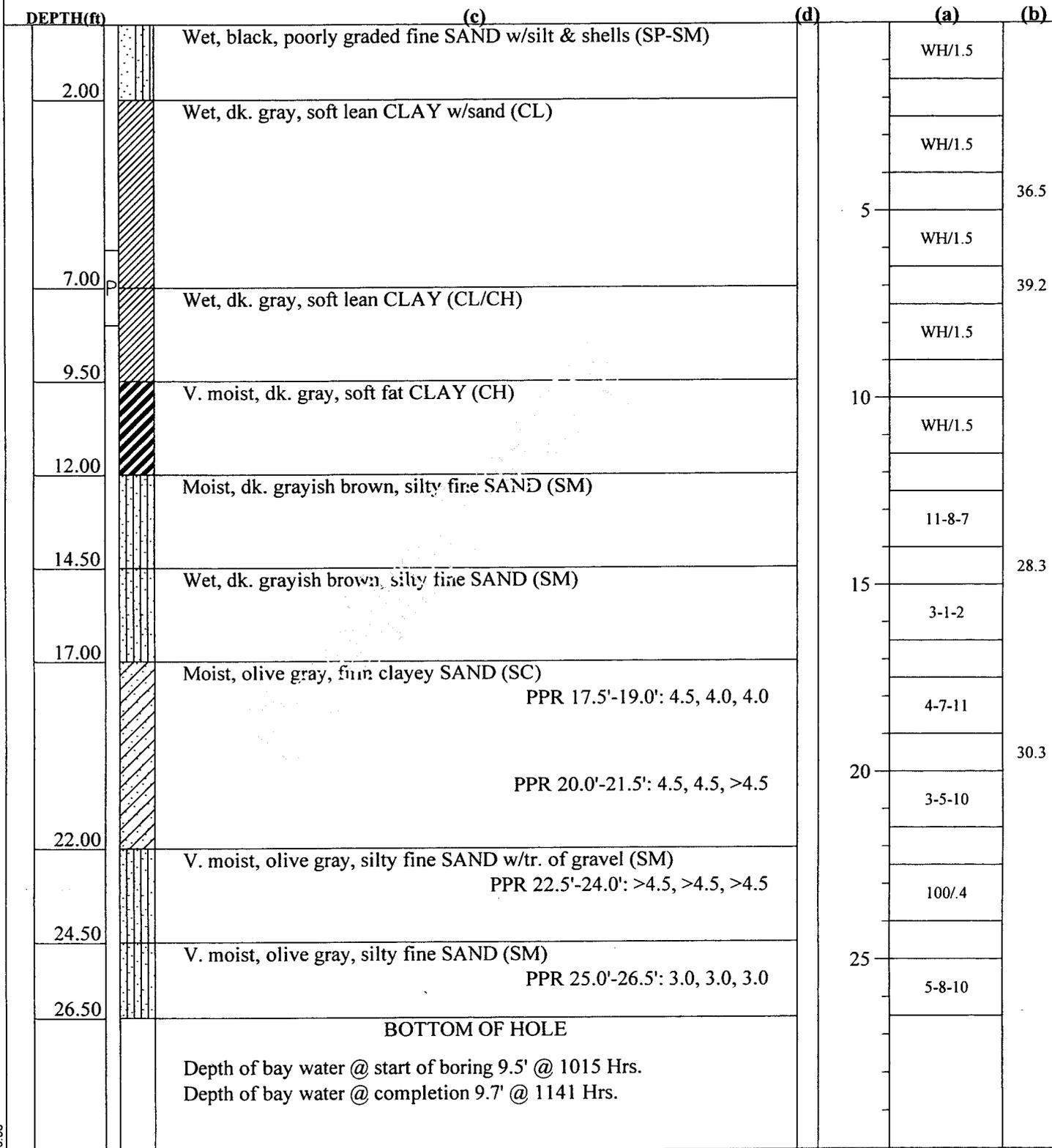


STA.
 OFFSET:
 TOP ELEV:

MID-BAY ISLAND FEASIBILITY STUDY N 304367.44
 JAMES ISLAND, DORCHESTER COUNTY, MD E 1497597.14

JB-217
 1 of 1

COMPLETED: September 21, 2004



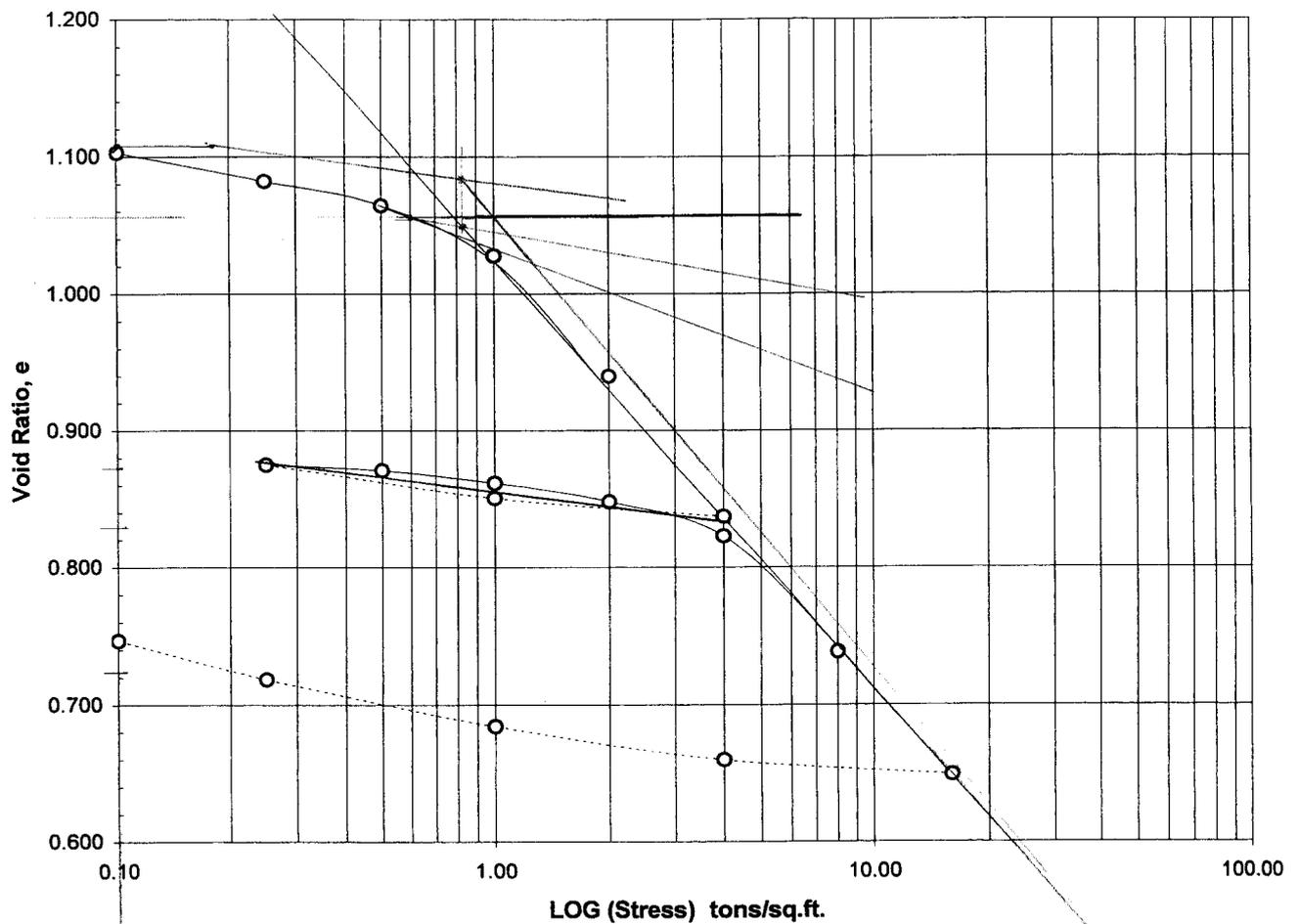
GEO-2 JAMESISL.GPJ 12/21/04 10:03

JB-217
 GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

P - indicates pressed shelby tube sample obtained from an additional boring.

- | | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|------|
| Fill | Auger | SPT | RB |
| Cored | 300 lb | Tubex | Hand |
| Fish Tail | Vibra Core | Water Jet | Odex |



Type of Specimen: Undisturbed		Before Test		After Test	
Diameter= 2.50 in.	Height= 0.75 in.	Water Content, %	w_o = 40.7	w_f =	28.2
Overburden Pressure, p_o = .184 tons/sq.ft.		Void Ratio	e_o = 1.111	e_f =	0.770
Preconsol. Pressure, p_c = .83 tons/sq.ft.		Saturation, %	S_o = 99.9	S_f =	100.0
Compression Index, C_c = 0.312 .33		Dry Density	γ_d = 80.7	lbs./cu.ft.	
Classification (ASTM D2487): Very moist, dark greenish gray, soft to firm, LEAN CLAY. (CL)					
LL = 44	PL = 20	PI = 24	(ASTM D4318)	G_s = 2.73	(ASTM D854)
Remarks:		PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD			
		Mid-Bay Feasibility Study			
		AREA: James Island			
		Hole No.: JB-217A	Sample No.: Shelby-1		
		Depth (ft.): 6.0-8.0	Date: Dec.2004		
ENG FORM 2090 (Test method: ASTM D2435)		CONSOLIDATION TEST REPORT			

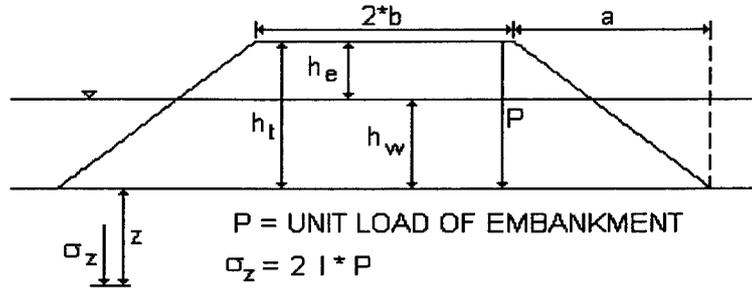
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
 PROJECT: JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-217)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
 DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio	Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (In)
Top	Bottom	Average	P _o (psf)	P _p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P _r (psf)	c _r	c _c	e _o	Rebound Curve C _{er}	Virgin Curve C _{sc}	ε _z x H _o = DH
0	3	1.5	78.9	1370.7	1944.16	2023.06	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.156324	1.90
3	6	4.5	236.7	1528.5	1944.16	2180.86	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.156324	1.49
6	9	7.5	394.5	1686.3	1905.28	2299.78	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.156324	1.24
9	12	10.5	552.3	1844.1	1885.84	2438.14	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.156324	1.08
12	13	12.5	657.5	1949.3	1854.73	2512.23	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.156324	0.33

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-217

Total Settlement: 6.05



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 4.1$ $h_e = 13.5$ $h_t = 17.6$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 1944.16$																																																																																				
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">z</th> <th style="width: 15%;">a/z</th> <th style="width: 15%;">b/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">I</th> <th style="width: 10%;">2I</th> <th style="width: 40%;">$\sigma_z = 2 I * P$</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1.5</td><td>35.200</td><td>6.667</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>1944.16</td></tr> <tr><td>4.5</td><td>11.733</td><td>2.222</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>1944.16</td></tr> <tr><td>7.5</td><td>7.040</td><td>1.333</td><td>0.490</td><td>0.980</td><td>1905.28</td></tr> <tr><td>10.5</td><td>5.029</td><td>0.952</td><td>0.485</td><td>0.970</td><td>1885.84</td></tr> <tr><td>12.0</td><td>4.400</td><td>0.833</td><td>0.480</td><td>0.960</td><td>1866.39</td></tr> <tr><td>12.5</td><td>4.224</td><td>0.800</td><td>0.477</td><td>0.954</td><td>1854.73</td></tr> <tr><td>13.5</td><td>3.911</td><td>0.741</td><td>0.475</td><td>0.950</td><td>1846.95</td></tr> <tr><td>16.5</td><td>3.200</td><td>0.606</td><td>0.465</td><td>0.930</td><td>1808.07</td></tr> <tr><td>19.5</td><td>2.708</td><td>0.513</td><td>0.455</td><td>0.910</td><td>1769.19</td></tr> <tr><td>22.5</td><td>2.347</td><td>0.444</td><td>0.440</td><td>0.880</td><td>1710.86</td></tr> <tr><td>25.5</td><td>2.071</td><td>0.392</td><td>0.415</td><td>0.830</td><td>1613.65</td></tr> <tr><td>28.5</td><td>1.853</td><td>0.351</td><td>0.410</td><td>0.820</td><td>1594.21</td></tr> <tr><td>31.5</td><td>1.676</td><td>0.317</td><td>0.395</td><td>0.790</td><td>1535.89</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		z	a/z	b/z	I	2I	$\sigma_z = 2 I * P$	1.5	35.200	6.667	0.500	1.000	1944.16	4.5	11.733	2.222	0.500	1.000	1944.16	7.5	7.040	1.333	0.490	0.980	1905.28	10.5	5.029	0.952	0.485	0.970	1885.84	12.0	4.400	0.833	0.480	0.960	1866.39	12.5	4.224	0.800	0.477	0.954	1854.73	13.5	3.911	0.741	0.475	0.950	1846.95	16.5	3.200	0.606	0.465	0.930	1808.07	19.5	2.708	0.513	0.455	0.910	1769.19	22.5	2.347	0.444	0.440	0.880	1710.86	25.5	2.071	0.392	0.415	0.830	1613.65	28.5	1.853	0.351	0.410	0.820	1594.21	31.5	1.676	0.317	0.395	0.790	1535.89
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h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

+10.5

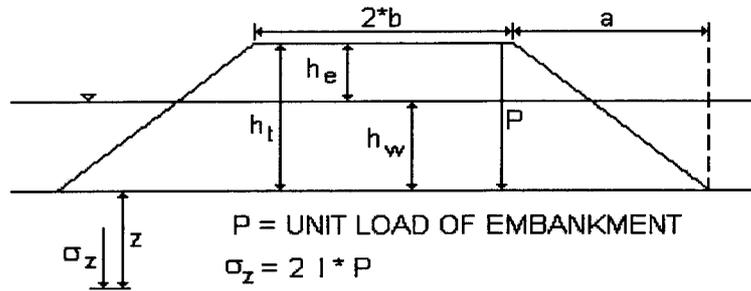
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-217)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio	Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	H _o (ft)	P _o (psf)	P _p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P _f (psf)	c _r	c _c	e _o	Rebound Curve C _{er}	Virgin Curve C _{ec}	ε _z x H _o = DH
0	3	1.5	78.9	1370.7	2006.66	2085.56	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	1.98
3	6	4.5	236.7	1528.5	2006.66	2243.36	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	1.56
6	9	7.5	394.5	1686.3	1966.53	2361.03	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	1.31
9	12	10.5	552.3	1844.1	1946.46	2498.76	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	1.14
12	13	12.5	657.5	1949.3	1914.35	2571.85	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.35

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-217

Total Settlement: 6.33



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 4.1$ $h_e = 14.0$ $h_t = 18.1$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2006.66$																																																																																				
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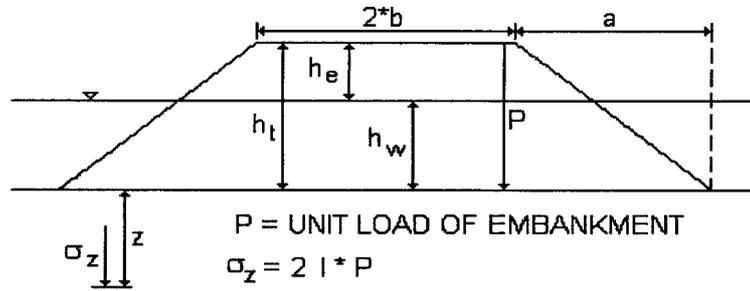
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-217)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure (psf)	Preconsolidation Pressure (psf)	Pressure Change (psf)	Final Pressure (psf)	Recompression Index c_r	Compression Index c_c	Initial Void Ratio e_o	Rebound Curve $C_{\epsilon r}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon c}$	Vertical Strain ϵ_z^*	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	Average	p_o	p_p	Δp	p_f	c_r	c_c	e_o	Rebound Curve $C_{\epsilon r}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon c}$	ϵ_z^*	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
0	3	1.5	78.9	1370.7	2069.16	2148.06	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.0569	2.05
3	6	4.5	236.7	1528.5	2069.16	2305.86	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.0452	1.63
6	9	7.5	394.5	1686.3	2027.78	2422.28	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.0380	1.37
9	12	10.5	552.3	1844.1	2007.09	2559.39	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.0334	1.20
12	13	12.5	657.5	1949.3	1973.98	2631.48	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.0304	0.37

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-217

Total Settlement: 6.61



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 4.1$ $h_e = 14.5$ $h_t = 18.6$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2069.16$				
z	a/z	b/z	I	$2I$	$\sigma_z = 2I * P$
1.5	37.200	6.667	0.500	1.000	2069.16
4.5	12.400	2.222	0.500	1.000	2069.16
7.5	7.440	1.333	0.490	0.980	2027.78
10.5	5.314	0.952	0.485	0.970	2007.09
12.0	4.650	0.833	0.480	0.960	1986.39
12.5	4.464	0.800	0.477	0.954	1973.98
13.5	4.133	0.741	0.475	0.950	1965.70
16.5	3.382	0.606	0.465	0.930	1924.32
19.5	2.862	0.513	0.455	0.910	1882.94
22.5	2.480	0.444	0.440	0.880	1820.86
25.5	2.188	0.392	0.430	0.860	1779.48
28.5	1.958	0.351	0.415	0.830	1717.40
31.5	1.771	0.317	0.405	0.810	1676.02

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-217)

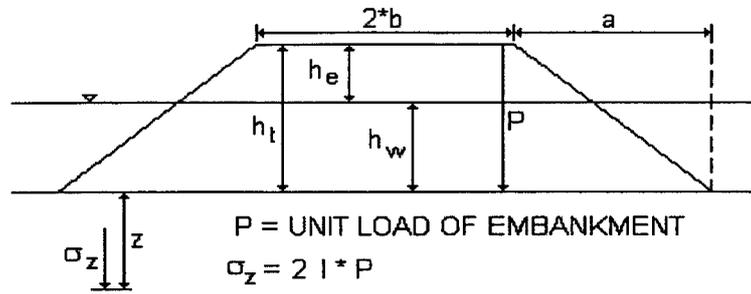
CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio		Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	Average	P_o (psf)	P_p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P_f (psf)	c_r	c_c	e_o	Rebound Curve $C_{\epsilon r}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon c}$	ϵ_z^*	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
0	3	1.5	78.9	1370.7	2131.66	2210.56	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.0589	2.12
3	6	4.5	236.7	1528.5	2131.66	2368.36	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.0470	1.69
6	9	7.5	394.5	1686.3	2089.03	2483.53	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.0397	1.43
9	12	10.5	552.3	1844.1	2067.71	2620.01	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.0350	1.26
12	13	12.5	657.5	1949.3	2033.6	2691.1	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.15632	0.0320	0.38

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-217

Total Settlement: 6.89

11.5-ft



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 4.1$ $h_e = 15.0$ $h_t = 19.1$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2131.66$																																																																																				
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">a/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">b/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">I</th> <th style="width: 10%;">2 I</th> <th style="width: 10%;">σ_z = 2 I * P</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1.5</td><td>38.200</td><td>6.667</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>2131.66</td></tr> <tr><td>4.5</td><td>12.733</td><td>2.222</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>2131.66</td></tr> <tr><td>7.5</td><td>7.640</td><td>1.333</td><td>0.490</td><td>0.980</td><td>2089.03</td></tr> <tr><td>10.5</td><td>5.457</td><td>0.952</td><td>0.485</td><td>0.970</td><td>2067.71</td></tr> <tr><td>12.0</td><td>4.775</td><td>0.833</td><td>0.480</td><td>0.960</td><td>2046.39</td></tr> <tr><td>12.5</td><td>4.584</td><td>0.800</td><td>0.477</td><td>0.954</td><td>2033.60</td></tr> <tr><td>13.5</td><td>4.244</td><td>0.741</td><td>0.475</td><td>0.950</td><td>2025.08</td></tr> <tr><td>16.5</td><td>3.473</td><td>0.606</td><td>0.465</td><td>0.930</td><td>1982.44</td></tr> <tr><td>19.5</td><td>2.938</td><td>0.513</td><td>0.455</td><td>0.910</td><td>1939.81</td></tr> <tr><td>22.5</td><td>2.547</td><td>0.444</td><td>0.440</td><td>0.880</td><td>1875.86</td></tr> <tr><td>25.5</td><td>2.247</td><td>0.392</td><td>0.430</td><td>0.860</td><td>1833.23</td></tr> <tr><td>28.5</td><td>2.011</td><td>0.351</td><td>0.415</td><td>0.830</td><td>1769.28</td></tr> <tr><td>31.5</td><td>1.819</td><td>0.317</td><td>0.405</td><td>0.810</td><td>1726.64</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		z	a/z	b/z	I	2 I	σ _z = 2 I * P	1.5	38.200	6.667	0.500	1.000	2131.66	4.5	12.733	2.222	0.500	1.000	2131.66	7.5	7.640	1.333	0.490	0.980	2089.03	10.5	5.457	0.952	0.485	0.970	2067.71	12.0	4.775	0.833	0.480	0.960	2046.39	12.5	4.584	0.800	0.477	0.954	2033.60	13.5	4.244	0.741	0.475	0.950	2025.08	16.5	3.473	0.606	0.465	0.930	1982.44	19.5	2.938	0.513	0.455	0.910	1939.81	22.5	2.547	0.444	0.440	0.880	1875.86	25.5	2.247	0.392	0.430	0.860	1833.23	28.5	2.011	0.351	0.415	0.830	1769.28	31.5	1.819	0.317	0.405	0.810	1726.64
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h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

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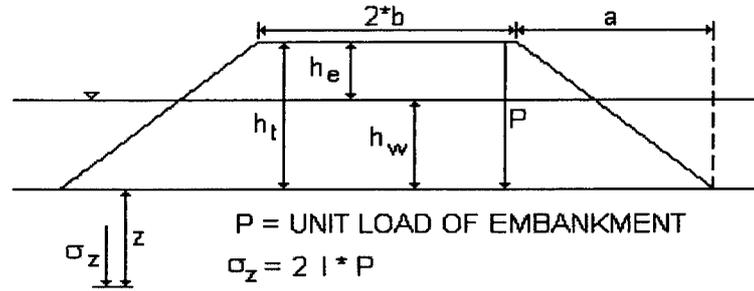
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-217)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio	Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	H _o (ft)	P _o (psf)	P _p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P _r (psf)	c _r	c _c	e _o	Rebound Curve C _{εr}	Virgin Curve C _{εc}	ε _z * = DH
0	3	1.5	78.9	1370.7	2194.16	2273.06	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.156324	2.19
3	6	4.5	236.7	1528.5	2194.16	2430.86	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.156324	1.76
6	9	7.5	394.5	1686.3	2150.28	2544.78	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.156324	1.49
9	12	10.5	552.3	1844.1	2128.34	2680.64	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.156324	1.32
12	13	12.5	657.5	1949.3	2093.23	2750.73	0.045	0.33	1.111	0.021317	0.156324	0.40

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-217

Total Settlement: 7.15



Only modify h_w and l , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 4.1$ $h_e = 15.5$ $h_t = 19.6$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2194.16$																																																																																				
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">a/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">b/z</th> <th style="width: 10%;">l</th> <th style="width: 10%;">2 l</th> <th style="width: 10%;">σ_z = 2 l * P</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1.5</td><td>39.200</td><td>6.667</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>2194.16</td></tr> <tr><td>4.5</td><td>13.067</td><td>2.222</td><td>0.500</td><td>1.000</td><td>2194.16</td></tr> <tr><td>7.5</td><td>7.840</td><td>1.333</td><td>0.490</td><td>0.980</td><td>2150.28</td></tr> <tr><td>10.5</td><td>5.600</td><td>0.952</td><td>0.485</td><td>0.970</td><td>2128.34</td></tr> <tr><td>12.0</td><td>4.900</td><td>0.833</td><td>0.480</td><td>0.960</td><td>2106.39</td></tr> <tr><td>12.5</td><td>4.704</td><td>0.800</td><td>0.477</td><td>0.954</td><td>2093.23</td></tr> <tr><td>13.5</td><td>4.356</td><td>0.741</td><td>0.475</td><td>0.950</td><td>2084.45</td></tr> <tr><td>16.5</td><td>3.564</td><td>0.606</td><td>0.465</td><td>0.930</td><td>2040.57</td></tr> <tr><td>19.5</td><td>3.015</td><td>0.513</td><td>0.455</td><td>0.910</td><td>1996.69</td></tr> <tr><td>22.5</td><td>2.613</td><td>0.444</td><td>0.445</td><td>0.890</td><td>1952.80</td></tr> <tr><td>25.5</td><td>2.306</td><td>0.392</td><td>0.435</td><td>0.870</td><td>1908.92</td></tr> <tr><td>28.5</td><td>2.063</td><td>0.351</td><td>0.420</td><td>0.840</td><td>1843.09</td></tr> <tr><td>31.5</td><td>1.867</td><td>0.317</td><td>0.410</td><td>0.820</td><td>1799.21</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		z	a/z	b/z	l	2 l	σ _z = 2 l * P	1.5	39.200	6.667	0.500	1.000	2194.16	4.5	13.067	2.222	0.500	1.000	2194.16	7.5	7.840	1.333	0.490	0.980	2150.28	10.5	5.600	0.952	0.485	0.970	2128.34	12.0	4.900	0.833	0.480	0.960	2106.39	12.5	4.704	0.800	0.477	0.954	2093.23	13.5	4.356	0.741	0.475	0.950	2084.45	16.5	3.564	0.606	0.465	0.930	2040.57	19.5	3.015	0.513	0.455	0.910	1996.69	22.5	2.613	0.444	0.445	0.890	1952.80	25.5	2.306	0.392	0.435	0.870	1908.92	28.5	2.063	0.351	0.420	0.840	1843.09	31.5	1.867	0.317	0.410	0.820	1799.21
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h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NAD	INSTALLATION Baltimore District	SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS
1. PROJECT JAMES ISLAND FEASIBILITY STUDY		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 2 3/4" HSA		
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) JAMES ISLAND		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL)		
3. DRILLING AGENCY CENAD-EN-66E		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL CME 45		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) JB-217		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVER-BURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN 11	DISTURBED 11	UNDISTURBED 0
5. NAME OF DRILLER McNamara		14. TOTAL NUMBER CORE BOXES		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED _____ DEG. FROM VERT.		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER		
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN 26.5'		16. DATE HOLE STARTED 9/21/04 COMPLETED 9/21/04		
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 26.5'		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING %		
		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR William G. [Signature]		

ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description) d	% CORE RECOVERY e	BOX OR SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, depth of weathering, etc., if significant) g																																				
	1		BLACK FINE SAND w/ Shells wet	53	J-1	<p>NOTE was drilled with CME 45 using 2 3/4" Hollow Stem Augers. Standard penetration test conducted using automatic hammer, driving 1/8" spoon blow count performed in 0.5' intervals for total 1.5' advance per sample interval.</p> <p>PRELIMINARY INSPECTOR'S LOG CLASSIFICATION NOT FINAL</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>DEPTH</th> <th>BLOW COUNT</th> <th>Penetration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.0 - 1.5</td> <td>WH/1.5</td> <td>000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.5 - 4.0</td> <td>WH/1.5</td> <td>000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.0 - 6.5</td> <td>WH/1.5</td> <td>000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7.5 - 9.0</td> <td>WH/1.5</td> <td>000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10.0 - 11.5</td> <td>WH/1.5</td> <td>000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.5 - 14.0</td> <td>11-8-7</td> <td>000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>15.0 - 16.5</td> <td>3-1-2</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>17.5 - 19.0</td> <td>4-7-11</td> <td>4.5 4.0 4.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20.0 - 21.5</td> <td>3-5-10</td> <td>4.5 4.5+ 4.5+</td> </tr> <tr> <td>22.5 - 24.0</td> <td>100/4</td> <td>4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+</td> </tr> <tr> <td>25.0 - 26.5</td> <td>5-8-10</td> <td>3.0 3.0 3.0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	DEPTH	BLOW COUNT	Penetration	0.0 - 1.5	WH/1.5	000	2.5 - 4.0	WH/1.5	000	5.0 - 6.5	WH/1.5	000	7.5 - 9.0	WH/1.5	000	10.0 - 11.5	WH/1.5	000	12.5 - 14.0	11-8-7	000	15.0 - 16.5	3-1-2		17.5 - 19.0	4-7-11	4.5 4.0 4.0	20.0 - 21.5	3-5-10	4.5 4.5+ 4.5+	22.5 - 24.0	100/4	4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+	25.0 - 26.5	5-8-10	3.0 3.0 3.0
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	4																																									
	5		GRAY CLAY																																							
	6			100	J-3																																					
	7																																									
	8		GRAY CLAY																																							
	9			100	J-4																																					
	10																																									
	11		GRAY CLAY -11.0-11.5 w/ SAND-	100	J-5																																					
	12																																									
	13		GRAY CLAY																																							
	14	133'	Brown Very Fine Sand wet	100	J-6																																					
	15																																									
	16	162'	Brown Very Fine Sand wet	100	J-7																																					
	17		GRAY CLAY DAMP																																							
	18																																									
	19		GRAY CLAY DRY	100	J-8																																					
	20																																									

DRILLING LOG (Cont Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE

Hole No. JB-217

PROJECT

JAMES IS.

INSTALLATION

Baltimore District

SHEET 2

OF 2 SHEETS

ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description) d	% CORE RECOVERY e	BOX OR SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, depth of weathering, etc., if significant) g
			GRAY CLAY			GPS COORDINATES
	21		Dry	100	J-9	N 38° 30' 02.2"
	22					W 076° 21' 09.5"
	23					Accuracy 20.4'
	24		DRY	100	J-10	WATER LEVEL
	25					Time 1015 1141
	26		DRY	100	J-11	Depth 9.5' 9.7'
	27		P.O.H. - 26.5'			<p>PRELIMINARY INSPECTOR'S LOG CLASSIFICATION NOT FINAL</p>
	28					
	29					
	30					
	31					
	32					
	33					
	34					
	35					
	36					
	37					
	38					
	39					
	40					
	41					
	42					
	43					

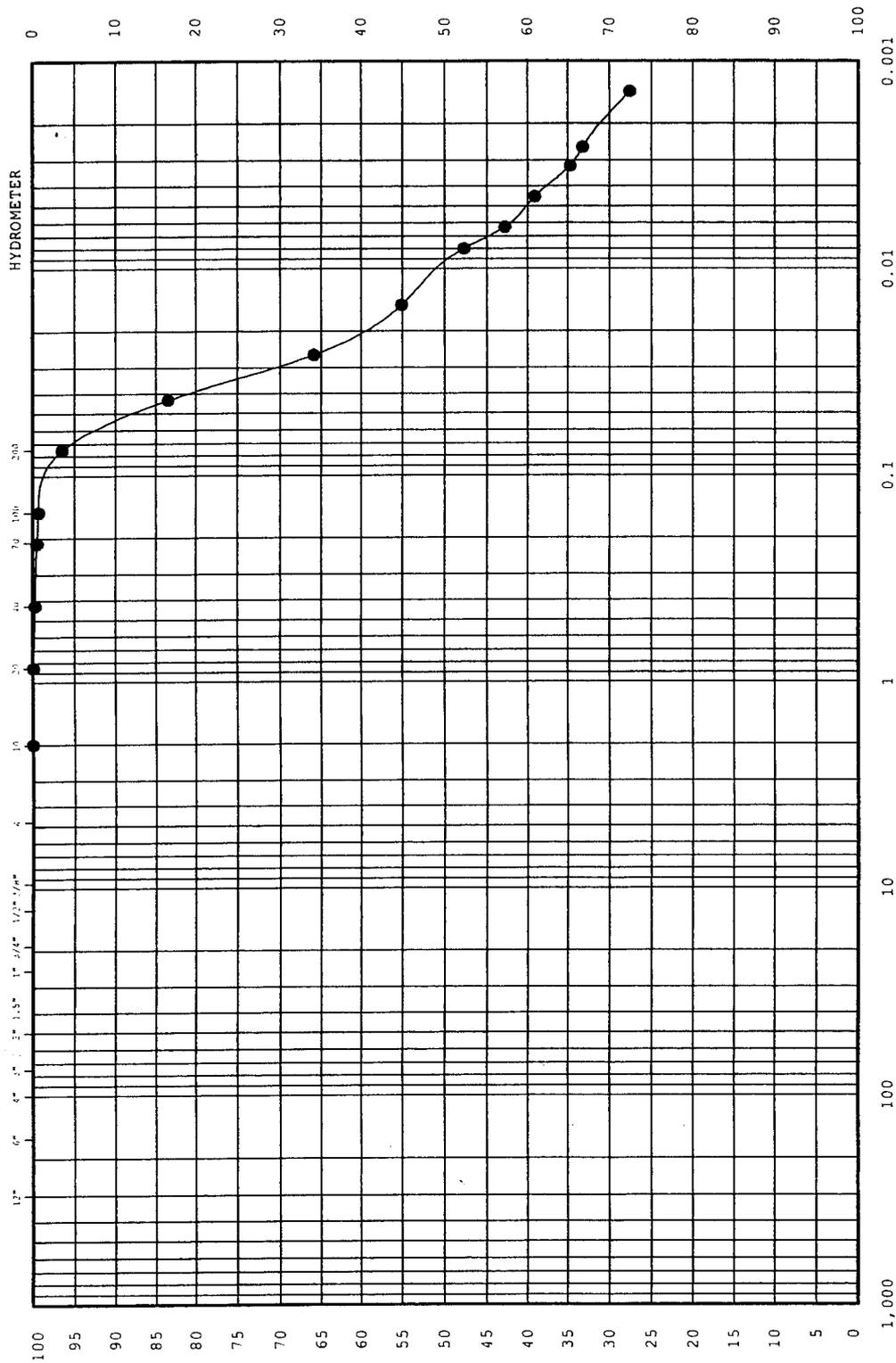
PROJECT

JAMES T.

HOLE NO.

JB-217

U.S. STANDARD SIEVE OPENING IN INCHES U.S. STANDARD SIEVE NUMBERS



PERCENT FINER BY WEIGHT

PERCENT COARSER BY WEIGHT

1,000 100 10 1 0.1 0.01 0.001

GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS

COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND			SILT or CLAY
	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	

Legend	Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Classification (ASTM D 2487)	Nat w%	LL	PL	PI
●	Shelby-1	6.0-8.0	LEAN CLAY	39.2	44	20	24
—							
—							
—							

PROJECT: James Island
 AREA: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
 Dorchester County, MD

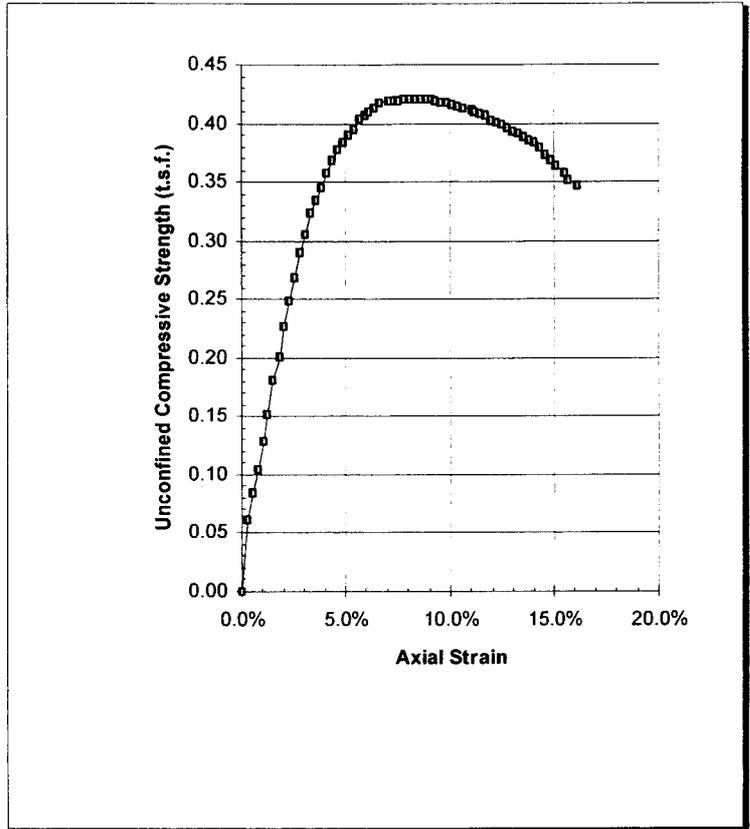
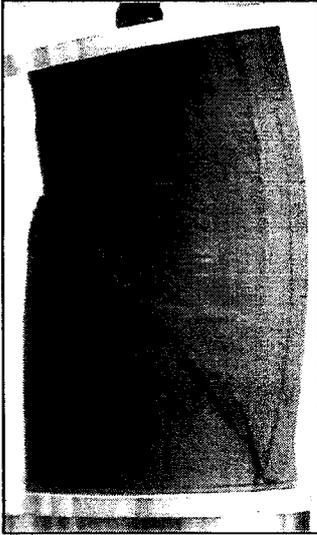
BORING NO.: JB-217A
 DATE: Nov 2004

REMARKS:

ENG FORM ENG2087 JAMES ISLAND, MID-BAY FEASIBILITY STUDY.GPJ GRADATION CURVES TEST METHODS: ASTM D 422, D 4318, D 2216

UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST

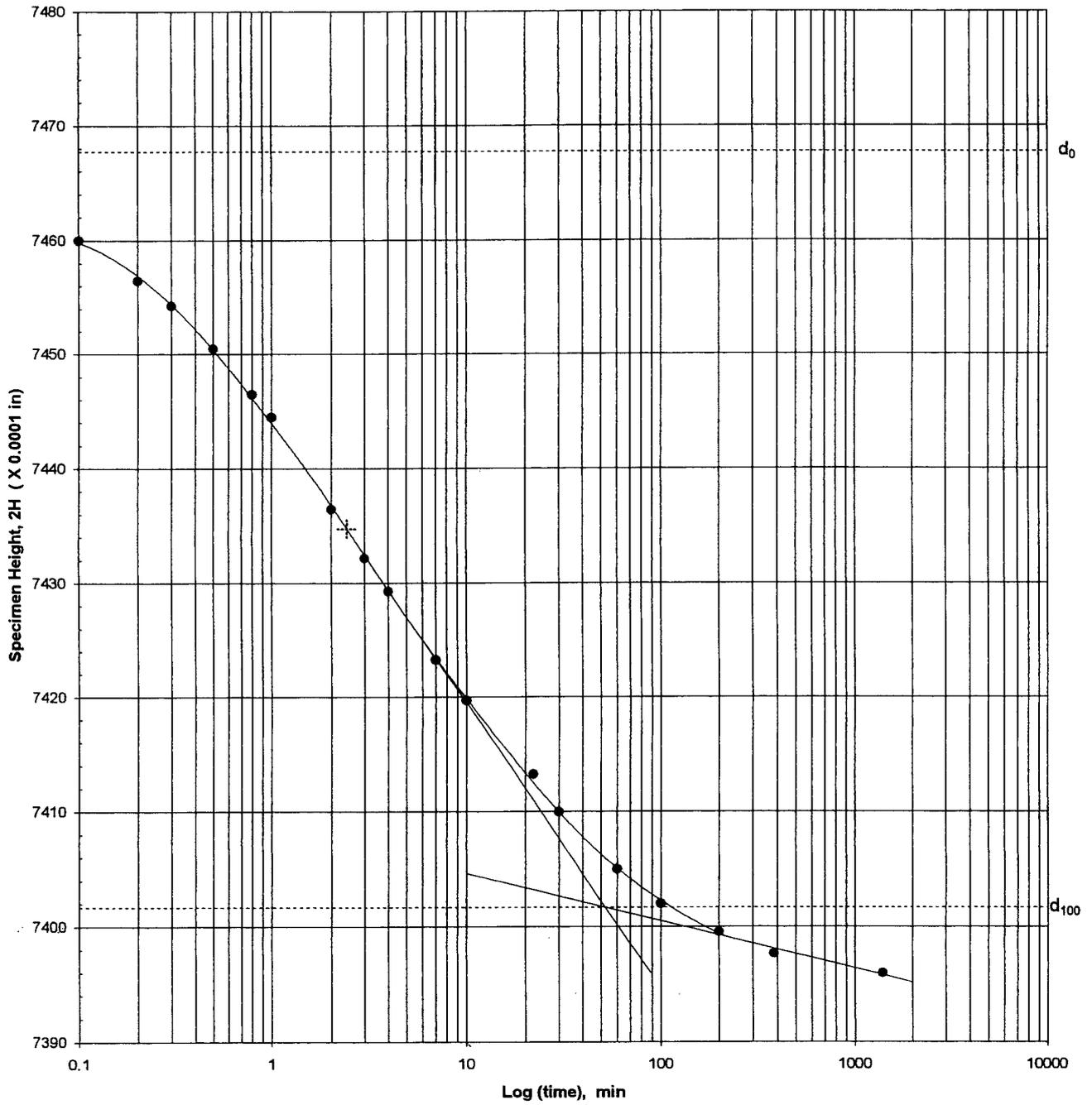
FAILURE SKETCHES



CONTROLLED STRAIN

TEST NO.	1	2	3	4
TYPE OF SPECIMEN	Undisturbed			
WATER CONTENT, %	w_o	38.5		
VOID RATIO	e_o	0.964		
SATURATION, %	S_o	100+		
DRY UNIT WEIGHT, LB./CU.FT.	γ_d	82.3		
TIME TO FAILURE, MIN.	t_f	8.0		
UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, TSF	q_u	0.42		
UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH, TSF	s_u	0.21		
SENSITIVITY RATIO	S_t	-----		
INITIAL SPECIMEN DIAMETER, IN.	D_o	2.84		
INITIAL SPECIMEN HEIGHT, IN.	H_o	6.10		
CLASSIFICATION: (ASTM D2487)				
V.moist, dk. greenish gray, soft-firm, LEAN CLAY (CL)				
LL= 44	PL= 20	PI= 24 (ASTM D4318)	G_s = 2.59 (ASTM D854)	
REMARKS:	PROJECT: James Island			
	Mid-Bay Feasibility Study			
	AREA: Dorchester County, MD			
	Hole No.: DH-217A	Sample No.: Shelby-1		
	Depth (ft.): 6.0-8.0	Date: Dec.2004		
ENG FORM 3659 (Test method: ASTM D2166)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST REPORT			

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **0.25** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **2.42** min
H = **0.3717** in
c_v = **1.87** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-217A

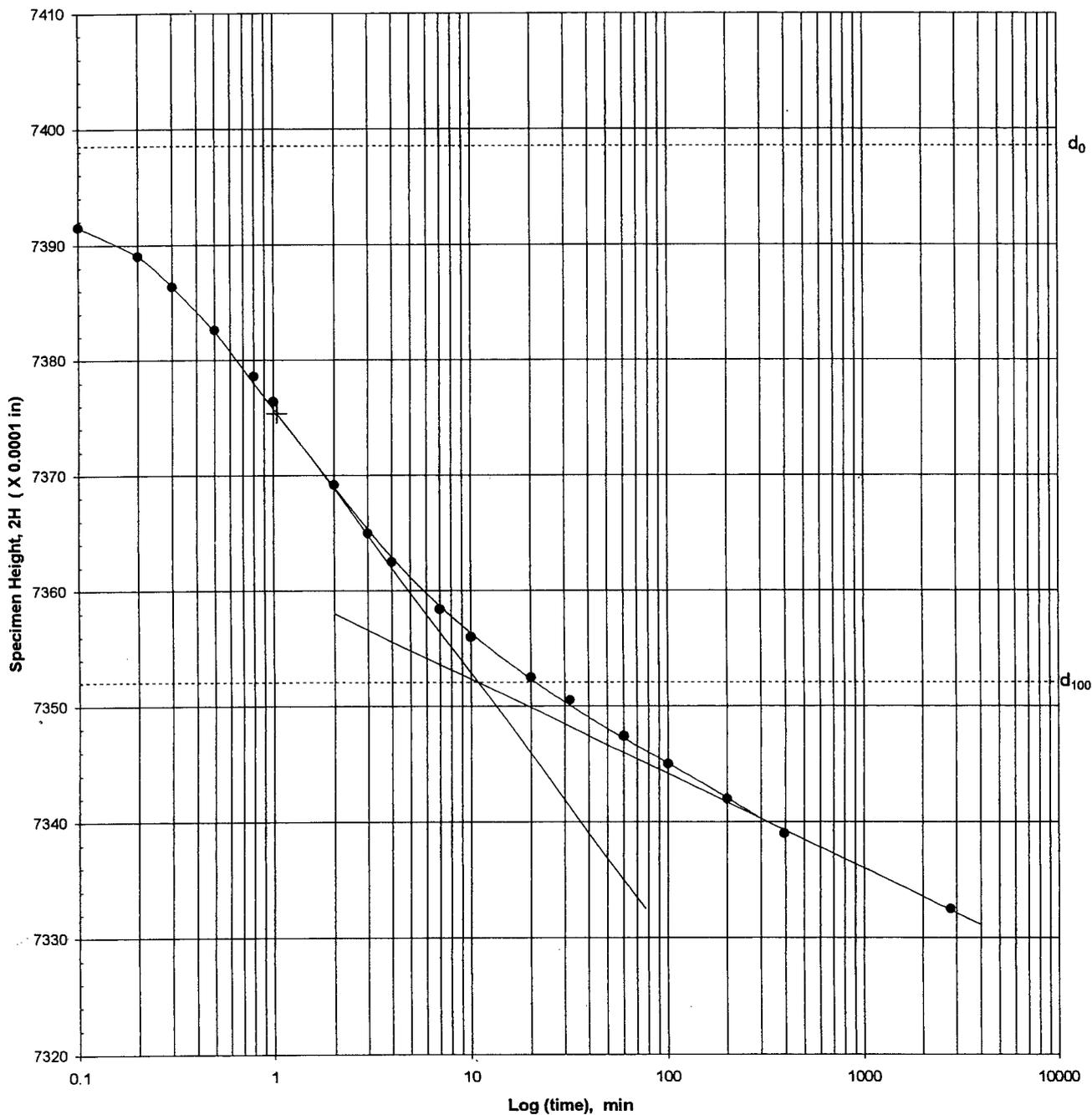
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = 0.50 tons/ft²
t₅₀ = 1.04 min
H = 0.3688 in
c_v = 4.27 X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-217A

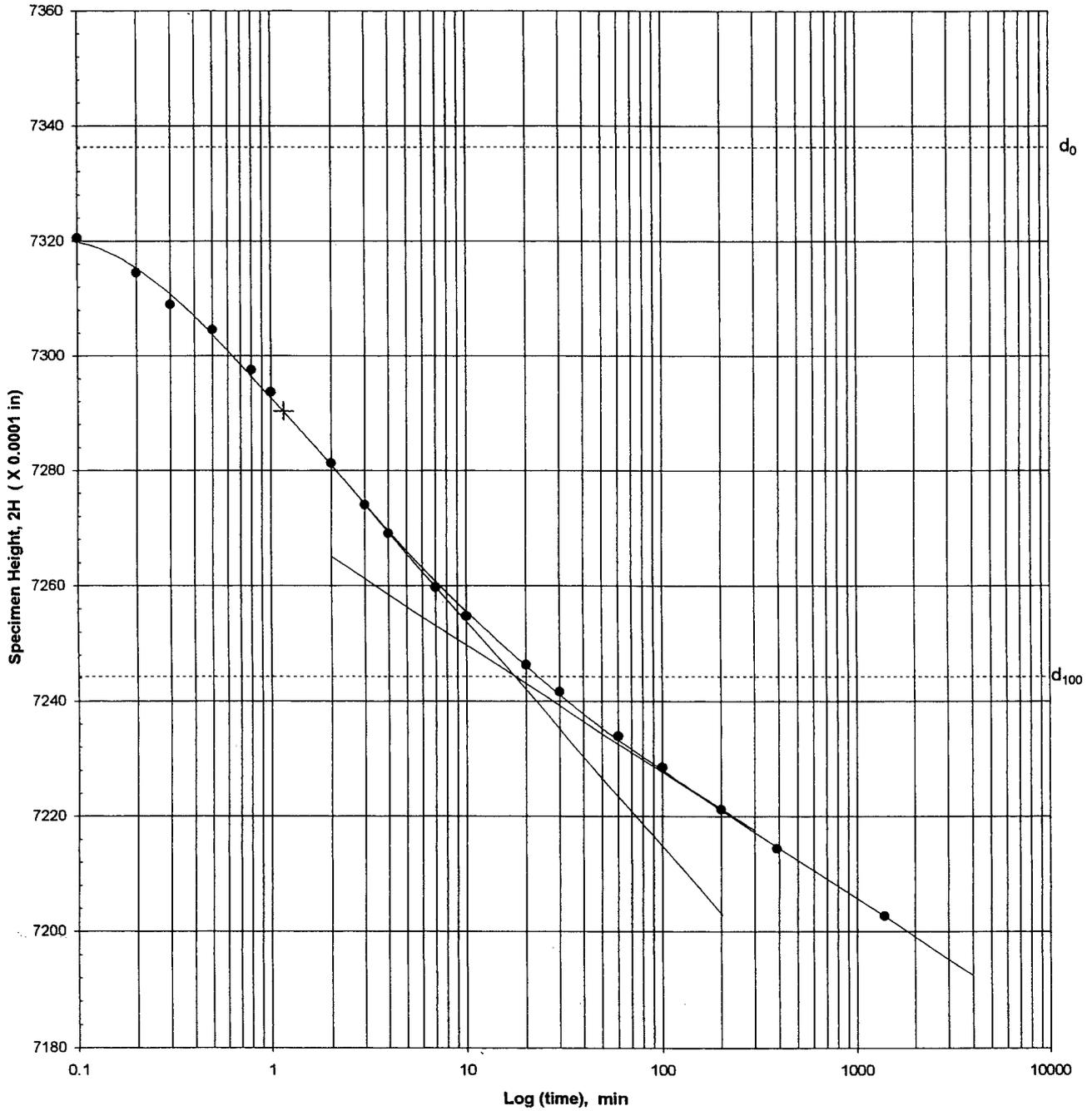
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

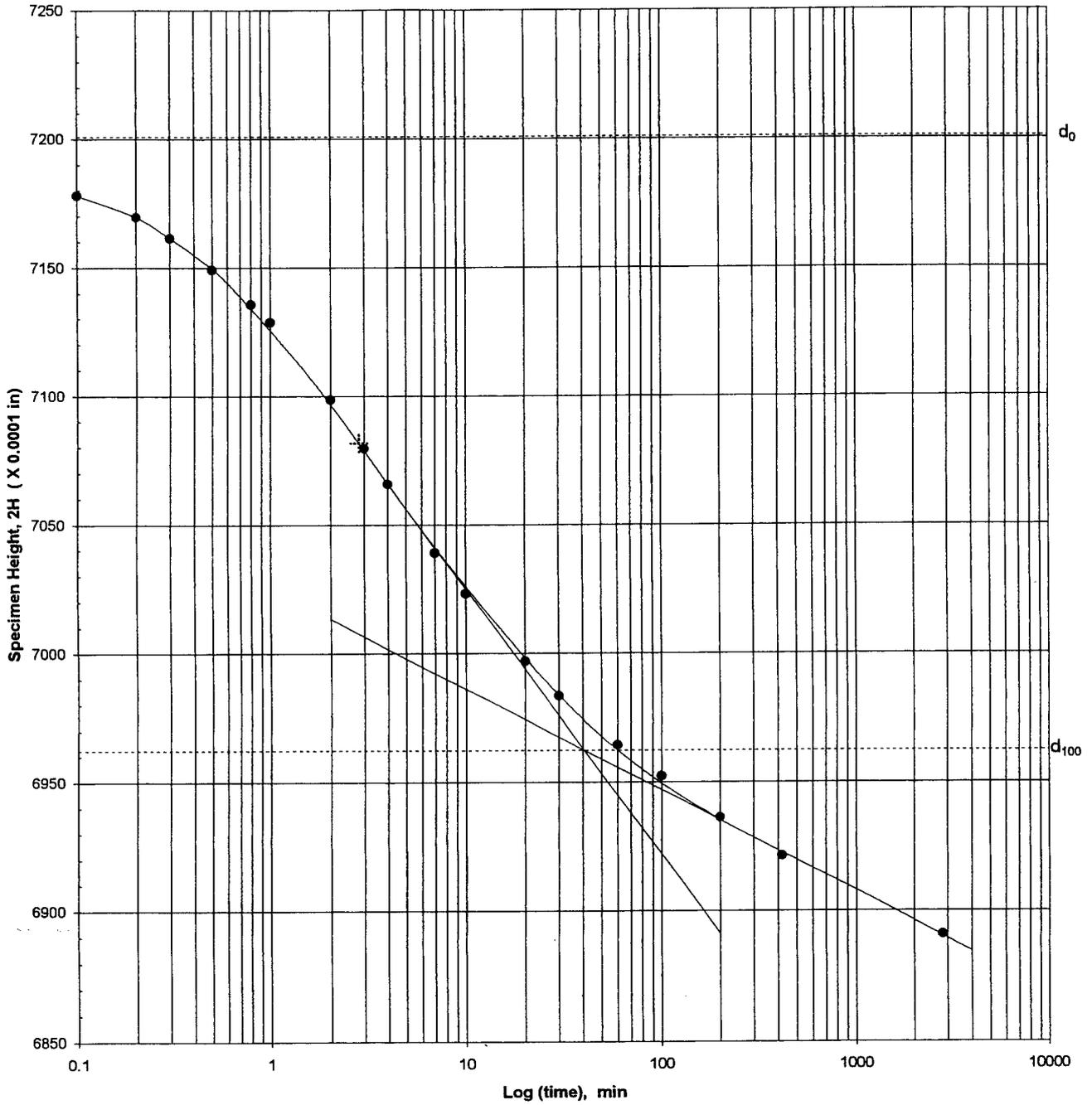
Normal Stress = 1.0 tons/ft²
t₅₀ = 1.15 min
H = 0.3645 in
c_v = 3.77 X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-217A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **2.0** tons/ft²
 t₅₀ = **2.82** min
 H = **0.3541** in
 c_v = **1.45** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-217A

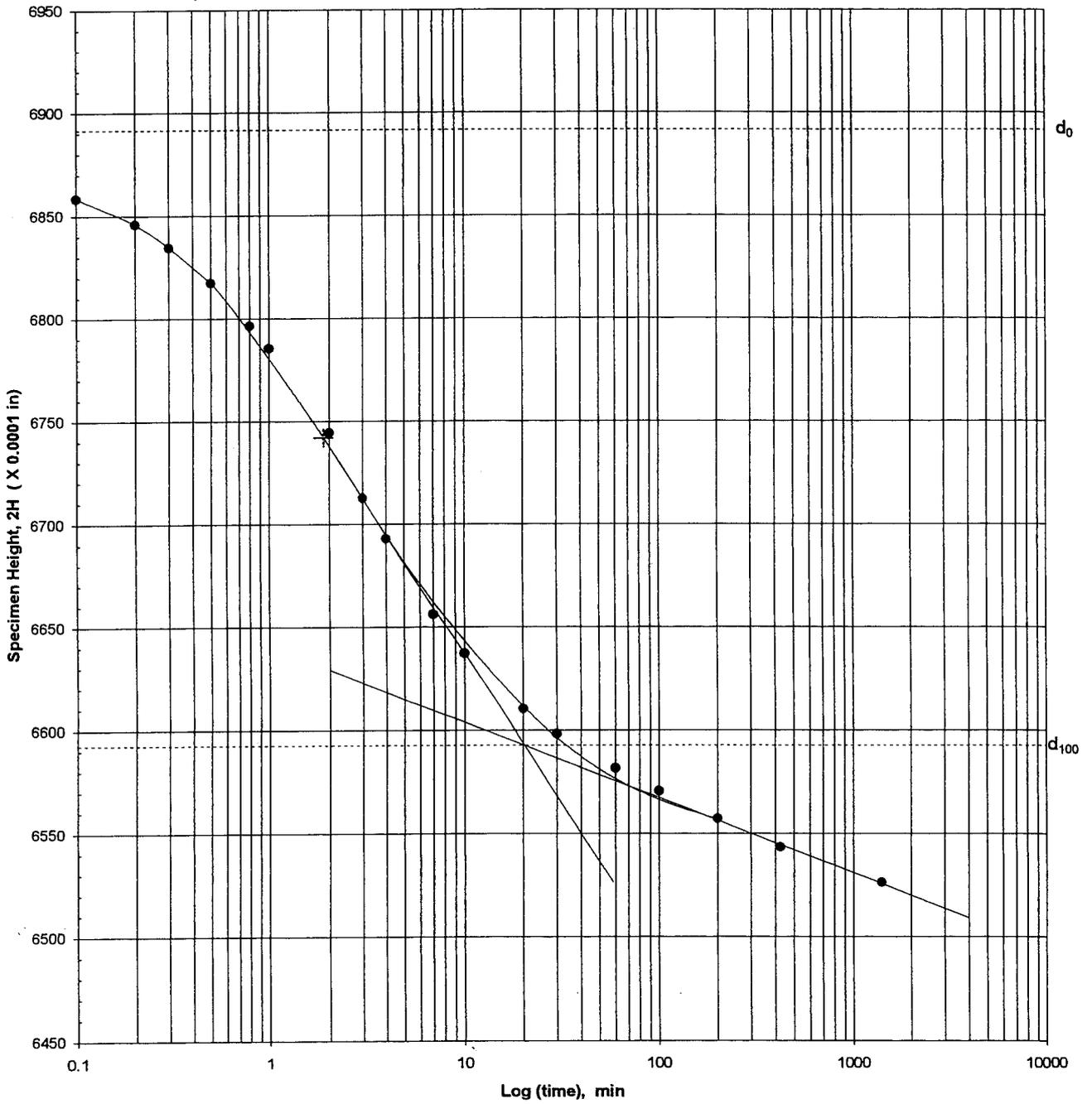
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

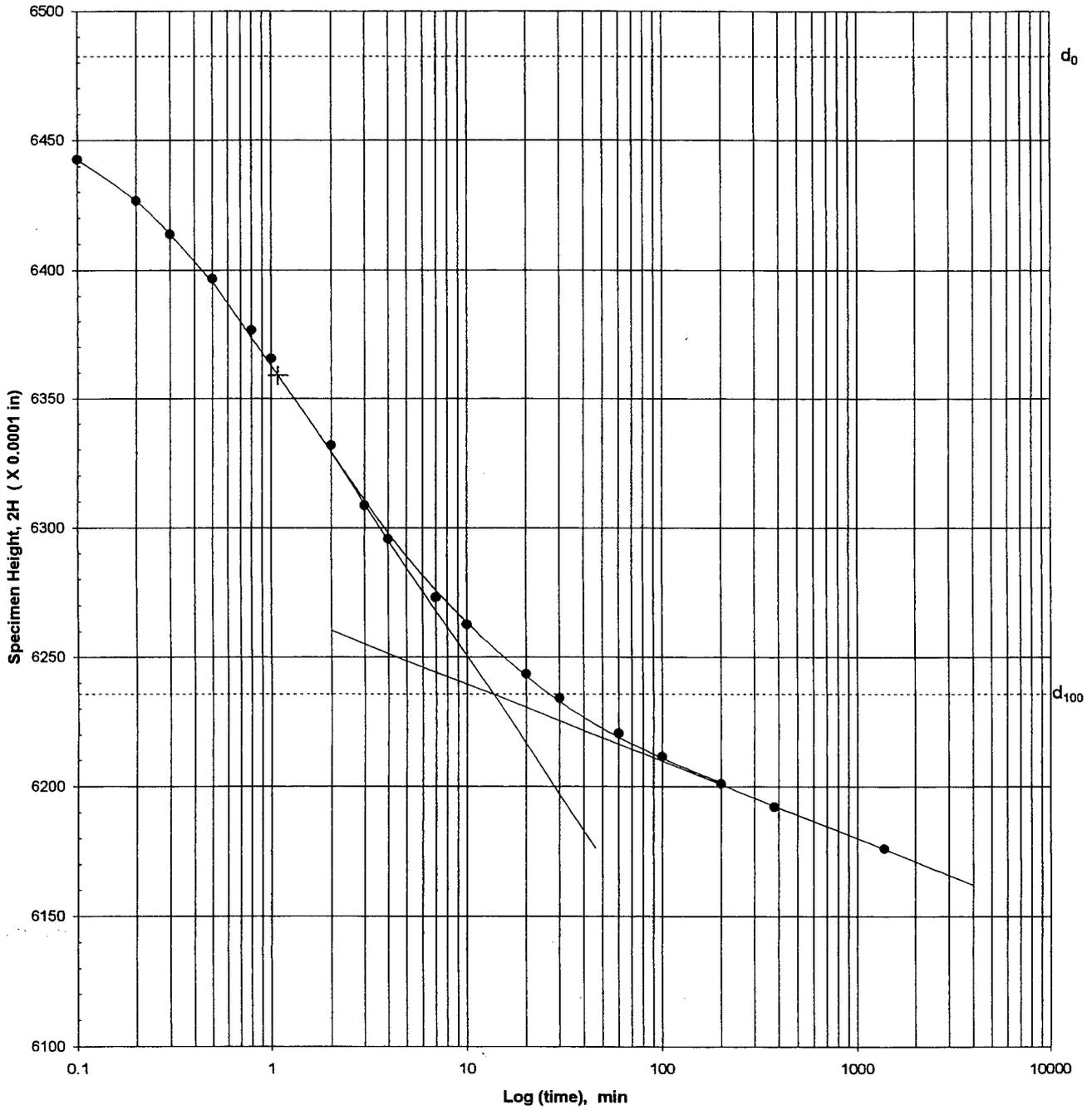
Normal Stress = **4.0** tons/ft²
 t₅₀ = **1.87** min
 H = **0.3371** in
 c_v = **1.99** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-217A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

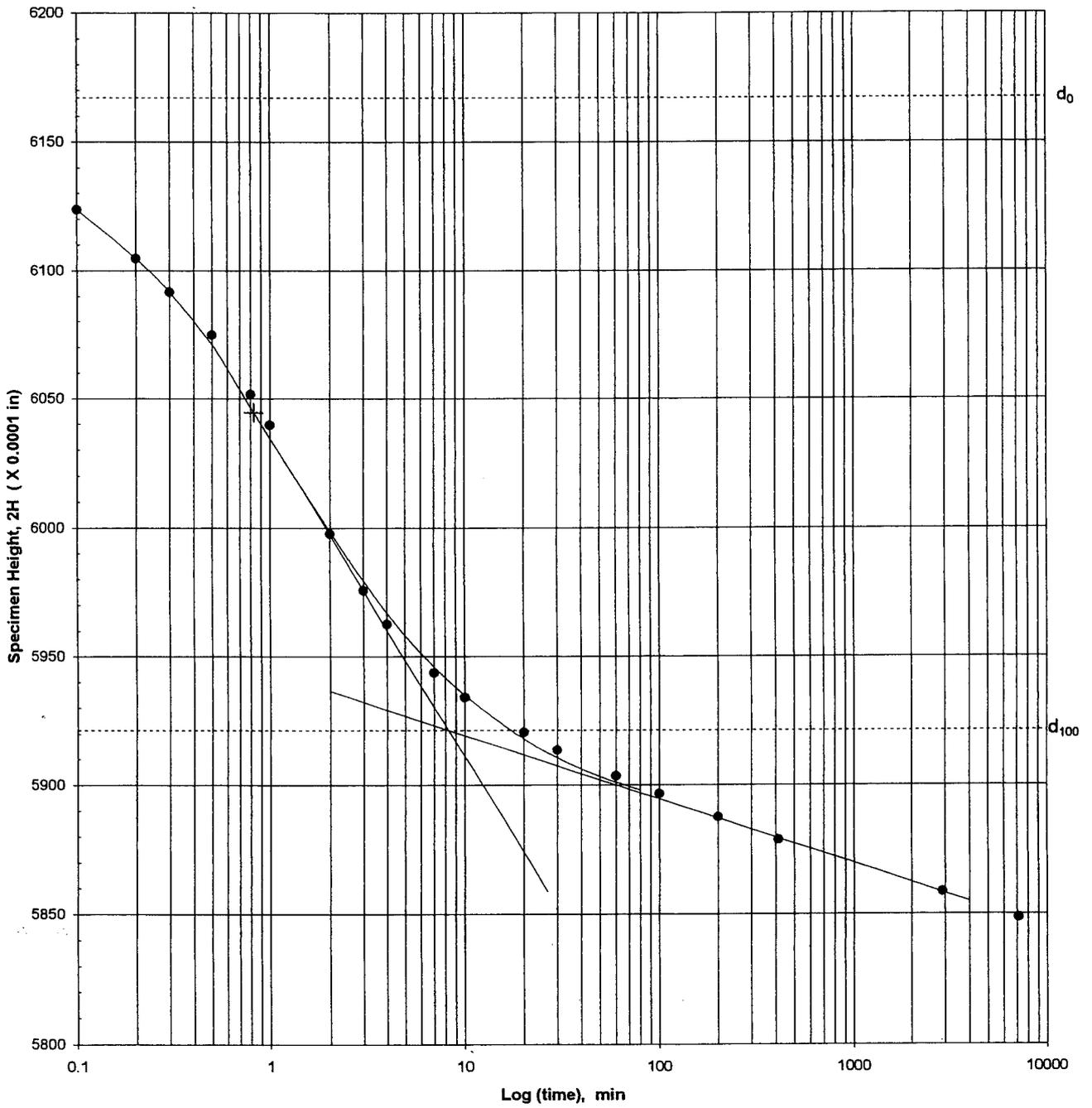
Normal Stress = 8.0 tons/ft²
 t₅₀ = 1.08 min
 H = 0.3179 in
 c_v = 3.06 X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-217A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **16.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **0.83** min
H = **0.3022** in
c_v = **3.59 X 10⁻⁴** in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-217A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
6.0-8.0

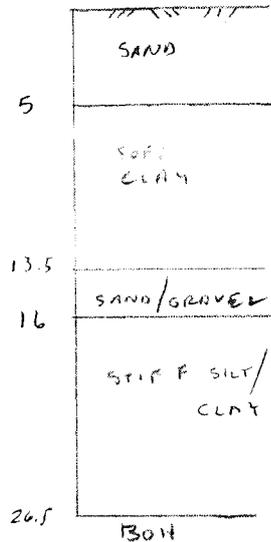
SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS FOR DH-218

ASSUME A DIKE SECTION TO VARYING ELEVATIONS (+10, +10.5, +11, +11.5, +12) WITH SIDESLOPES OF 3H:1V AND A CREST WIDTH OF 20 FEET. DEPTH OF WATER IS ASSUMED TO BE 8.5 FEET AT MLLW. USE EXTREME LOW TIDE OF -3.5 MLLW TO COMPUTE STRESS CHANGES FROM DIKE.

A CONSOLIDATION TEST WAS PERFORMED ON A CLAY SAMPLE OBTAINED FROM A DEPTH OF 8'-10". CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS SHOW A C_c OF .40 (FROM CORRECTED CURVE) AND A C_r OF .055. A PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE OF 1.2 tsf (2400 psf) WAS DETERMINED FROM THE $e-\log p$ CURVE.

OVERBURDENED PRESSURE, $P_0 = (115 - 62.4)(9) = 473.4 \text{ psf}$

$OCR = 2400 / 473.4 = 5.07$ (DUE TO JAMES ISLAND PREVIOUSLY EXISTING AT THIS LOCATION)



ASSUMED COMPRESSIBLE LAYER 8.5-FT IN THICKNESS.

ESTIMATED CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT RANGES FROM 2.0" - 3.0" (SEE ATTACHED SPREADSHEETS)

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS



TUBE CLASSIFICATION

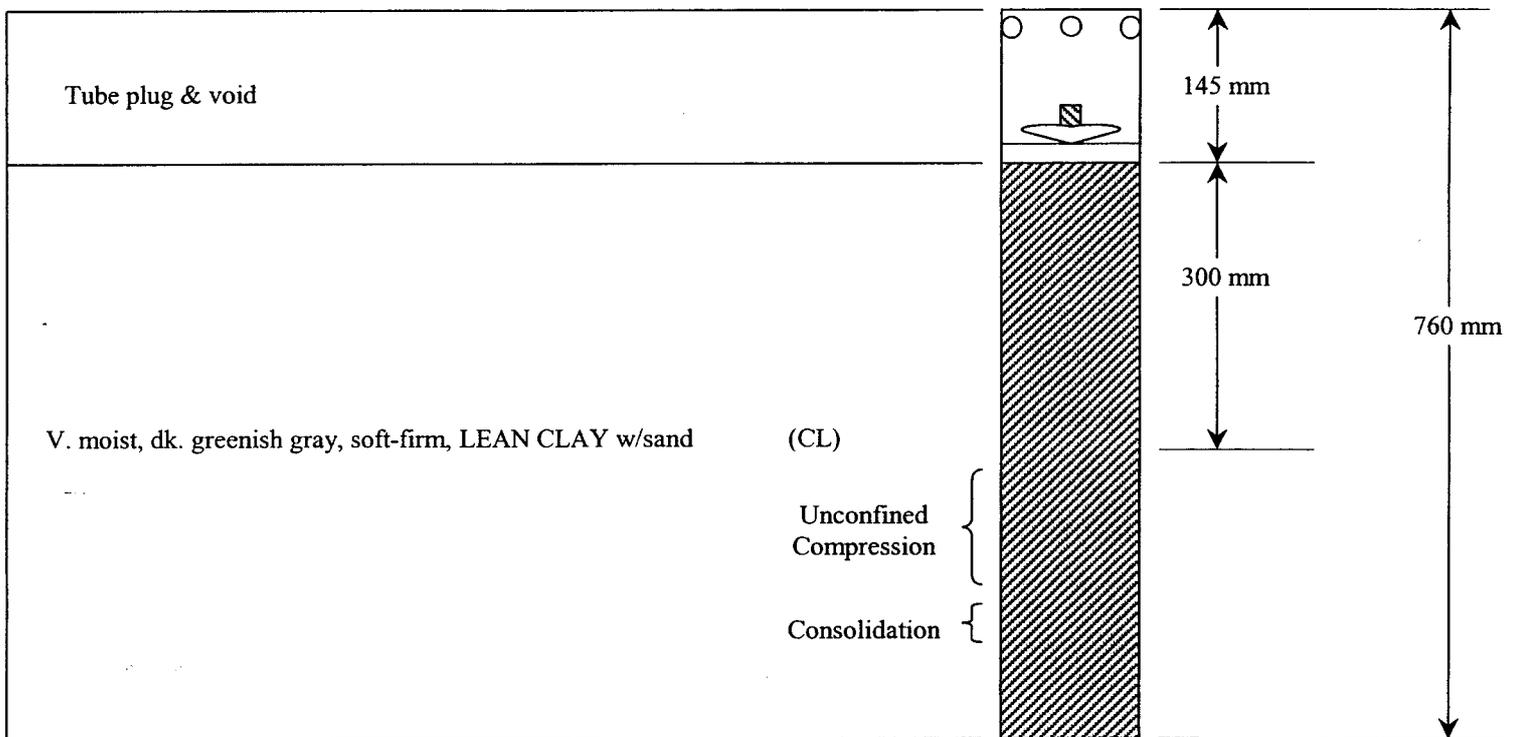
ASTM D2487

PROJECT: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
James Island

AREA: Dorchester County, MD

DATE: Nov 2004

Hole No.	Sample No.	Depth (ft)
DH-218A	Shelby-1	8.0-10.0



STA.
 OFFSET:
 TOP ELEV:

MID-BAY ISLAND FEASIBILITY STUDY N 307041.74
 JAMES ISLAND, DORCHESTER COUNTY, MD E 1496671.99

JB-218
 1 of 1

COMPLETED: September 21, 2004

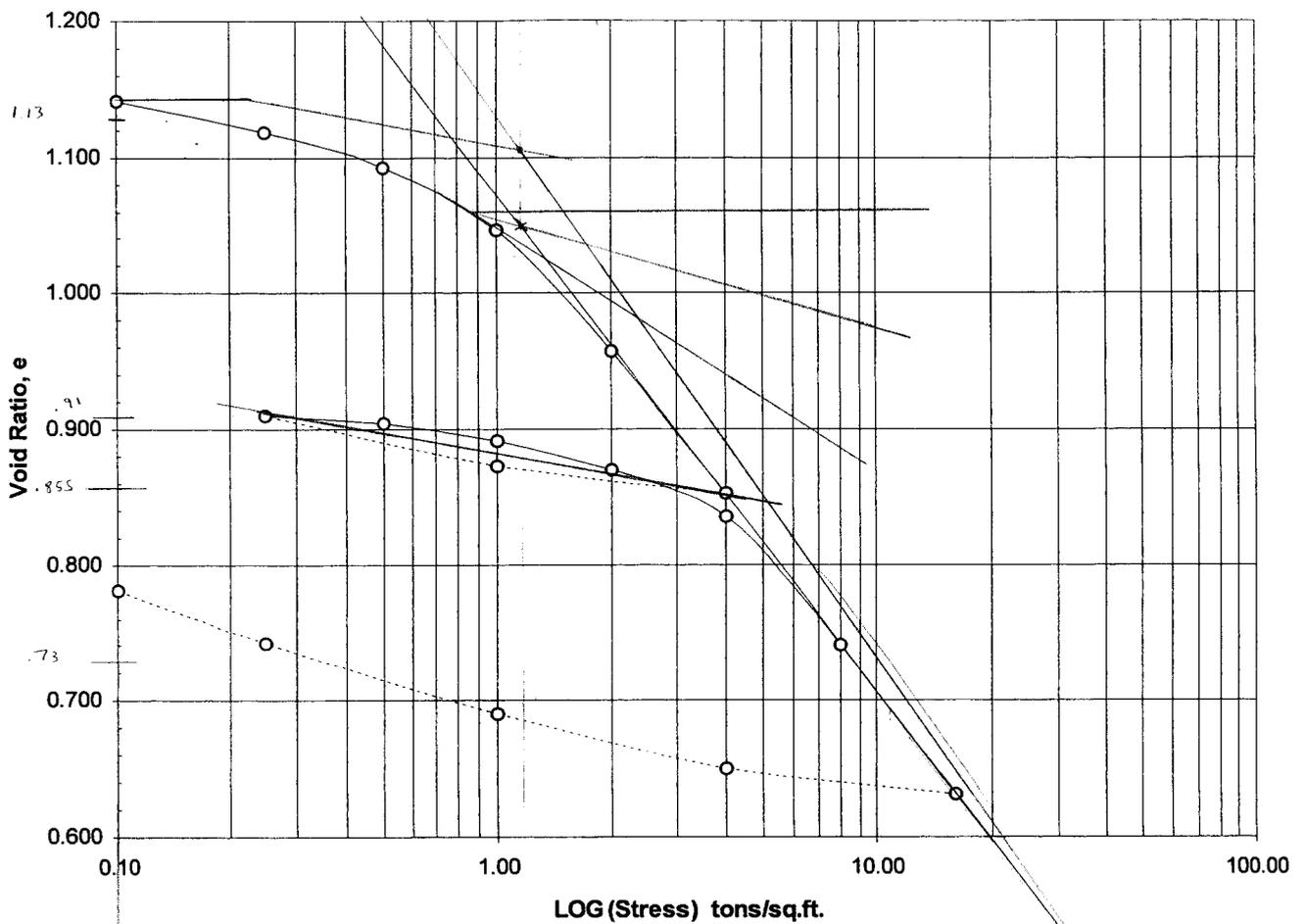
DEPTH(ft)	(c)	(d)	(a)	(b)
2.00	Wet, dk. gray, poorly graded fine SAND w/silt & shells (SP-SM)		WH/1.5	20.6
4.50	Wet, dk. gray, poorly graded fine SAND w/silt (SP-SM)		5-3-3	
9.50	V. moist, dk. greenish gray, soft-firm lean CLAY w/sand (CL)		1/1.0-1	32.4
14.50	V. moist, dk. gray, soft lean CLAY w/sand (CL)		WH/1.5	
17.00	Wet, v. dk. grayish brown, silty fine SAND w/gravel (SM)		WH/1.0-1	39.7
19.50	Moist, lt. olive brown, soft to firm SILT (ML) PPR 17.5'-19.0': 2.0, 2.0, 1.0		3-10-6	
26.50	Moist, dk. greenish gray, firm lean CLAY (CL) PPR 20.0'-21.5': 4.0, >4.5, 4.0 PPR 22.5'-24.0': 4.0, 4.0, 4.0 PPR 25.0'-26.5': 3.0, 3.0, 4.0		3-10-5	
	BOTTOM OF HOLE		5-5-8	
	Depth of bay water @ start of boring 9.5' @ 1015 Hrs. Depth of bay water @ completion 9.7' @ 1141 Hrs.		3-4-7	
			8-8-10	
			6-8-14	

GEO-2 JAMESISL.GPJ 12/21/04 10:03

JB-218
 GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

- P - indicates pressed Shelby tube sample obtained from an additional boring.
-  Fill
 -  Auger
 -  SPT
 -  RB
 -  Cored
 -  300 lb
 -  Tubex
 -  Hand
 -  Fish Tail
 -  Vibra Core
 -  Water Jet
 -  Odex



Handwritten: 0.40

Type of Specimen: Undisturbed		Before Test		After Test	
Diameter= 2.50 in.	Height= 0.75 in.	Water Content, %	w_o	w_f	
Overburden Pressure, $p_o = .237$ tons/sq.ft.		Void Ratio	e_o	e_f	
Preconsol. Pressure, $p_c = 1.2$ tons/sq.ft.		Saturation, %	S_o	S_f	
Compression Index, $C_c = -0.366$	<i>Handwritten:</i> .40	Dry Density	γ_d	79.5 lbs./cu.ft.	
Classification (ASTM D2487): Very moist, dark greenish gray, soft to firm, LEAN CLAY w/sand. (CL)					
LL = 42	PL = 19	PI = 23	(ASTM D4318)	$G_s = 2.74$	(ASTM D854)
Remarks:		PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD			
		Mid-Bay Feasibility Study			
		AREA: James Island			
		Hole No.: JB-218A	Sample No.: Shelby-1		
		Depth (ft.): 8.0-10.0	Date: Dec.2004		
ENG FORM 2090 (Test method: ASTM D2435)		CONSOLIDATION TEST REPORT			

+10.0

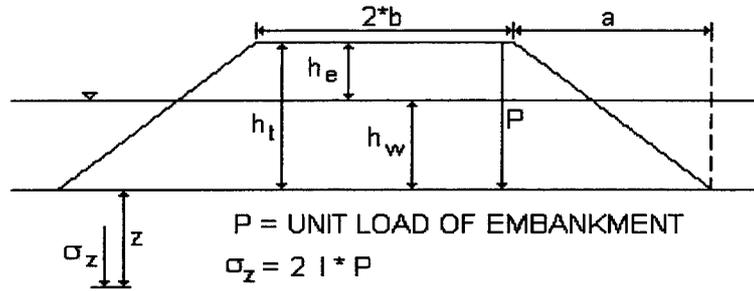
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
 PROJECT: JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-218)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
 DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio		Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	H_o (ft)	P_o (psf)	P_p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P_r (psf)	c_r	c_c	e_o	Rebound Curve $C_{\alpha r}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\alpha c}$	ϵ_z^*	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
5	7	6	315.6	2242.2	2000.5	2316.1	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0244	0.59
7	9	8	420.8	2347.4	1980.5	2401.3	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0209	0.50
9	11	10	526	2452.6	1960.49	2486.49	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0182	0.44
11	13.5	12.25	644.35	2584.1	1920.48	2564.83	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0153	0.46
												Total Settlement:	1.98

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-218

10-ft



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 5.0$ $h_e = 13.5$ $h_t = 18.5$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2000.50$																														
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 12.5%;">z</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">a/z</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">b/z</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">I</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">2 I</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">σ_z = 2 I * P</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">6.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">9.250</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.667</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.500</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.000</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2000.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">8.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.938</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.250</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.495</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.990</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1980.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">10.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5.550</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.000</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.490</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.980</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1960.49</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">12.25</td> <td style="text-align: center;">4.531</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.816</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.480</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.960</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1920.48</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	z	a/z	b/z	I	2 I	σ _z = 2 I * P	6.0	9.250	1.667	0.500	1.000	2000.50	8.0	6.938	1.250	0.495	0.990	1980.50	10.0	5.550	1.000	0.490	0.980	1960.49	12.25	4.531	0.816	0.480	0.960	1920.48	
z	a/z	b/z	I	2 I	σ _z = 2 I * P																										
6.0	9.250	1.667	0.500	1.000	2000.50																										
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12.25	4.531	0.816	0.480	0.960	1920.48																										

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

+10.5

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-218)

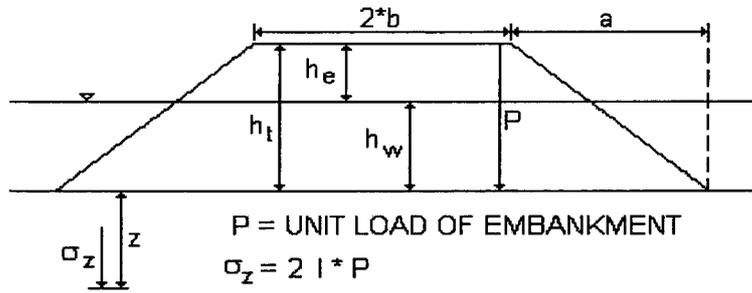
CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Compression Ratio	Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	Average	p_o (psf)	p_p (psf)	Δp (psf)	p_f (psf)	c_r	c_c	e_o	Rebound Curve $C_{\epsilon r}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon c}$	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = DH$
5	7	6	315.6	2242.2	2006.66	2322.26	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.59
7	9	8	420.8	2347.4	2006.66	2427.46	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.52
9	11	10	526	2452.6	1966.53	2492.53	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.44
11	13.5	12.25	644.35	2584.1	1946.46	2590.81	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.47

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-218

Total Settlement: 2.02

10.5-ft



Only modify h_w and l , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 5.0$ $h_e = 14.0$ $h_t = 19.0$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2063.00$																														
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 12.5%;">z</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">a/z</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">b/z</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">l</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">2 l</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">σ_z = 2 l * P</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">6.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">9.500</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.667</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.500</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.000</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2063.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">8.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7.125</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.250</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.495</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.990</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2042.37</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">10.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5.700</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.000</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.490</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.980</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2021.74</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">12.25</td> <td style="text-align: center;">4.653</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.816</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.485</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.970</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2001.11</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	z	a/z	b/z	l	2 l	σ _z = 2 l * P	6.0	9.500	1.667	0.500	1.000	2063.00	8.0	7.125	1.250	0.495	0.990	2042.37	10.0	5.700	1.000	0.490	0.980	2021.74	12.25	4.653	0.816	0.485	0.970	2001.11	
z	a/z	b/z	l	2 l	σ _z = 2 l * P																										
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12.25	4.653	0.816	0.485	0.970	2001.11																										

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-218)

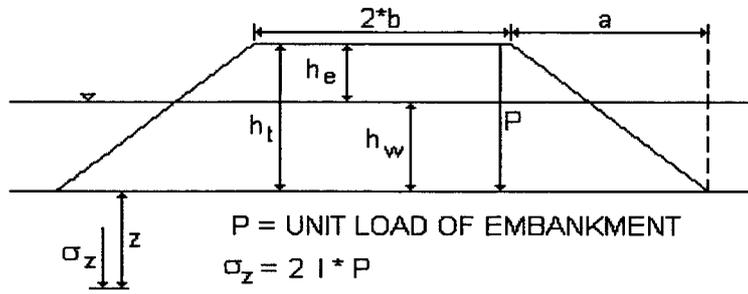
CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure (psf)	Preconsolidation Pressure (psf)	Pressure Change (psf)	Final Pressure (psf)	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Rebound Curve $C_{\epsilon r}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon c}$	Vertical Strain ϵ_z^*	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	H_o	p_o	p_p	Δp	p_f	c_r	c_c	e_o				$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
5	7	2	315.6	2242.2	2069.16	2384.76	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0268	0.64
7	9	2	420.8	2347.4	2069.16	2489.96	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0238	0.57
9	11	2	526	2452.6	2027.78	2553.78	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0204	0.49
11	13.5	2.5	644.35	2584.1	2007.09	2651.44	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0175	0.53

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-218

Total Settlement: 2.23

11-ft



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 5.0$ $h_e = 14.5$ $h_t = 19.5$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2125.50$																														
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h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

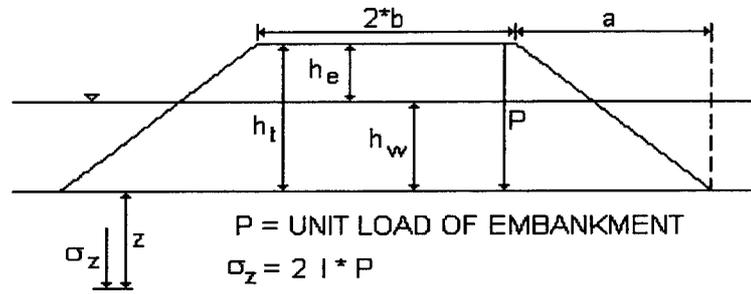
COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
 PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-218)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
 DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Rebound Curve	Virgin Curve	Compression Ratio	Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	H _o (ft)	P _o (psf)	P _p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P _r (psf)	c _r	c _c	e _o	C _{&r}	C _{&c}		ε _z *	ε _z x H _o = ΔH
5	7	2	315.6	2242.2	2188	2503.6	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0307	0.0307	0.74
7	9	2	420.8	2347.4	2166.12	2586.92	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0269	0.0269	0.65
9	11	2	526	2452.6	2144.24	2670.24	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0240	0.0240	0.58
11	13.5	2.5	644.35	2584.1	2122.36	2766.71	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0209	0.0209	0.63
													Total Settlement:	2.59

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-218

11.5-ft



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

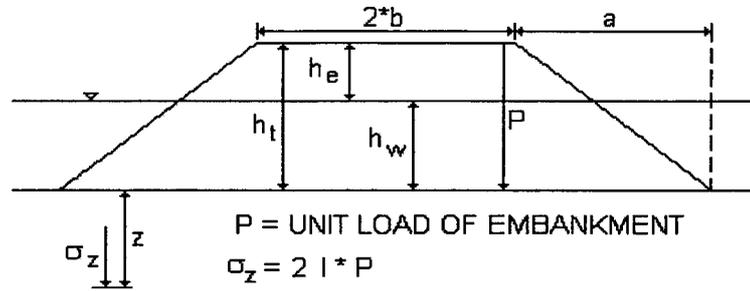
$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 5.0$ $h_e = 15.0$ $h_t = 20.0$ $b = 10.0$		$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2188.00$			
z	a/z	b/z	I	$2I$	$\sigma_z = 2I * P$
6.0	10.000	1.667	0.500	1.000	2188.00
8.0	7.500	1.250	0.495	0.990	2166.12
10.0	6.000	1.000	0.490	0.980	2144.24
12.25	4.898	0.816	0.485	0.970	2122.36

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
PROJECT JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-218)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness (ft)	Effective Overburden Pressure (psf)	Preconsolidation Pressure (psf)	Pressure Change (psf)	Final Pressure (psf)	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Rebound Curve C _r	Virgin Curve C _v	Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	Average	P _o (psf)	P _p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P _r (psf)	c _r	c _c	e _o	C _r	C _v	ε _z *	ε _z x H _o = DH
5	7	6	315.6	2242.2	2250.5	2566.1	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0327	0.78
7	9	8	420.8	2347.4	2228	2648.8	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0288	0.69
9	11	10	526	2452.6	2205.49	2731.49	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0258	0.62
11	13.5	12.25	644.35	2584.1	2182.99	2827.34	0.055	0.4	1.151	0.02557	0.18596	0.0227	0.68
Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-218												Total Settlement:	2.78



Only modify h_w and I , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 5.0$ $h_e = 15.5$ $h_t = 20.5$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 2250.50$																														
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h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NAD	INSTALLATION Baltimore District	SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS
1. PROJECT JAMES ISLAND FEASIBILITY STUDY		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 2 1/4" HSA		
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) JAMES ISLAND NAD		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL)		
3. DRILLING AGENCY CENAD-EN-66E		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL CME 45 Large Mounted		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) JB-218		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVER-BURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN 4	DISTURBED 1	UNDISTURBED 0
5. NAME OF DRILLER McNALLY		14. TOTAL NUMBER CORE BOXES		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED _____ DEG. FROM VERT.		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER		
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN 26.5'		16. DATE HOLE 9/21/04	STARTED 9/21/04	COMPLETED 9/21/04
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 26.5'		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING %		
		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR William Q. ...		

ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description) d	% CORE RECOVERY e	BOX OR SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, depth of weathering, etc., if significant) g																																																
	1		GRAY FINE SAND w/ R Shells	47	J-1	Hole was drilled with CME 45 using 2 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers. Standard penetration test conducted using automatic hammer, driving 1/8" split-spoon blow count specimens in 0.5' intervals for total test. 1/2" hollow stem sample interval.																																																
	2																																																					
	3			100	J-2																																																	
	4																																																					
	5		GRAY & Brown Clay	100	J-3	PRELIMINARY INSPECTOR'S LOG CLASSIFICATION NOT FINAL																																																
	6																																																					
	7																																																					
	8			100	J-4																																																	
	9																																																					
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	11		GRAY CLAY	100	J-5	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>J.P.A.R.</th> <th>DEPTH</th> <th>Blow COUNT</th> <th>Perc- tro meter</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0.0-1.5</td> <td>w/1.5</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>2.5-4.0</td> <td>5-3-3</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>5.0-6.5</td> <td>11.0-1</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>7.5-9.0</td> <td>w/1.5</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>10.0-11.5</td> <td>w/1.0-1</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>12.5-14.0</td> <td>3-10-6</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>15.0-16.5</td> <td>3-10-5</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>17.5-19.0</td> <td>5-5-8</td> <td>2.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>20.0-21.5</td> <td>3-4-7</td> <td>4.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>22.5-24.0</td> <td>8-8-10</td> <td>4.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11</td> <td>25.0-26.5</td> <td>6-8-14</td> <td>3.0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	J.P.A.R.	DEPTH	Blow COUNT	Perc- tro meter	1	0.0-1.5	w/1.5		2	2.5-4.0	5-3-3		3	5.0-6.5	11.0-1	0.0	4	7.5-9.0	w/1.5	0.0	5	10.0-11.5	w/1.0-1	0.0	6	12.5-14.0	3-10-6	0.0	7	15.0-16.5	3-10-5	0.0	8	17.5-19.0	5-5-8	2.0	9	20.0-21.5	3-4-7	4.0	10	22.5-24.0	8-8-10	4.0	11	25.0-26.5	6-8-14	3.0
J.P.A.R.	DEPTH	Blow COUNT	Perc- tro meter																																																			
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2	2.5-4.0	5-3-3																																																				
3	5.0-6.5	11.0-1	0.0																																																			
4	7.5-9.0	w/1.5	0.0																																																			
5	10.0-11.5	w/1.0-1	0.0																																																			
6	12.5-14.0	3-10-6	0.0																																																			
7	15.0-16.5	3-10-5	0.0																																																			
8	17.5-19.0	5-5-8	2.0																																																			
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	14	13.4	BLACK Very Fine Sand w/ Gravel																																																			
	15																																																					
	16		GREEN SILT w/ Gravel	100	J-7																																																	
	17																																																					
	18		GREEN SILT	100	J-8																																																	
	19																																																					

DRILLING LOG (Cont Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE

Hole No. JB-218

PROJECT

JAMES IS.

INSTALLATION

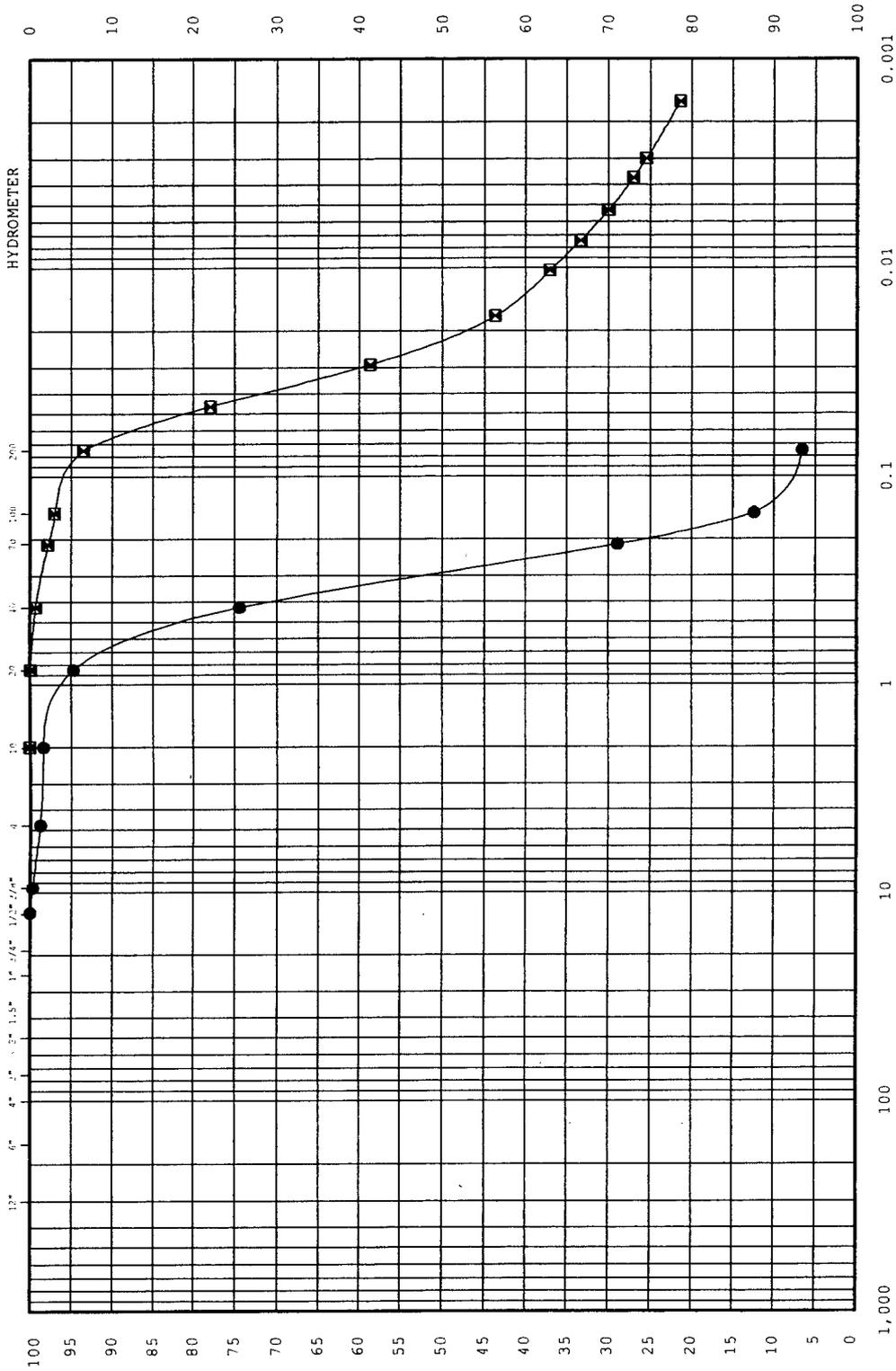
Baltimore District

SHEET 2

OF 2 SHEETS

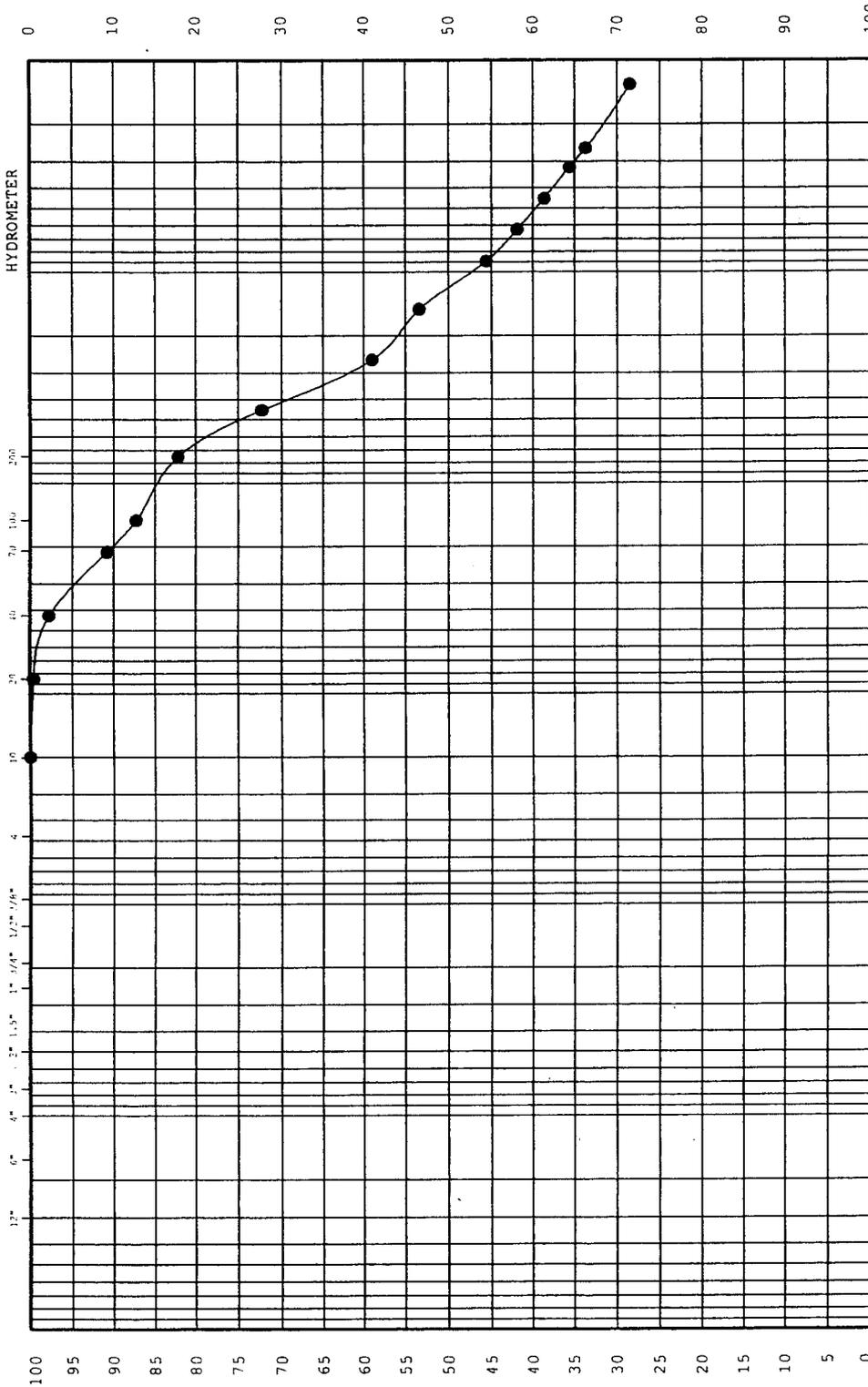
ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description) d	% CORE RECOV- ERY e	BOX OR SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, depth of weathering, etc., if significant) g
			GRAY CLAY			GPS coordinates
	21		DRY	100	J-9	N 38° 30' 02.2"
	22					W 076° 21' 09.5"
	23					ACCURACY 20.4'
	24		DRY	100	J-10	Water level
	25					Time 1015 1141
	26		DRY	100	J-11	Depth 9.5' 9.7'
	27		BOH - 26.5'			<p>PRELIMINARY INSPECTOR'S LOG CLASSIFICATION NOT FINAL</p>
	28					
	29					
	30					
	31					
	32					
	33					
	34					
	35					
	36					
	37					
	38					
	39					
	40					
	41					
	42					
	43					

U.S. STANDARD SIEVE OPENING IN INCHES U.S. STANDARD SIEVE NUMBERS



U.S. STANDARD SIEVE OPENING IN INCHES

U.S. STANDARD SIEVE NUMBERS



PERCENT COARSER BY WEIGHT

PERCENT FINER BY WEIGHT

GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS

COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND			SILT or CLAY
	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	

Legend	Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Classification (ASTM D 2487)	Nat w _c	LL	PL	PI
●	Shelby-1	8.0-10.0	LEAN CLAY with SAND	CL 39.7	42	19	23

PROJECT: James Island
 AREA: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
 Dorchester County, MD

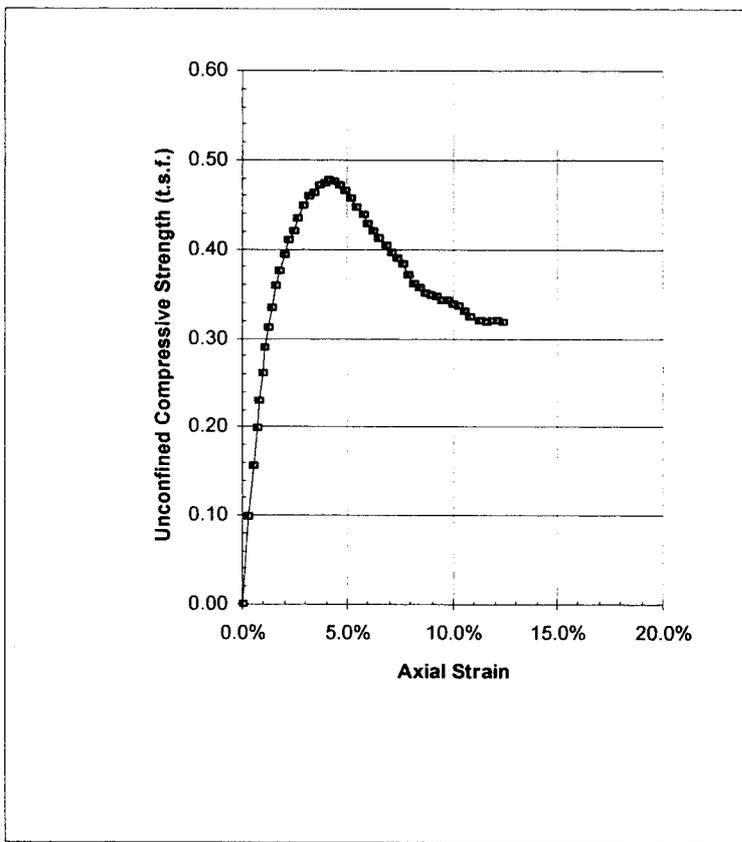
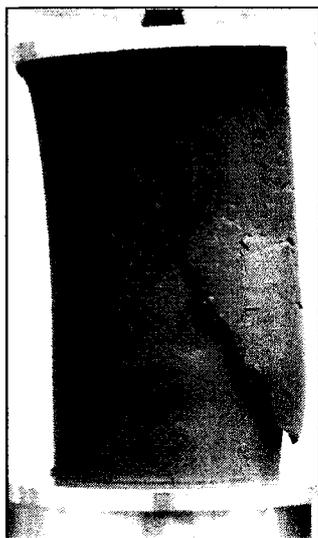
BORING NO.: JB-218A
 DATE: Nov 2004

REMARKS:

ENG FORM ENG2007/JAMES ISLAND, MID-BAY FEASIBILITY STUDY.GPJ GRADATION CURVES TEST METHODS: ASTM D 422, D4318, D2216

UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST

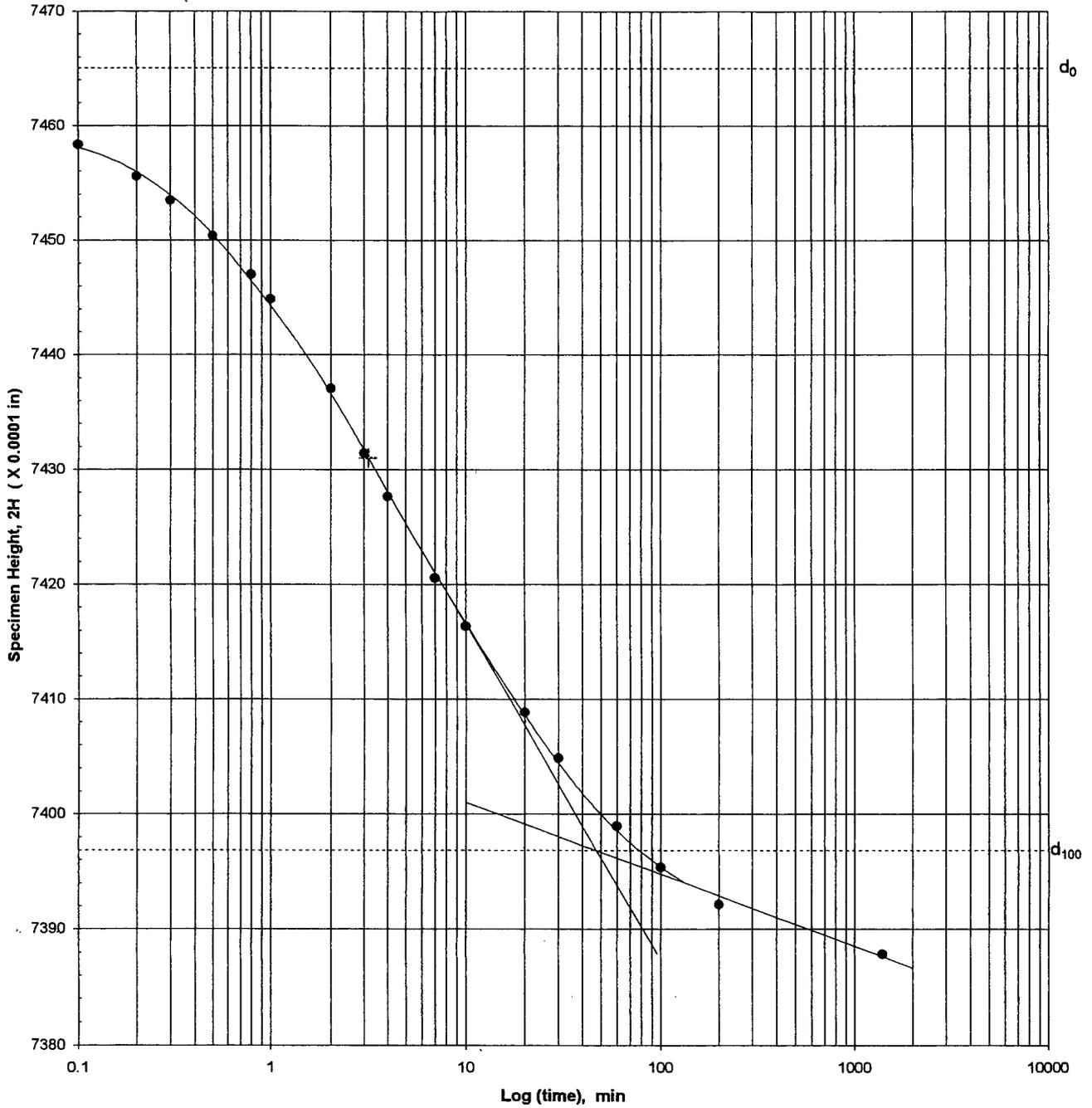
FAILURE SKETCHES



CONTROLLED STRAIN

TEST NO.	1	2	3	4
TYPE OF SPECIMEN	Undisturbed			
WATER CONTENT, %	w_o 35.7			
VOID RATIO	e_o 0.842			
SATURATION, %	S_o 100+			
DRY UNIT WEIGHT, LB./CU.FT.	γ_d 86.4			
TIME TO FAILURE, MIN.	t_f 5.0			
UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, TSF	q_u 0.48			
UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH, TSF	s_u 0.24			
SENSITIVITY RATIO	S_t -----			
INITIAL SPECIMEN DIAMETER, IN.	D_o 2.87			
INITIAL SPECIMEN HEIGHT, IN.	H_o 6.14			
CLASSIFICATION: (ASTM D2487)				
V.moist, dk. greenish gray, soft-firm, LEAN CLAY w/ sand (CL)				
LL= 42	PL= 19	PI= 23 (ASTM D4318)	G_s = 2.55 (ASTM D854)	
REMARKS:	PROJECT: James Island			
	Mid-Bay Feasibility Study			
	AREA: Dorchester County, MD			
	Hole No.: DH-218A	Sample No.: Shelby-1		
	Depth (ft.): 8.0-10.0	Date: Dec.2004		
ENG FORM 3659 (Test method: ASTM D2166)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST REPORT			

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **0.25** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **3.18** min
H = **0.3715** in
c_v = **1.42** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-218A

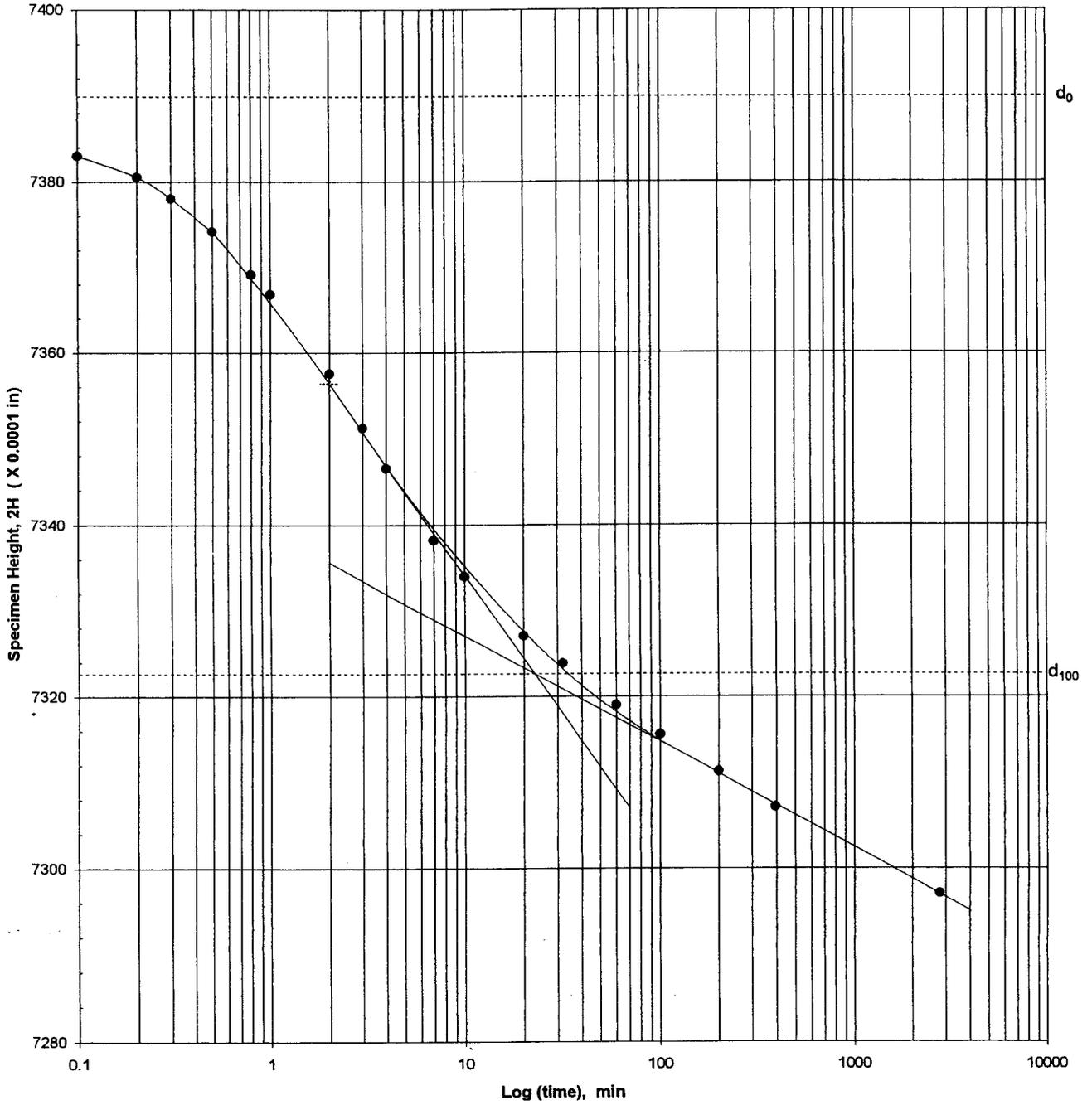
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

8.0-10.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **0.5** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **2** min
H = **0.3678** in
c_v = **2.21 X 10⁻⁴** in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-218A

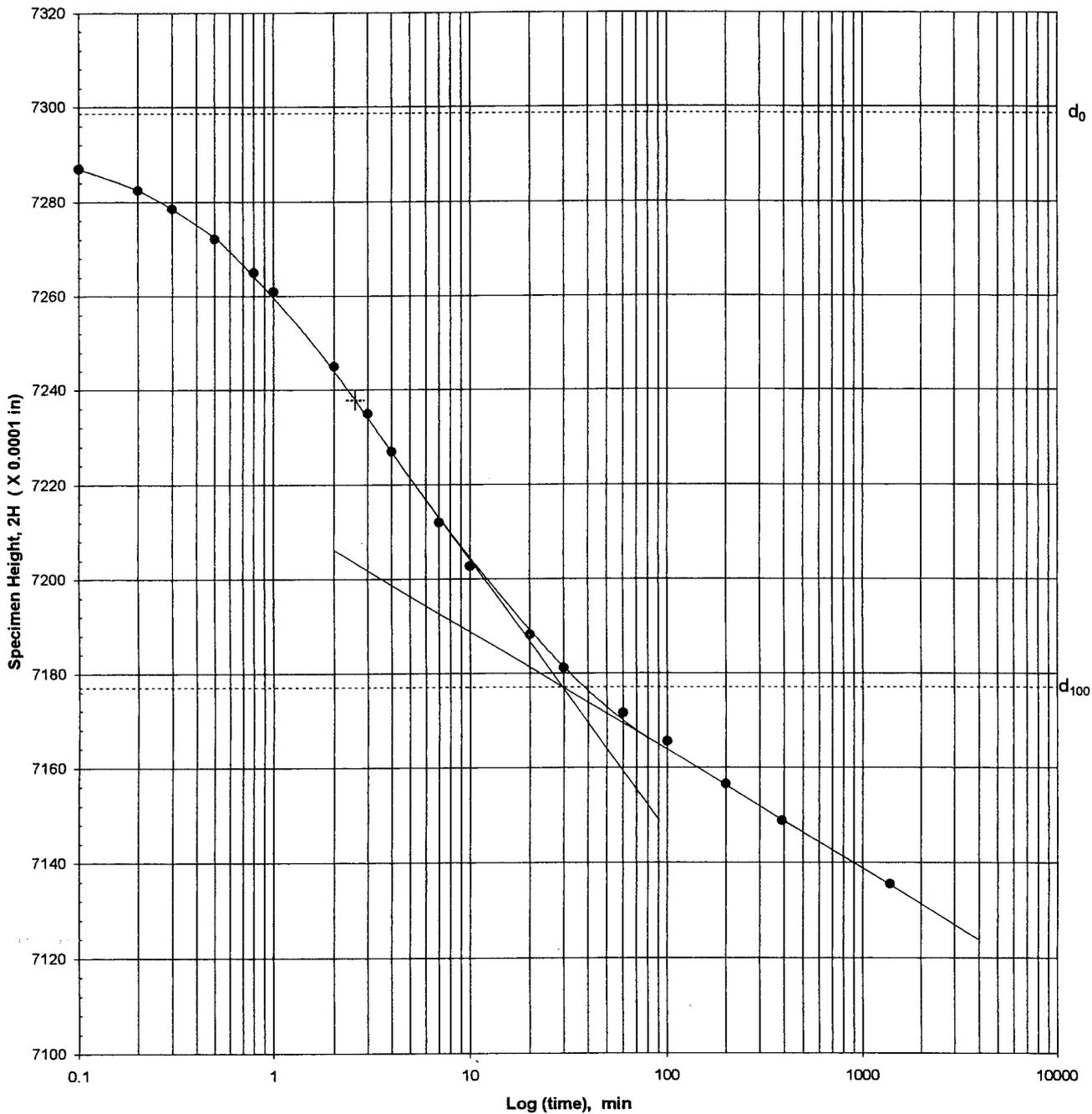
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

8.0-10.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

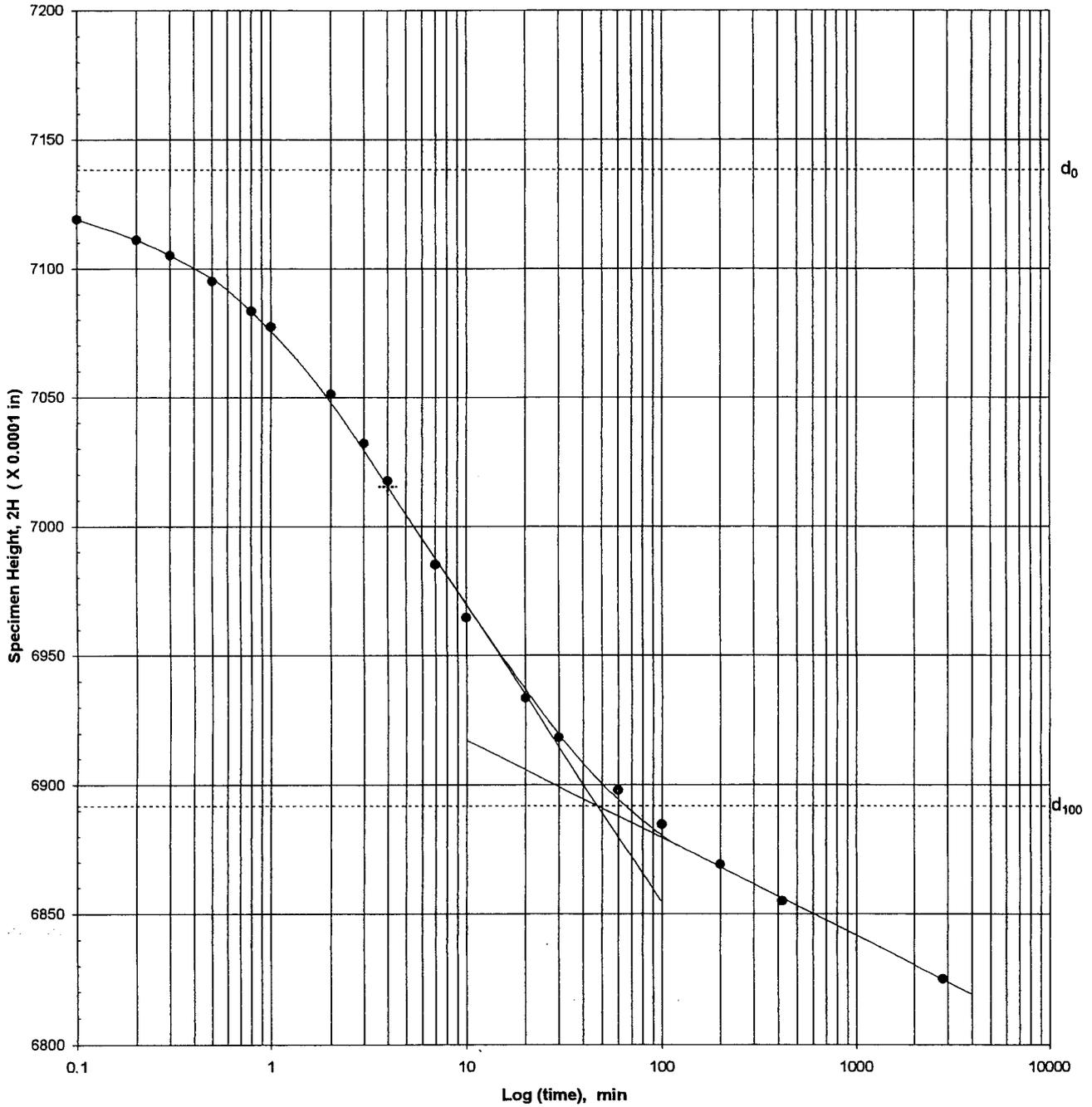
Normal Stress = 1.0 tons/ft²
t₅₀ = 2.58 min
H = 0.3619 in
c_v = 1.66 X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-218A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
8.0-10.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **2.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **4.02** min
H = **0.3508** in
c_v = **1.00** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-218A

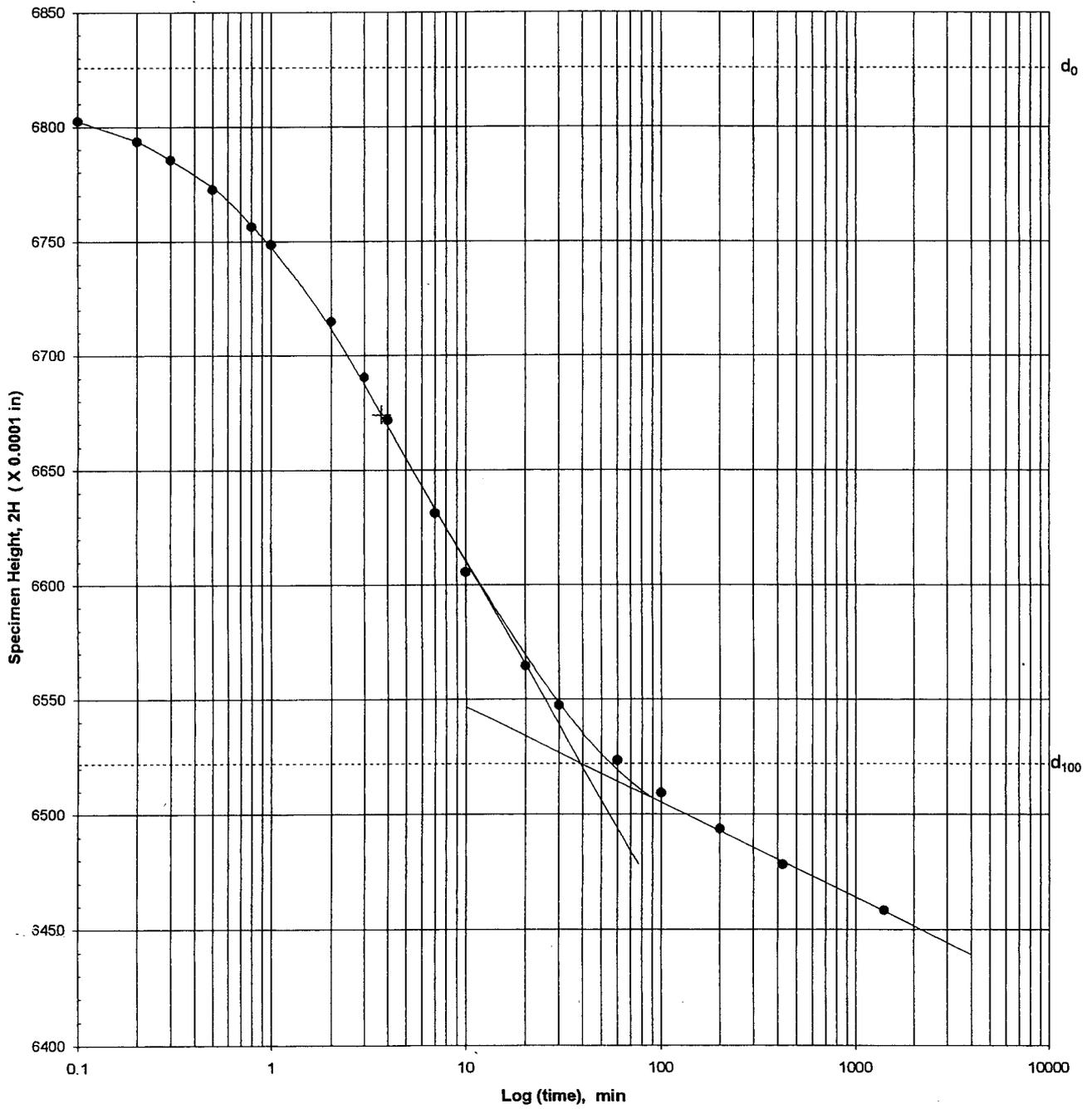
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

8.0-10.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **4.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **3.72** min
H = **0.3337** in
c_v = **9.78 X 10⁻⁵** in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-218A

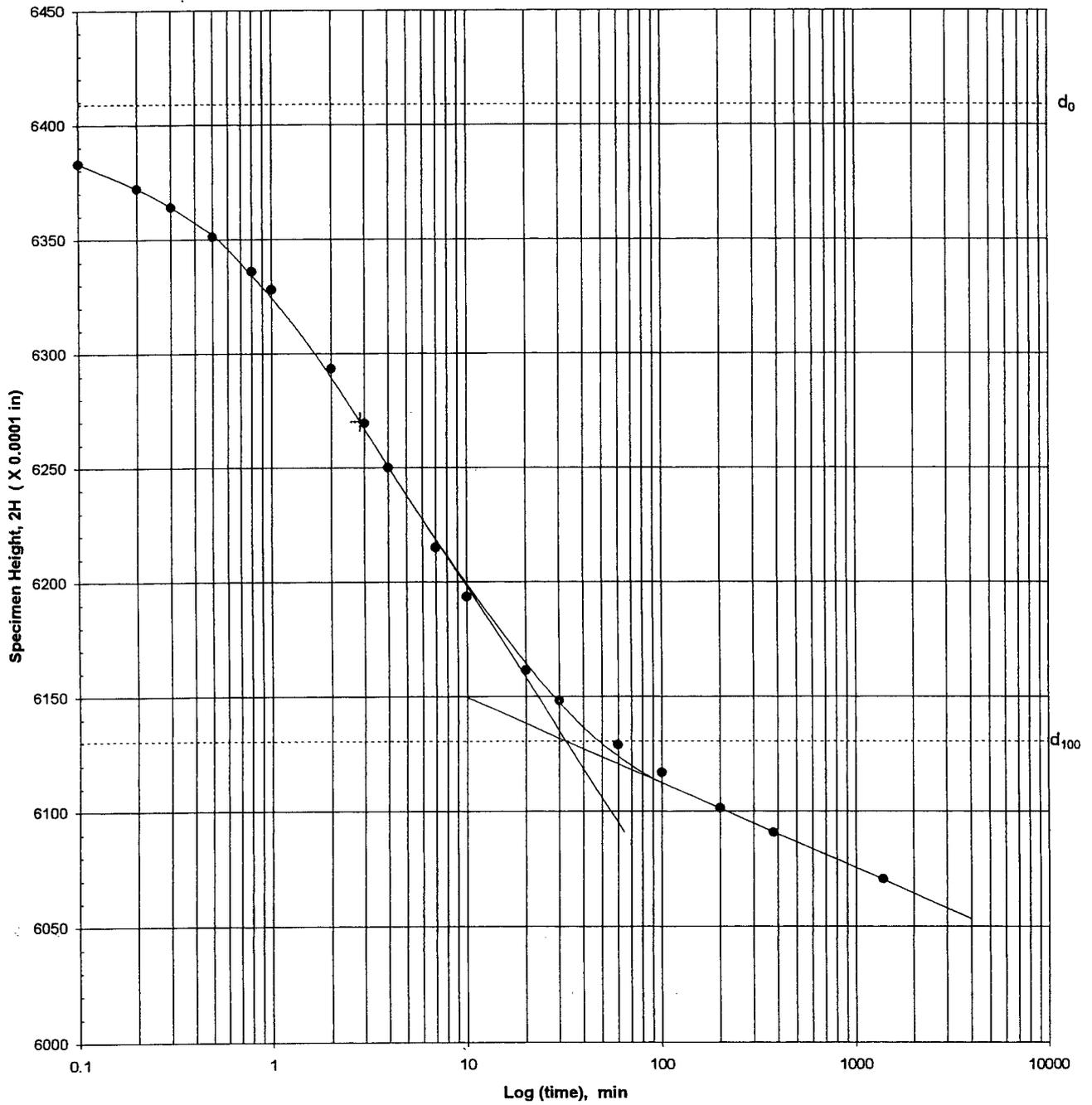
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

8.0-10.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **8.0** tons/ft²
 t₅₀ = **2.84** min
 H = **0.3135** in
 c_v = **1.13 X 10⁻⁴** in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-218A

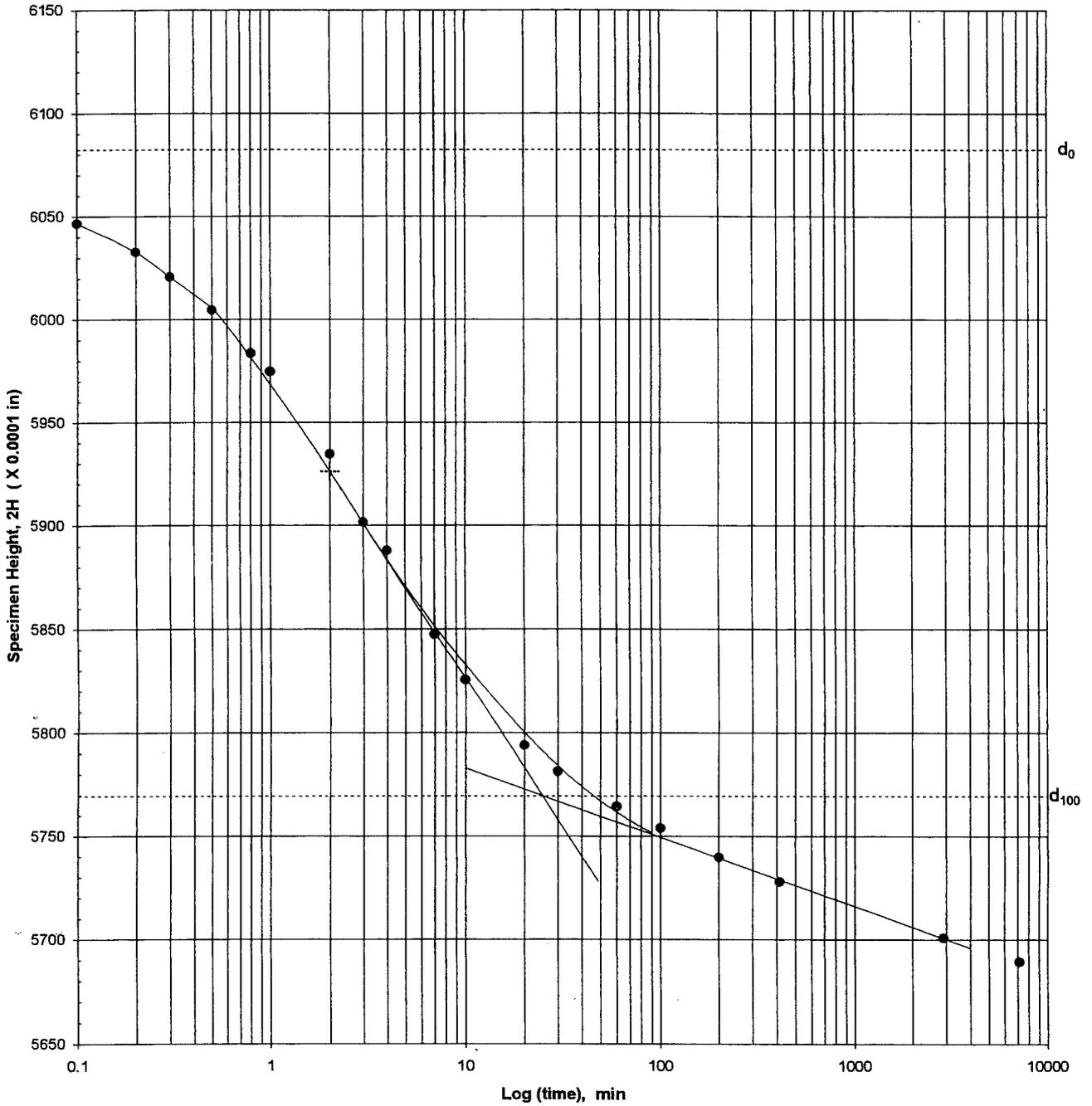
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

8.0-10.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **16.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **2** min
H = **0.2963** in
c_v = **1.43** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-218A

Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

8.0-10.0

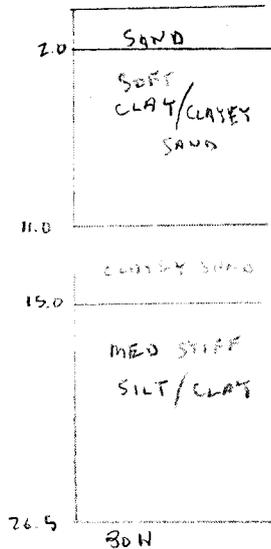
SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS FOR DH-229

ASSUME A DIKE SECTION TO +25 WITH SIDESLOPES OF 3H:1V AND A CREST WIDTH OF 20 FEET. DEPTH OF WATER IS ASSUMED TO BE 8.7 FEET AT MLLW. USE EXTREME LOW TIDE OF -3.5 MLLW TO COMPUTE STRESS CHANGES FROM DIKE.

A CONSOLIDATION TEST WAS PERFORMED ON A CLAYEY SAND SAMPLE OBTAINED FROM A DEPTH OF 6.0'-9.0'. CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS SHOW A C_c OF .263 (FROM CORRECTED CURVE) AND A C_r OF .023. A PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE OF .9 tsf (1800 psf) WAS DETERMINED FROM THE $e-\log p$ CURVE.

OVERBURDEN PRESSURE, $P_0 = (115 - 62.4)(7) = 368.2 \text{ psf}$

$OCR = 1800 / 368.2 = 4.89$ (DUE TO JAMES ISLAND PREVIOUSLY EXISTING AT THIS LOCATION)



ASSUMED COMPRESSIBLE LAYER 9.0-FT IN THICKNESS.

ESTIMATED CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT IS 6.5" (SEE ATTACHED SPREADSHEET)

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS



TUBE CLASSIFICATION

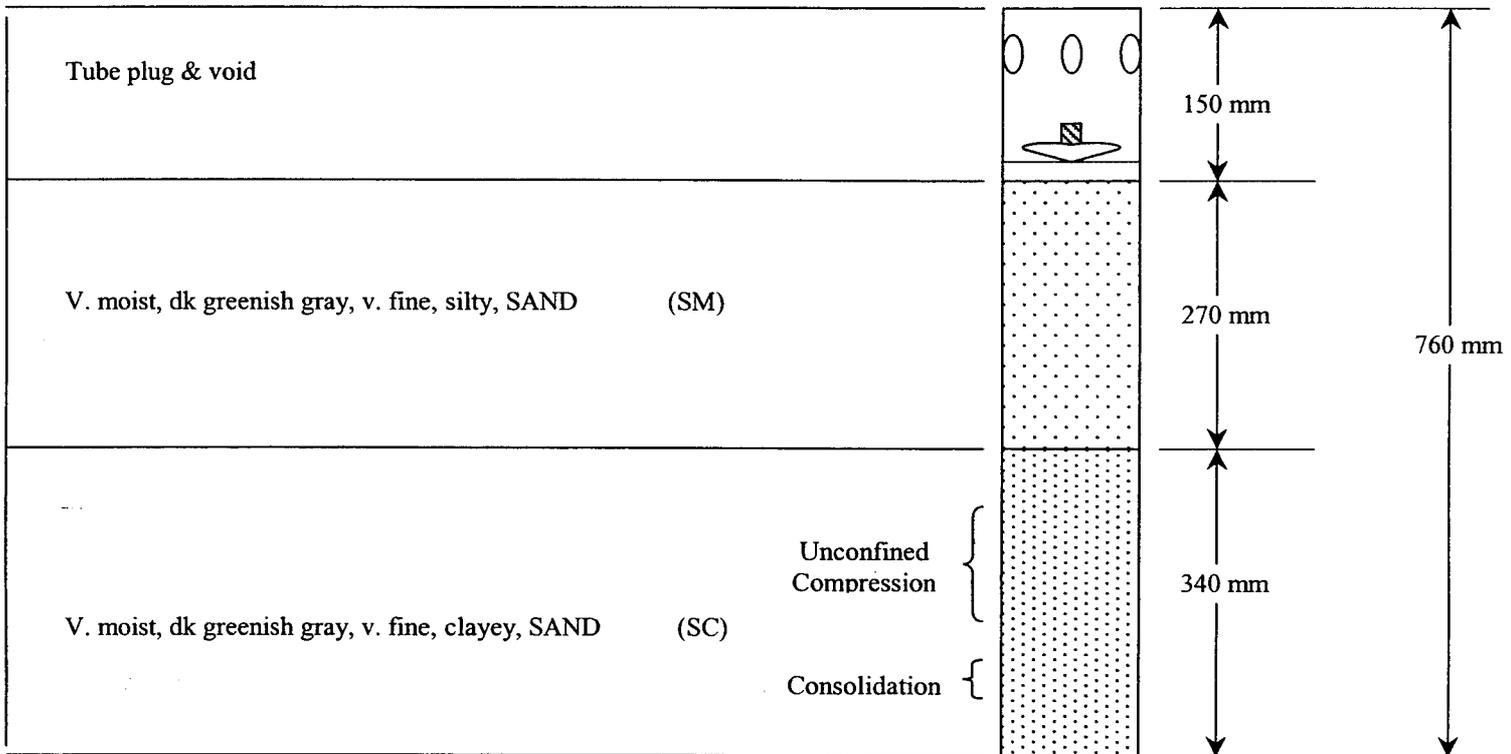
ASTM D2487

PROJECT: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
James Island

AREA: Dorchester County, MD

DATE: Nov 2004

Hole No.	Sample No.	Depth (ft)
DH-229A	Shelby-1	6.0-8.0



STA.
 OFFSET:
 TOP ELEV:

MID-BAY ISLAND FEASIBILITY STUDY
 JAMES ISLAND, DORCHESTER COUNTY, MD

N 314904.49
 E 1495559.61
 COMPLETED: September 24, 2004

JB-229
 1 of 1

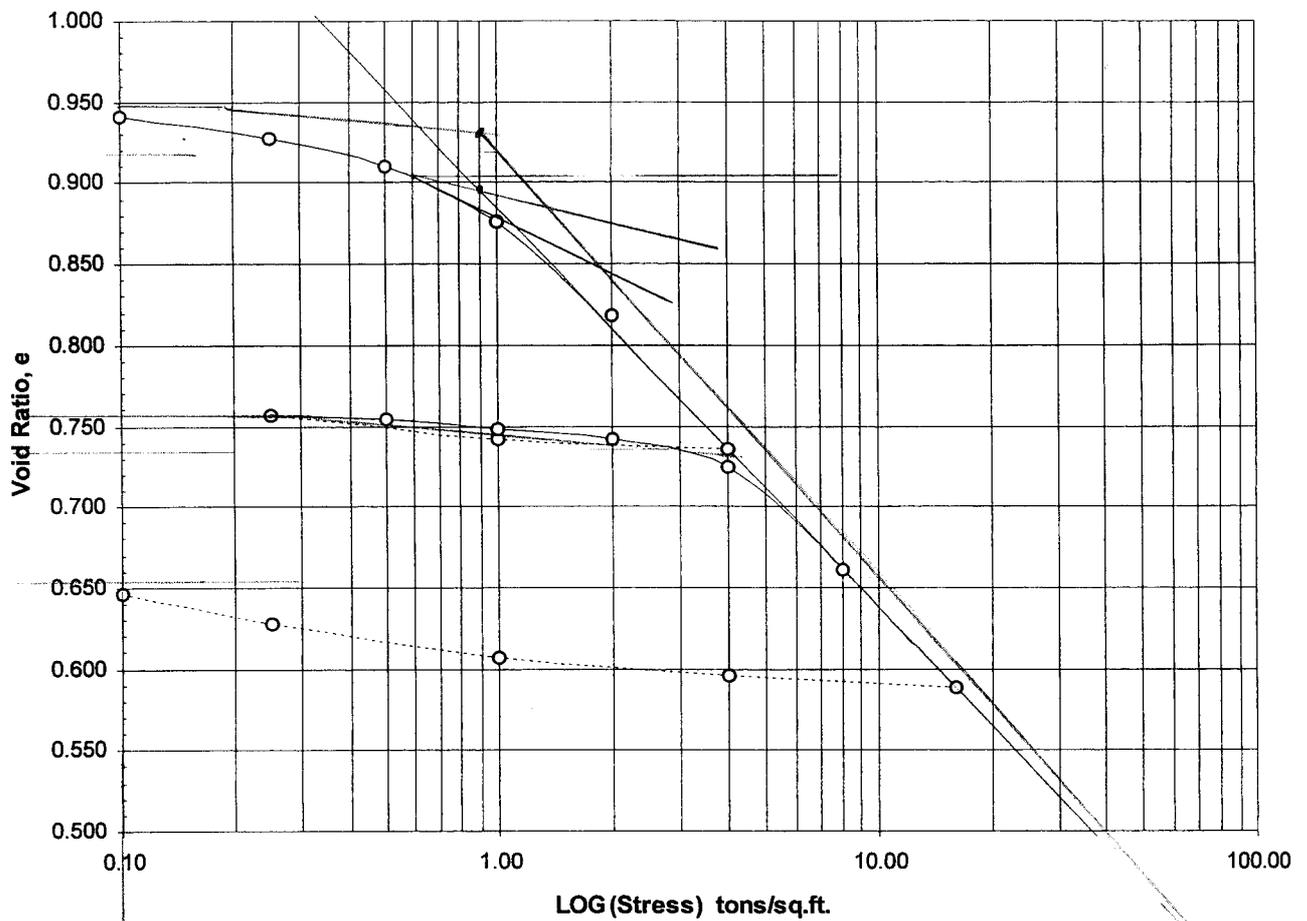
DEPTH(ft)	(c)	(d)	(a)	(b)
2.00	Wet, lt. yellowish brown, silty med. to fine SAND w/tr. of gravel & shell frags. (SM) PPR 0.0'-1.5': 0.5, 0.5, --		2-1-1	
6.50	V. moist, gray, sandy lean CLAY (CL)		1/1.5	35.8
7.25	V. moist, dk. greenish gray, v. fine silty SAND (SM)		WH/1.5	31.4
8.00	V. moist, dk. greenish gray, v. fine clayey SAND (SC)		WH/1.5	
9.50	V. moist, dk. gray, sandy lean to fat CLAY (CL/CH)		WH/1.0-3	
12.00	V. moist, dk. gray, clayey med. to fine SAND w a +1" rock (SC)			
14.50	Wet, gray, clayey med. to fine SAND w/tr. of gravel (SC)		2-3-4	35.8
17.00	Moist, gray, clayey fine SAND (SC) PPR 15.0'-16.5': 3.0, 3.0, 3.0		2-5-8	
19.50	Moist, grayish brown, fine sandy lean to fat CLAY (CL/CH) PPR 17.5'-19.0': >4.5, >4.5, >4.5		4-7-10	
24.50	Moist, grayish brown, clayey fine SAND w/tr. of shell frags. (SC/CL) PPR 20.0'-21.5': 3.0, 3.0, 3.0 PPR 22.5'-24.0': 3.0, >4.5, 3.0		6-4-8	
26.50	Moist, grayish brown, clayey fine SAND w/tr. of gravel & shell frags. (SC) PPR 25.0'-26.5': 3.0, 3.5, 3.5		3-6-8	
			3-8-12	
	BOTTOM OF HOLE			
	Depth of bay water @ start of boring 10.1' @ 1649 Hrs. Depth of bay water @ completion 10.0' @ 1756 Hrs.			

GEO-2 JAMESISL.GPJ 12/21/04 10:03

JB-229
 GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

GROUNDWATER DATA
 WHILE DRILLING:
 ON COMPLETION:
 Hr. READING:

- P - indicates pressed Shelby tube sample obtained from an additional boring.
-  Fill
 -  Auger
 -  SPT
 -  RB
 -  Cored
 -  300 lb
 -  Tubex
 -  Hand
 -  Fish Tail
 -  Vibra Core
 -  Water Jet
 -  Odex



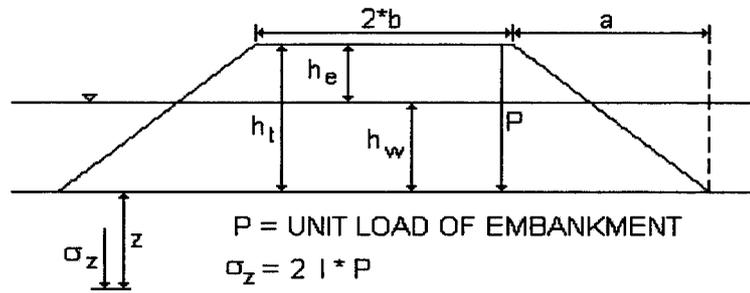
Type of Specimen: Undisturbed		Before Test		After Test		
Diameter= 2.50 in.	Height= 0.75 in.	Water Content, %	w_o	33.0	w_f	24.4
Overburden Pressure, $p_o =$.184 tons/sq.ft.		Void Ratio	e_o	0.948	e_f	0.668
Preconsol. Pressure, $p_c =$.900 tons/sq.ft.		Saturation, %	S_o	95.4	S_f	100.1
Compression Index, $C_c =$ 0.246 .263		Dry Density	γ_d	87.8	lbs./cu.ft.	
Classification (ASTM D2487): Very moist, dark greenish gray, very fine, clayey, SAND. (SC)						
LL = 38	PL = 16	PI = 22	(ASTM D4318)	$G_s =$ 2.74	(ASTM D854)	
Remarks:		PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD				
		Mid-Bay Feasibility Study				
		AREA: James Island				
		Hole No.: JB-229A	Sample No.: Shelby-1			
		Depth (ft.): 6.0-8.0	Date: Dec.2004			
ENG FORM 2090 (Test method: ASTM D2435)		CONSOLIDATION TEST REPORT				

COMPUTATION SHEET FOR CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
 PROJECT: JAMES ISLAND DIKE (DH-229)

CALCULATED BY: DEC
 DATE: 12/16/2004

Sublayer Depth (ft)		Sublayer Thickness	Effective Overburden Pressure	Preconsolidation Pressure	Pressure Change	Final Pressure	Recompression Index	Compression Index	Initial Void Ratio	Rebound Curve $C_{\epsilon R}$	Virgin Curve $C_{\epsilon C}$	Vertical Strain	Change in Thickness (in)
Top	Bottom	H_o (ft)	P_o (psf)	P_p (psf)	Δp (psf)	P_f (psf)	c_r	c_c	e_o			ϵ_z^*	$\epsilon_z \times H_o = \Delta H$
2	5	3.5	184.1	1615.9	3888.02	4072.12	0.023	0.263	0.948	0.011807	0.13501	0.0653	2.35
5	8	6.5	341.9	1773.7	3888.02	4229.92	0.023	0.263	0.948	0.011807	0.13501	0.0594	2.14
8	11	9.5	499.7	1931.5	3888.02	4387.72	0.023	0.263	0.948	0.011807	0.13501	0.0550	1.98
												Total Settlement:	6.47

Using Boring Information and consolidation test results from DH-229



Only modify h_w and l , all others are established formulas.

$\gamma_{\text{STONE}} \text{ (pcf)} = 125.0$ Slope = 3.0 $h_w = 5.2$ $h_e = 28.5$ $h_t = 33.7$ $b = 10.0$	$P = \gamma_{\text{STONE}} * h_e + (\gamma_{\text{STONE}} - \gamma_{\text{WATER}}) * h_w$ $P = 3888.02$				
z	a/z	b/z	l	$2l$	$\sigma_z = 2l * P$
3.5	28.886	2.857	0.500	1.000	3888.02
6.5	15.554	1.538	0.500	1.000	3888.02
9.5	10.642	1.053	0.500	1.000	3888.02

h_w is adjusted for extreme low tide of -3.5 MLLW.

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NAD	INSTALLATION Baltimore District	SHEET / OF 2 SHEETS
1. PROJECT JAMES ISLAND FEASIBILITY STUDY		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 2 1/4" HSA		
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) JAMES IS. MD		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL)		
3. DRILLING AGENCY CENAD-EN-66E		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL CME 45 Barge Mounted		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) JB-229		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVER-BURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN		DISTURBED 11
5. NAME OF DRILLER McNamara		14. TOTAL NUMBER CORE BOXES		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED _____ DEG. FROM VERT.		16. DATE HOLE		STARTED 9/24/04
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN 26.5'		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING %		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 26.5		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR William G. Merrill		

ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description) d	% CORE RECOVERY e	BOX OR SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, depth of weathering, etc., if significant) g																																				
	1		BLACK FINE SAND w/shells -0.6' wet	67	J-1	<p>Hole was drilled with CME 45 using 2 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers. Standard penetration test conducted using automatic hammer, driving 1/8" split-spoon. Blow Count performed in 0.5' intervals for total 1.5' Advance per sample interval.</p> <p>PRELIMINARY INSPECTOR'S LOG CLASSIFICATION NOT FINAL</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>DEPTH</th> <th>BLOW COUNT</th> <th>Penetration meter</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1.0-1.5</td> <td>2-1-1</td> <td>0.5-0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.5-4.0</td> <td>1/1.5</td> <td>0.5-0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.0-6.5</td> <td>WH/1.5</td> <td>0.5-0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7.5-9.0</td> <td>WH/1.5</td> <td>0.5-0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10.0-11.5</td> <td>WH/1.0-3</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.5-14.0</td> <td>2-3-4</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>15.0-16.5</td> <td>2-5-8</td> <td>3.0-3.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>17.5-19.0</td> <td>4-7-10</td> <td>4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20.0-21.5</td> <td>6-4-8</td> <td>5.0-5.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>22.5-24.0</td> <td>3-6-8</td> <td>3.0-4.5+</td> </tr> <tr> <td>25.0-26.5</td> <td>3-8-12</td> <td>2.0-2.5-3.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	DEPTH	BLOW COUNT	Penetration meter	1.0-1.5	2-1-1	0.5-0.5	2.5-4.0	1/1.5	0.5-0.5	3.0-6.5	WH/1.5	0.5-0.5	7.5-9.0	WH/1.5	0.5-0.5	10.0-11.5	WH/1.0-3		12.5-14.0	2-3-4		15.0-16.5	2-5-8	3.0-3.0	17.5-19.0	4-7-10	4.5+ 4.5+ 4.5+	20.0-21.5	6-4-8	5.0-5.0	22.5-24.0	3-6-8	3.0-4.5+	25.0-26.5	3-8-12	2.0-2.5-3.5
DEPTH	BLOW COUNT	Penetration meter																																								
1.0-1.5	2-1-1	0.5-0.5																																								
2.5-4.0	1/1.5	0.5-0.5																																								
3.0-6.5	WH/1.5	0.5-0.5																																								
7.5-9.0	WH/1.5	0.5-0.5																																								
10.0-11.5	WH/1.0-3																																									
12.5-14.0	2-3-4																																									
15.0-16.5	2-5-8	3.0-3.0																																								
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20.0-21.5	6-4-8	5.0-5.0																																								
22.5-24.0	3-6-8	3.0-4.5+																																								
25.0-26.5	3-8-12	2.0-2.5-3.5																																								
	2		TAN CLAY - 0.4' moist																																							
	3		GRAY CLAY	73	J-2																																					
	4																																									
	5																																									
	6			100	J-3																																					
	7																																									
	8			100	J-4																																					
	9																																									
	10		GRAY SANDY CLAY w/STONE FRAGS	100	J-5																																					
	11																																									
	12																																									
	13			100	J-6																																					
	14																																									
	15		GRAY SILT w/shells	100	J-7																																					
	16																																									
	17																																									
	18			100	J-8																																					
	19																																									
	20																																									

DRILLING LOG (Cont Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE

Hole No. JB-229

PROJECT
JAMES IS.

INSTALLATION
Baltimore District

SHEET 2
OF 2 SHEETS

ELEVATION a	DEPTH b	LEGEND c	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description) d	% CORE RECOV- ERY e	BOX OR SAMPLE NO. f	REMARKS (Drilling time, water loss, depth of weathering, etc., if significant!) g
			GRAY SILT	100	J-9	GPS Coordinates N 38° 31' 46.5" W 06° 21' 34.2" Accuracy 18.2'
	21		Dry			
	22					
	23			100	J-10	
	24		DAMP			Water Level
	25					Depth 10.1' 10.0'
	26		DAMP	100	J-11	Time 1649 1756
	27		B.O.H. - 26.5'			
	28					
	29					
	30					
	31					
	32					
	33					
	34					
	35					
	36					
	37					
	38					
	39					
	40					
	41					
	42					
	43					

**PRELIMINARY
INSPECTOR'S LOG
CLASSIFICATION
NOT FINAL**

VISUAL-MANUAL CLASSIFICATION

(Test method: ASTM D 2488)

PROJECT: James Island

DATE: Oct 2004

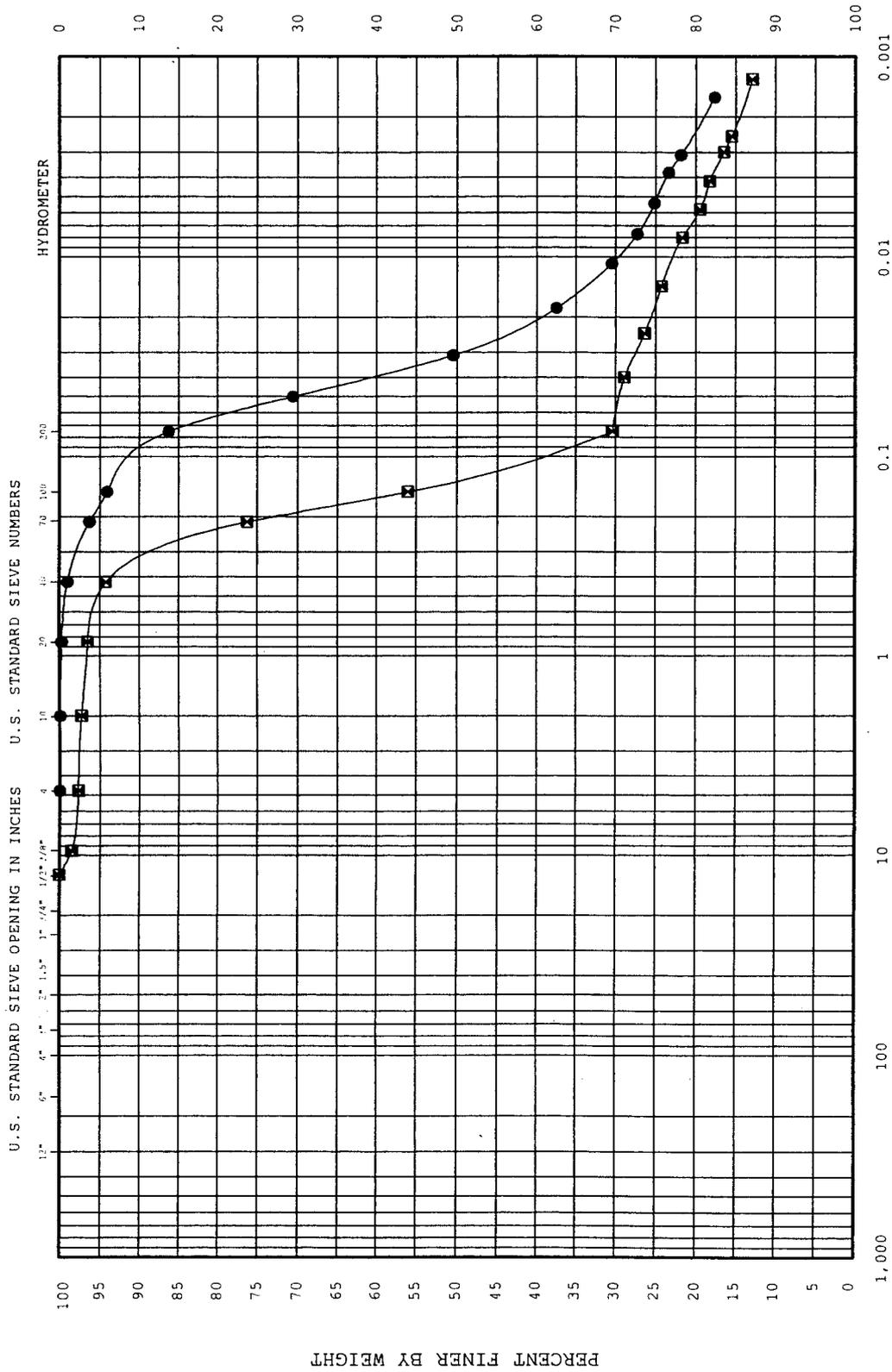
AREA: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study

CLASSIFIED BY: Estes

Dorchester County, MD

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH (ft)	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	SYMBOL
JB - 229			
JAR-1	0.0-1.5	wet lt yelbrn silty sand trace of gravel ^{①②}	(SM)
-2	2.5-4.0	very moist gry sandy lean clay	(LL)
MA, AL } -3	5.0-6.5	ditto	(LL)
-4	7.5-9.0	very moist dk gry sandy lean to fat clay	CL/CH
-5	10.0-11.5	very moist dk gry clayey sand ^{①③}	(SC)
MA } -6	12.5-14.0	wet gry clayey sand trace of gravel ^①	(SC)
-7	15.0-16.5	moist gry clayey sand ^④	(SC)
-8	17.5-19.0	moist grybrn sandy lean to fat clay ^④	CL/CH
-9	20.0-21.5	moist grybrn clayey sand ^{④②}	SL/CL
-10	22.5-24.0	ditto ^{④②}	SL/CL
-11	25.0-26.5	moist grybrn clayey sand trace of gravel ^{④②}	(SC)
		① medium to fine sand	
		② trace of shell fragments	
		③ with a +1" rock	
		④ fine sand	

PERCENT COARSER BY WEIGHT



U.S. STANDARD SIEVE OPENING IN INCHES U.S. STANDARD SIEVE NUMBERS

HYDROMETER

GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS

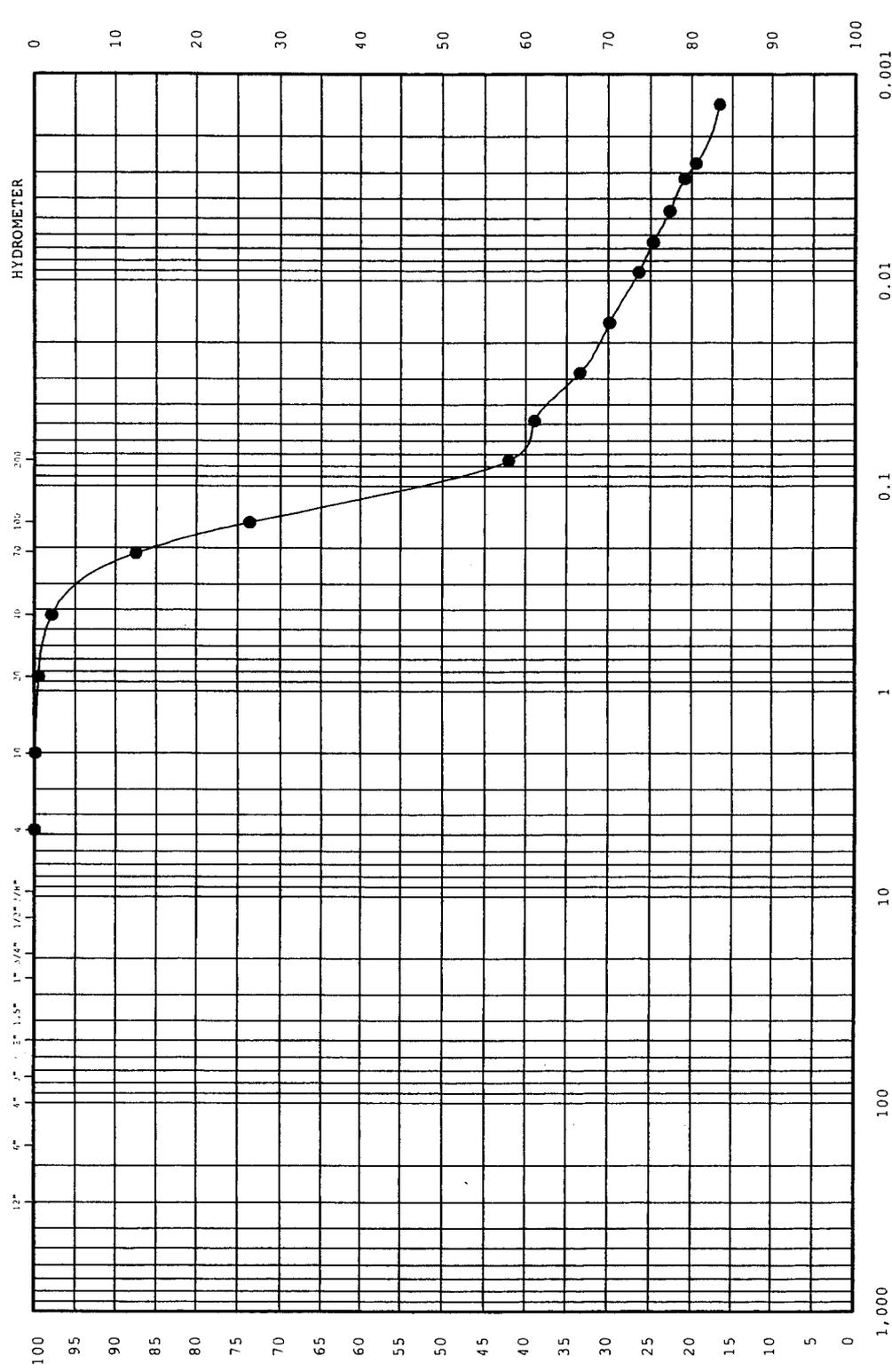
COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND			SILT or CLAY		
	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	PL	PI	FI
Sample No.	Classification (ASTM D 2487)							
Depth (ft)	Lean Clay							
Jars 2&3	2.5-6.5	34	20	14				
Jars 5-7	10.0-16.5	35.8	SC					

PROJECT: James Island
 AREA: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
 Dorchester County, MD

REMARKS:

BORING NO.: JB-229
 DATE: Dec 2004

U.S. STANDARD SIEVE OPENING IN INCHES U.S. STANDARD SIEVE NUMBERS



PERCENT COARSER BY WEIGHT

PERCENT FINER BY WEIGHT

GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS	SAND			SILT or CLAY	
	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE		
1.0					
0.075					

Legend	Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Classification (ASTM D 2487)	Nat wc%	LL	PL	PI
●	Shelby-1	6.0-8.0	CLAYEY SAND	31.4	38	16	22

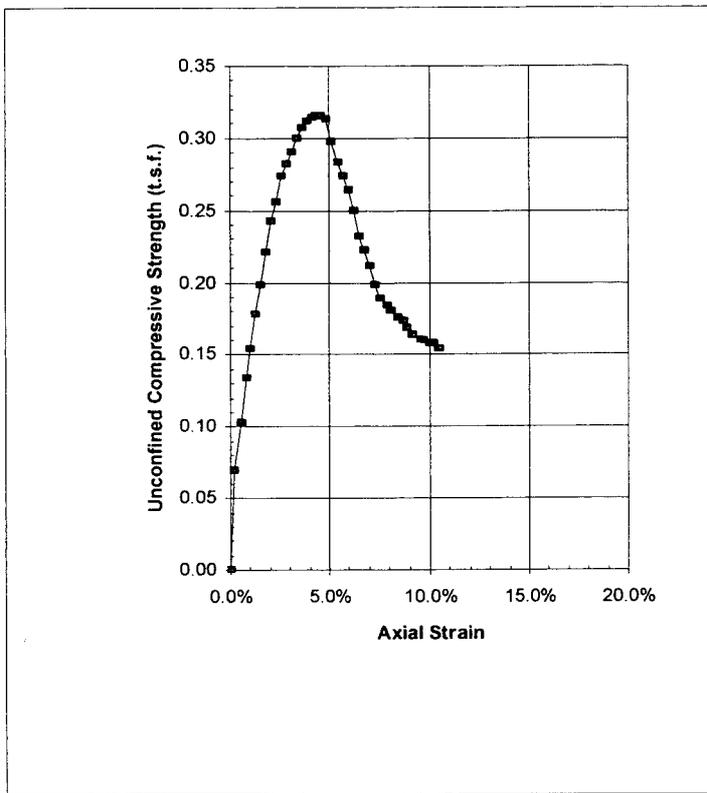
PROJECT: James Island
 AREA: Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
 Dorchester County, MD

BORING NO.: JB-229A
 DATE: Nov 2004

REMARKS:
 ENG FORK ENG2087JAMES ISLAND, MID-BAY FEASIBILITY STUDY.GPJ GRADATION CURVES TEST METHODS: ASTM D 422, D4318, D2216

UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST

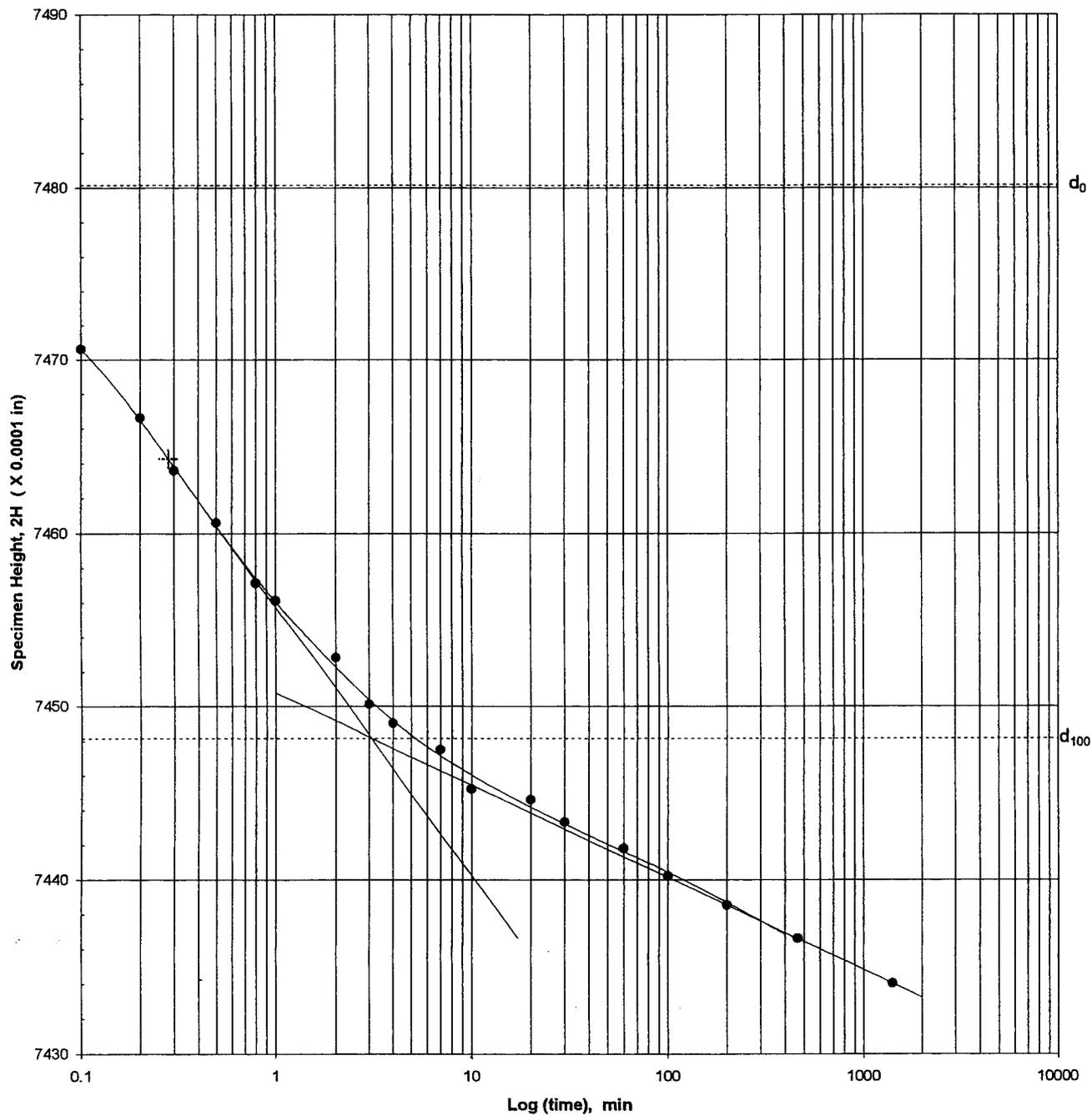
FAILURE SKETCHES



CONTROLLED STRAIN

TEST NO.		1	2	3	4
TYPE OF SPECIMEN		Undisturbed			
WATER CONTENT, %	w_o	32.2			
VOID RATIO	e_o	0.787			
SATURATION, %	S_o	100+			
DRY UNIT WEIGHT, LB./CU.FT.	γ_d	88.7			
TIME TO FAILURE, MIN.	t_f	4.5			
UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, TSF	q_u	0.32			
UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH, TSF	s_u	0.16			
SENSITIVITY RATIO	S_t	-----			
INITIAL SPECIMEN DIAMETER, IN.	D_o	2.87			
INITIAL SPECIMEN HEIGHT, IN.	H_o	6.11			
CLASSIFICATION: (ASTM D2487)					
V. moist, dk greenish gray, v. fine, clayey, SAND (SC)					
LL= 38	PL= 16	PI= 22 (ASTM D4318)	G_s = 2.54 (ASTM D854)		
REMARKS:		PROJECT: James Island			
		Mid-Bay Feasibility Study			
		AREA: Dorchester County, MD			
		Hole No.: DH-229A	Sample No.: Shelby-1		
		Depth (ft.): 6.0-8.0	Date: Dec.2004		
ENG FORM 3659 (Test method: ASTM D2166)		UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST REPORT			

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **0.25** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **0.28** min
H = **0.3732** in
c_v = **1.62** X 10⁻³ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-229A

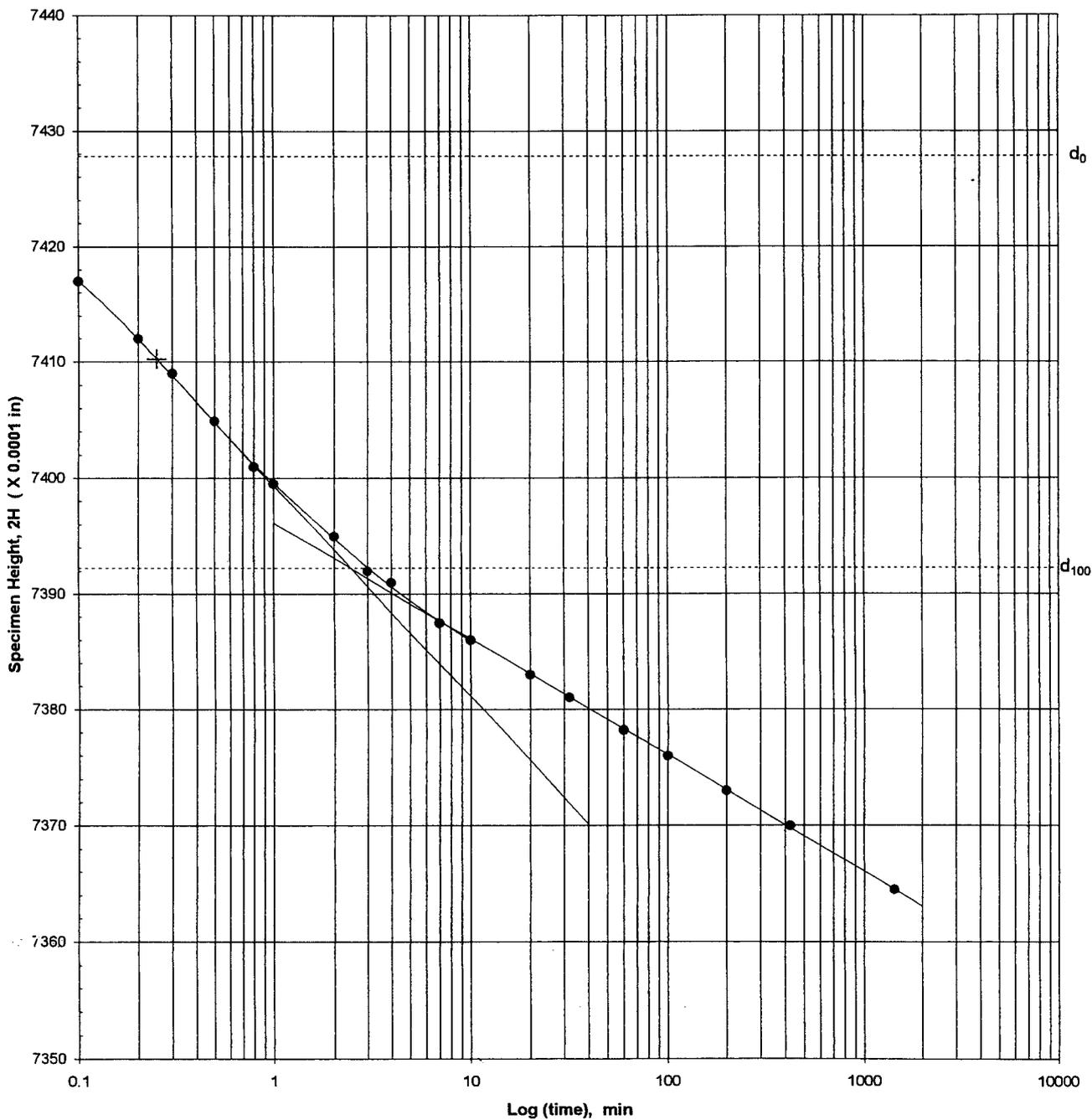
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **0.50** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **0.25** min
H = **0.3705** in
c_v = **1.79** X 10⁻³ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-229A

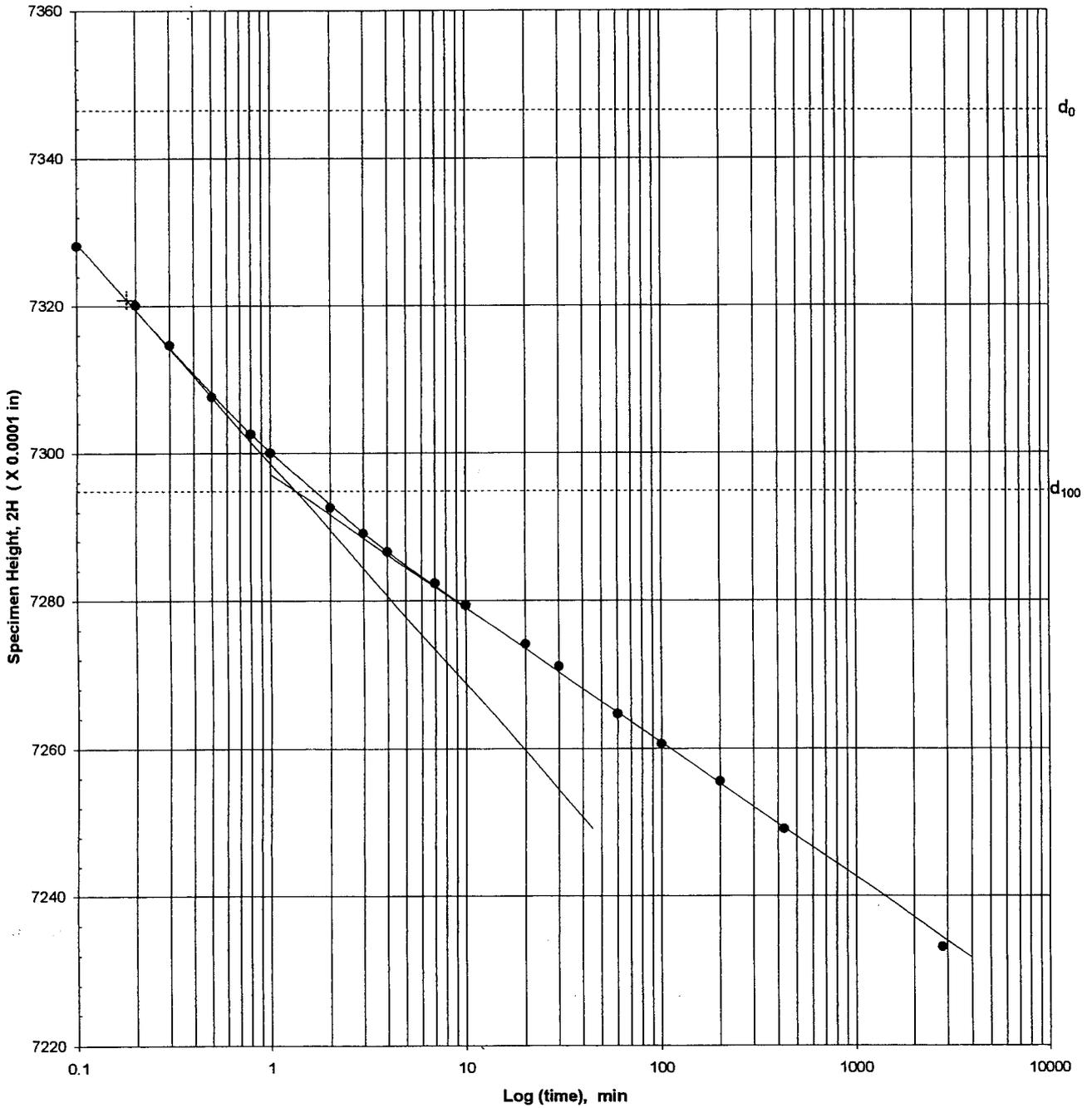
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = 1.0 tons/ft²
t₅₀ = 0.18 min
H = 0.3660 in
c_v = 2.43 X 10⁻³ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-229A

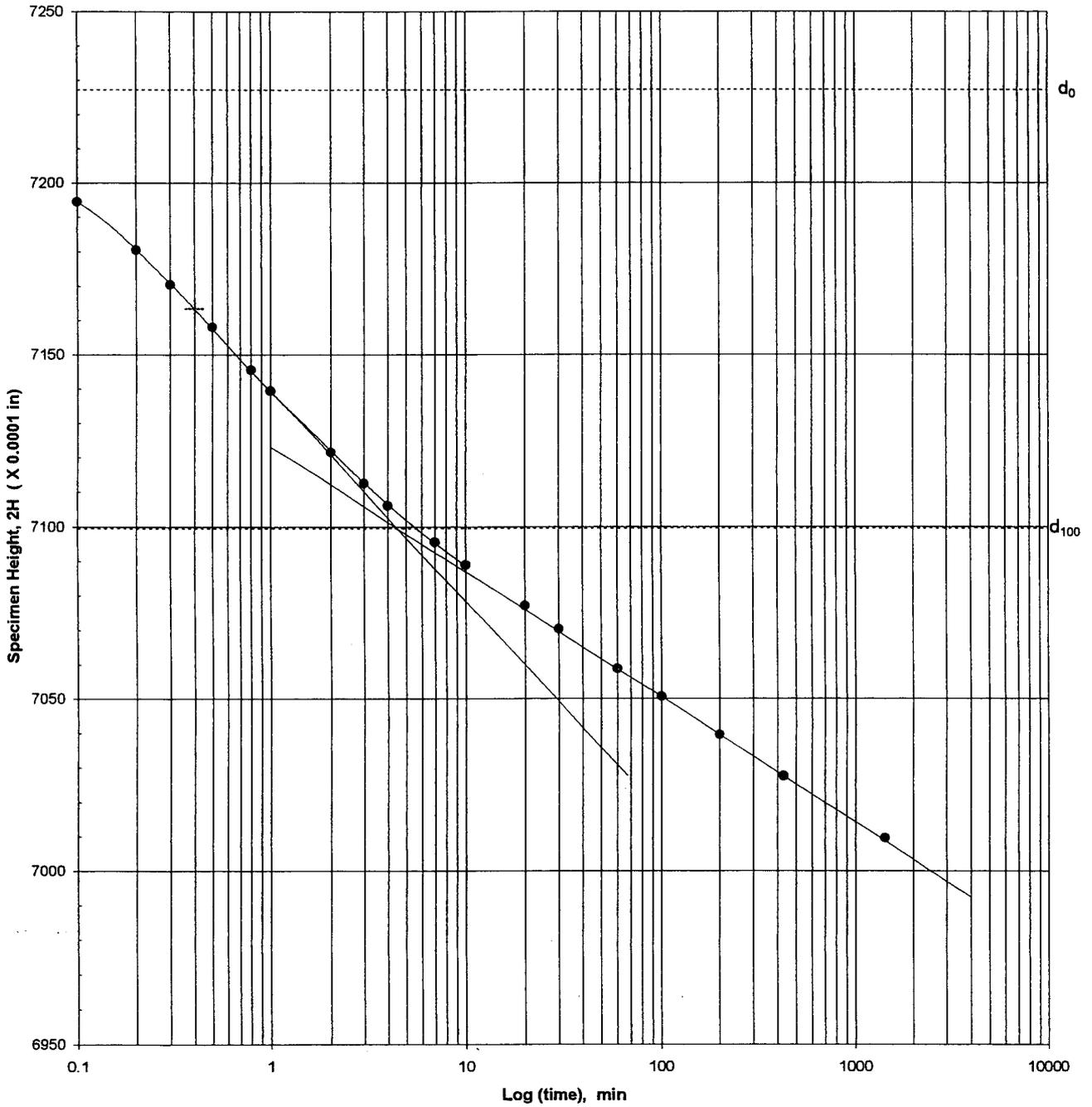
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **2.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **0.4** min
H = **0.3582** in
c_v = **1.05** X 10⁻³ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-229A

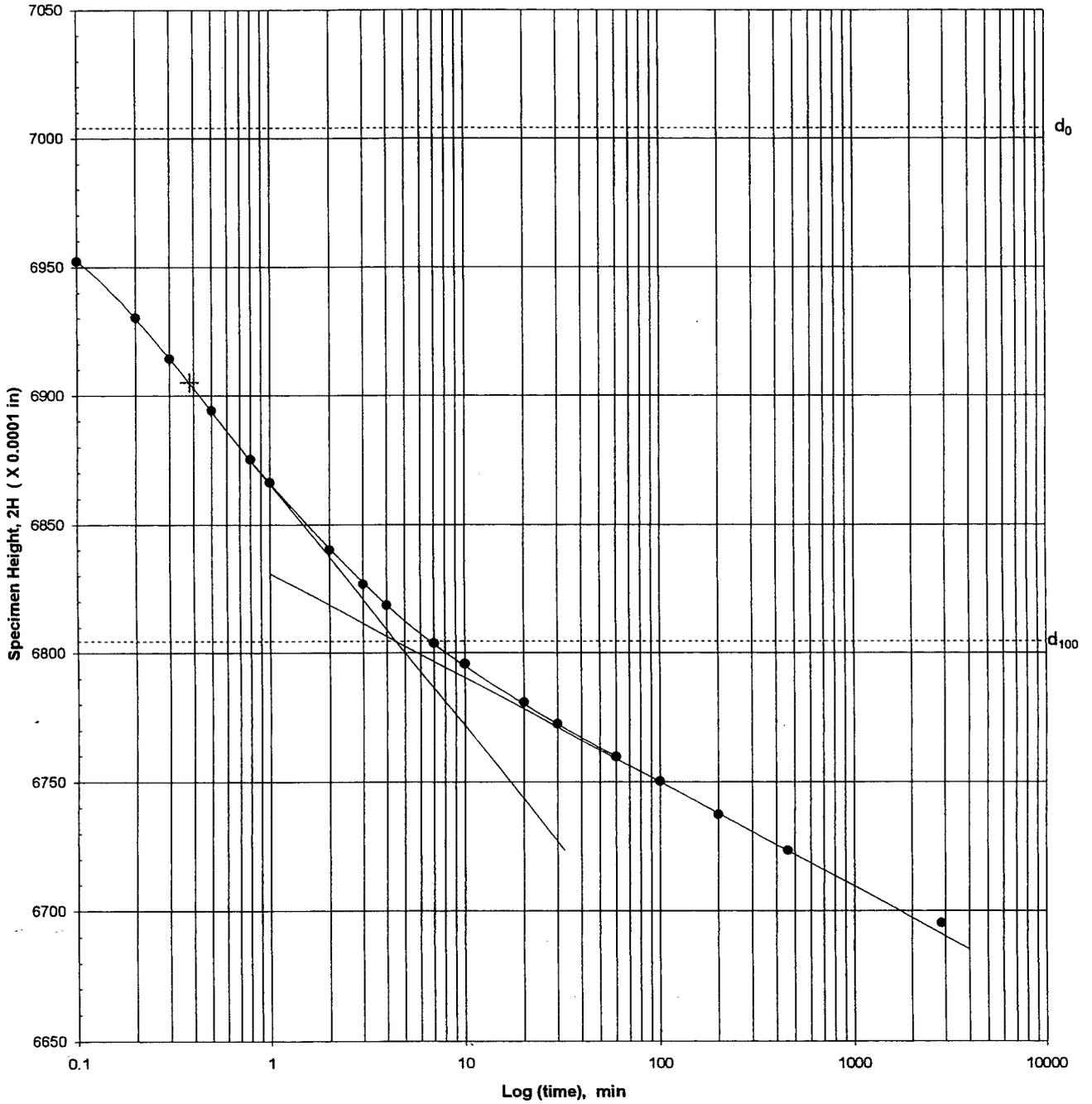
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

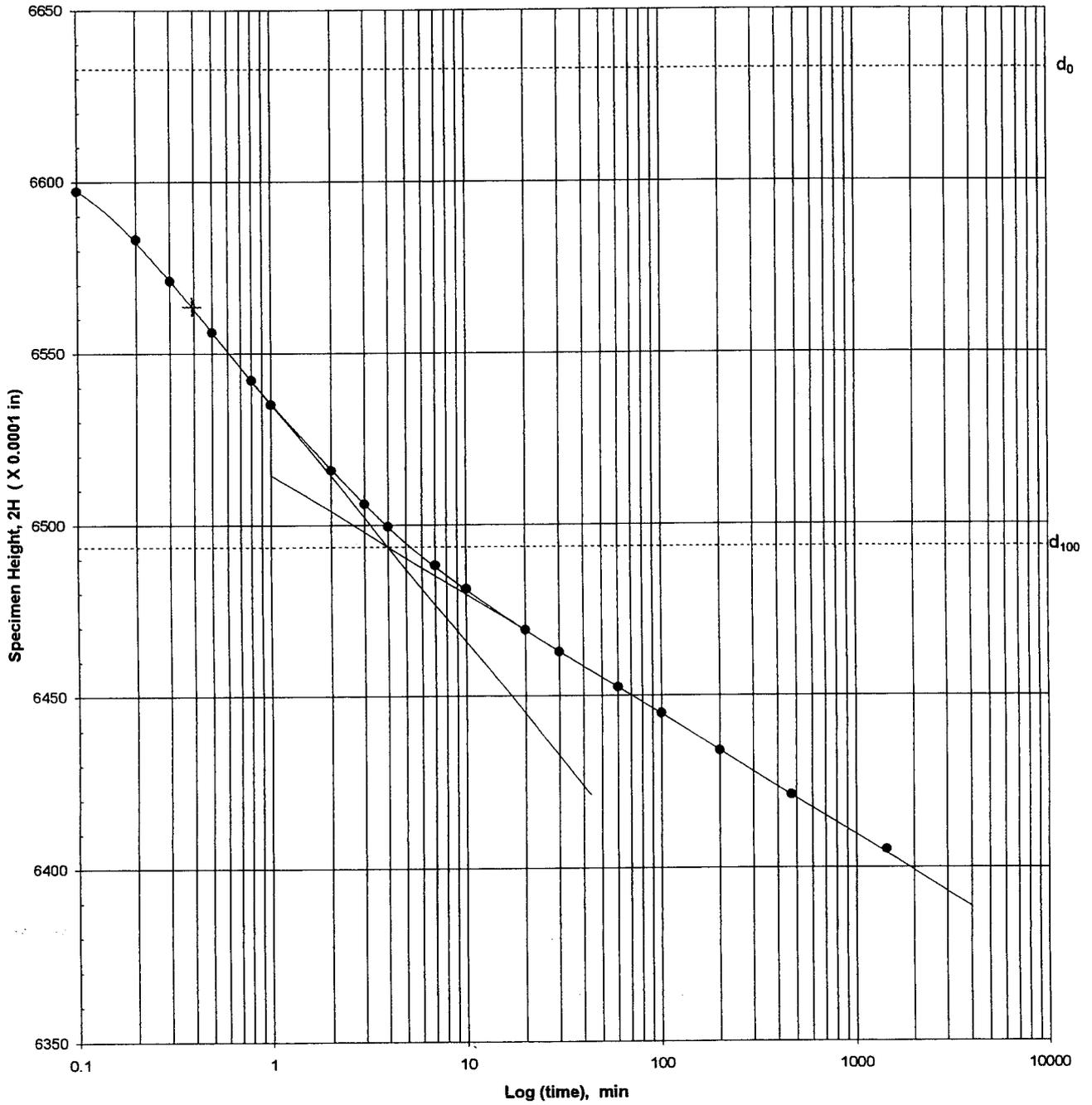
Normal Stress = **4.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **0.38** min
H = **0.3452** in
c_v = **1.02 X 10⁻³** in²/sec

Hole No.:
JB-229A

Sample No.:
Shelby-1

Depth (ft):
6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



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Materials & Instrumentation Section
Baltimore, Maryland 21230

PROJECT: Dorchester County, MD
Mid-Bay Feasibility Study
AREA: James Island

Normal Stress = **8.0** tons/ft²
t₅₀ = **0.39** min
H = **0.3282** in
c_v = **9.02** X 10⁻⁴ in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-229A

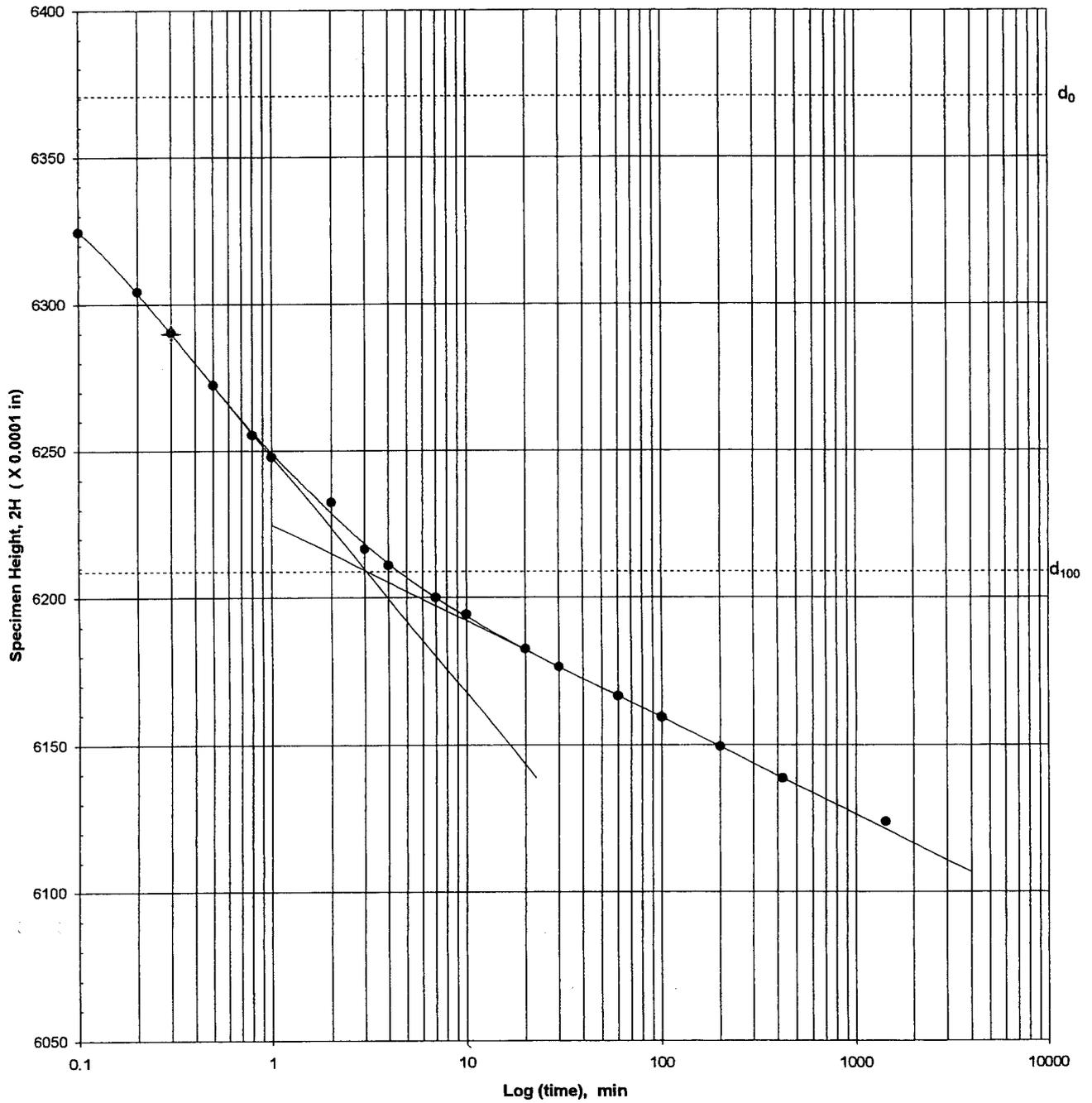
Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

6.0-8.0

t₅₀ TIME CURVE



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Normal Stress = **16.0** tons/ft²
 t₅₀ = **0.3** min
 H = **0.3145** in
 c_v = **1.08 X 10⁻³** in²/sec

Hole No.:

JB-229A

Sample No.:

Shelby-1

Depth (ft):

6.0-8.0