

**APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM**  
**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in Section IV of the JD Form Instructional Guidebook.

**SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

**A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD)** MAY 06 2016

**B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER:**

CENAB-OPR-M (LAKES AT STANSBURY SHORES / COMMUNITY MARINA) 2015-61006-M04

**PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION:**

State: Maryland

County/parish/borough: Baltimore County

City: Dundalk

Center coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat. N 39°14'58", Long. W76°29'31".

Name of nearest waterbody: Bear Creek

Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) into which the aquatic resource flows: Bear Creek

Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): 02060003

☒ Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request.

☐ Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc...) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different JD form.

**D. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):**

☒ Office (Desk) Determination. Date: April 11, 2016

☐ Field Determination. Date(s):

**SECTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS**

**A. RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.**

There are "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area. [Required]

☒ Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

☐ Waters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.  
Explain:

**B. CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.**

There are no "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area. [Required]

**1. Waters of the U.S.**

**a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area (check all that apply):<sup>1</sup>**

- ☒ TNWs, including territorial seas
- ☒ Wetlands adjacent to TNWs
- ☒ Relatively permanent waters<sup>2</sup> (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- ☒ Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- ☒ Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- ☒ Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- ☒ Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- ☒ Impoundments of jurisdictional waters
- ☒ Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands

**b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area:**

Non-wetland waters: linear feet: width (ft) and/or 1.62 acres.

Wetlands: acres.

**c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction based on: Established by mean (average) high waters.**

Elevation of established OHWM (if known):

**2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands (check if applicable):<sup>3</sup>**

☒ Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional.  
Explain:

<sup>1</sup> Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.

<sup>2</sup> For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

<sup>3</sup> Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

### SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS

#### A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over TNWs and wetlands adjacent to TNWs. If the aquatic resource is a TNW, complete Section III.A.1 and Section III.D.1. only; if the aquatic resource is a wetland adjacent to a TNW, complete Sections III.A.1 and 2 and Section III.D.1.; otherwise, see Section III.B below.

1. **TNW**

Identify TNW: **Bear Creek**.

Summarize rationale supporting determination: Subject to ebb and flow of tides, and navigate by boats..

2. **Wetland adjacent to TNW**

Summarize rationale supporting conclusion that wetland is "adjacent":

#### B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):

This section summarizes information regarding characteristics of the tributary and its adjacent wetlands, if any, and it helps determine whether or not the standards for jurisdiction established under *Rapanos* have been met.

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over non-navigable tributaries of TNWs where the tributaries are "relatively permanent waters" (RPWs), i.e. tributaries that typically flow year-round or have continuous flow at least seasonally (e.g., typically 3 months). A wetland that directly abuts an RPW is also jurisdictional. If the aquatic resource is not a TNW, but has year-round (perennial) flow, skip to Section III.D.2. If the aquatic resource is a wetland directly abutting a tributary with perennial flow, skip to Section III.D.4.

A wetland that is adjacent to but that does not directly abut an RPW requires a significant nexus evaluation. Corps districts and EPA regions will include in the record any available information that documents the existence of a significant nexus between a relatively permanent tributary that is not perennial (and its adjacent wetlands if any) and a traditional navigable water, even though a significant nexus finding is not required as a matter of law.

If the waterbody<sup>4</sup> is not an RPW, or a wetland directly abutting an RPW, a JD will require additional data to determine if the waterbody has a significant nexus with a TNW. If the tributary has adjacent wetlands, the significant nexus evaluation must consider the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands. This significant nexus evaluation that combines, for analytical purposes, the tributary and all of its adjacent wetlands is used whether the review area identified in the JD request is the tributary, or its adjacent wetlands, or both. If the JD covers a tributary with adjacent wetlands, complete Section III.B.1 for the tributary, Section III.B.2 for any onsite wetlands, and Section III.B.3 for all wetlands adjacent to that tributary, both onsite and offsite. The determination whether a significant nexus exists is determined in Section III.C below.

1. **Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW**

(i) **General Area Conditions:**

Watershed size: **Pick List**

Drainage area: **Pick List**

Average annual rainfall: inches

Average annual snowfall: inches

(ii) **Physical Characteristics:**

(a) **Relationship with TNW:**

☐ Tributary flows directly into TNW.

☐ Tributary flows through **Pick List** tributaries before entering TNW.

Project waters are **Pick List** river miles from TNW.

Project waters are **Pick List** river miles from RPW.

Project waters are **Pick List** aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Project waters are **Pick List** aerial (straight) miles from RPW.

Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain:

Identify flow route to TNW<sup>5</sup>:

Tributary/ stream order, if known:

<sup>4</sup> Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

<sup>5</sup> Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.



(b) General Tributary Characteristics (check all that apply):

Tributary is: ☐ Natural  
☐ Artificial (man-made). Explain:  
☐ Manipulated (man-altered). Explain:

Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate):

Average width: feet  
Average depth: feet  
Average side slopes: **Pick List**.

Primary tributary substrate composition (check all that apply):

☐ Silts ☐ Sands ☐ Concrete  
☐ Cobbles ☐ Gravel ☐ Muck  
☐ Bedrock ☐ Vegetation. Type/% cover:  
☐ Other. Explain:

Tributary condition/stability [e.g., highly eroding, sloughing banks]. Explain:

Presence of run/riffle/pool complexes. Explain:

Tributary geometry: **Pick List**

Tributary gradient (approximate average slope): %

(c) Flow:

Tributary provides for: **Pick List**

Estimate average number of flow events in review area/year: **Pick List**

Describe flow regime:

Other information on duration and volume:

Surface flow is: **Pick List**. Characteristics:

Subsurface flow: **Pick List**. Explain findings:

☐ Dye (or other) test performed:

Tributary has (check all that apply):

☐ Bed and banks  
☐ OHWM<sup>6</sup> (check all indicators that apply):  
☐ clear, natural line impressed on the bank  
☐ changes in the character of soil  
☐ shelving  
☐ vegetation matted down, bent, or absent  
☐ leaf litter disturbed or washed away  
☐ sediment deposition  
☐ water staining  
☐ other (list):  
☐ Discontinuous OHWM.<sup>7</sup> Explain:  
☐ the presence of litter and debris  
☐ destruction of terrestrial vegetation  
☐ the presence of wrack line  
☐ sediment sorting  
☐ scour  
☐ multiple observed or predicted flow events  
☐ abrupt change in plant community

If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction (check all that apply):

☐ High Tide Line indicated by: ☐ Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
☐ oil or scum line along shore objects ☐ survey to available datum;  
☐ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) ☐ physical markings;  
☐ physical markings/characteristics ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.  
☐ tidal gauges  
☐ other (list):

(iii) Chemical Characteristics:

Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.).

Explain:

Identify specific pollutants, if known:

<sup>6</sup>A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock; outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.

<sup>7</sup>Ibid.

(iv) **Biological Characteristics. Channel supports (check all that apply):**

- ☐ Riparian corridor. Characteristics (type, average width):
- ☐ Wetland fringe. Characteristics:
- ☐ Habitat for:
  - ☐ Federally Listed species. Explain findings:
  - ☐ Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings:
  - ☐ Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings:
  - ☐ Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings:

2. **Characteristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW**

(i) **Physical Characteristics:**

(a) General Wetland Characteristics:

Properties:

Wetland size:        acres

Wetland type. Explain:

Wetland quality. Explain:

Project wetlands cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain:

(b) General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW:

Flow is: **Pick List**. Explain:

Surface flow is: **Pick List**

Characteristics:

Subsurface flow: **Pick List**. Explain findings:

☐ Dye (or other) test performed:

(c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW:

☐ Directly abutting

☐ Not directly abutting

☐ Discrete wetland hydrologic connection. Explain:

☐ Ecological connection. Explain:

☐ Separated by berm/barrier. Explain:

(d) Proximity (Relationship) to TNW

Project wetlands are **Pick List** river miles from TNW.

Project waters are **Pick List** aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Flow is from: **Pick List**.

Estimate approximate location of wetland as within the **Pick List** floodplain.

(ii) **Chemical Characteristics:**

Characterize wetland system (e.g., water color is clear, brown, oil film on surface; water quality; general watershed characteristics; etc.). Explain:

Identify specific pollutants, if known:

(iii) **Biological Characteristics. Wetland supports (check all that apply):**

- ☐ Riparian buffer. Characteristics (type, average width):
- ☐ Vegetation type/percent cover. Explain:
- ☐ Habitat for:
  - ☐ Federally Listed species. Explain findings:
  - ☐ Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings:
  - ☐ Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings:
  - ☐ Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings:

3. **Characteristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any)**

All wetland(s) being considered in the cumulative analysis: **Pick List**

Approximately (        ) acres in total are being considered in the cumulative analysis.

For each wetland, specify the following:

Directly abuts? (Y/N)

Size (in acres)

Directly abuts? (Y/N)

Size (in acres)

Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed:

### C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Draw connections between the features documented and the effects on the TNW, as identified in the *Rapanos* Guidance and discussed in the Instructional Guidebook. Factors to consider include, for example:

- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to carry pollutants or flood waters to TNWs, or to reduce the amount of pollutants or flood waters reaching a TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), provide habitat and lifecycle support functions for fish and other species, such as feeding, nesting, spawning, or rearing young for species that are present in the TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to transfer nutrients and organic carbon that support downstream foodwebs?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have other relationships to the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the TNW?

**Note: the above list of considerations is not inclusive and other functions observed or known to occur should be documented below:**

1. **Significant nexus findings for non-RPW that has no adjacent wetlands and flows directly or indirectly into TNWs.** Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary itself, then go to Section III.D:
2. **Significant nexus findings for non-RPW and its adjacent wetlands, where the non-RPW flows directly or indirectly into TNWs.** Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:
3. **Significant nexus findings for wetlands adjacent to an RPW but that do not directly abut the RPW.** Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:

### D. DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

1. **TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands.** Check all that apply and provide size estimates in review area:

☒ TNWs: linear feet width (ft), Or, 1.62 acres.  
☐ Wetlands adjacent to TNWs: acres.

2. **RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.**

- ☐ Tributaries of TNWs where tributaries typically flow year-round are jurisdictional. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial:
- ☐ Tributaries of TNW where tributaries have continuous flow "seasonally" (e.g., typically three months each year) are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.B. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows seasonally:



Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):

- ☐ Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).  
☐ Other non-wetland waters: acres.  
Identify type(s) of waters: .

**3. Non-RPWs<sup>8</sup> that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.**

- ☐ Waterbody that is not a TNW or an RPW, but flows directly or indirectly into a TNW, and it has a significant nexus with a TNW is jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters within the review area (check all that apply):

- ☐ Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).  
☐ Other non-wetland waters: acres.  
Identify type(s) of waters: .

**4. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.**

- ☐ Wetlands directly abut RPW and thus are jurisdictional as adjacent wetlands.  
☐ Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow year-round. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: .  
☐ Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow "seasonally." Provide data indicating that tributary is seasonal in Section III.B and rationale in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: .

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.

**5. Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.**

- ☐ Wetlands that do not directly abut an RPW, but when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.

**6. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.**

- ☐ Wetlands adjacent to such waters, and have when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.

**7. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters.<sup>9</sup>**

As a general rule, the impoundment of a jurisdictional tributary remains jurisdictional.

- ☐ Demonstrate that impoundment was created from "waters of the U.S.," or  
☐ Demonstrate that water meets the criteria for one of the categories presented above (1-6), or  
☐ Demonstrate that water is isolated with a nexus to commerce (see E below).

**E. ISOLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS, INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, DEGRADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING ANY SUCH WATERS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):<sup>10</sup>**

- ☐ which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.  
☐ from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.  
☐ which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.  
☐ Interstate isolated waters. Explain: .  
☐ Other factors. Explain: .

**Identify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination:** .

<sup>8</sup>See Footnote # 3.

<sup>9</sup>To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.

<sup>10</sup>Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following *Rapanos*.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):

- ☐ Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).
- ☐ Other non-wetland waters: acres.
- Identify type(s) of waters: .
- ☐ Wetlands: acres.

**F. NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):**

- ☐ If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements.
- ☐ Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce.
  - ☐ Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR).
- ☐ Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction. Explain: .
- ☐ Other: (explain, if not covered above): .

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the sole potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR factors (i.e., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional judgment (check all that apply):

- ☐ Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet width (ft).
- ☐ Lakes/ponds: acres.
- ☐ Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: .
- ☐ Wetlands: acres.

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction (check all that apply):

- ☐ Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet, width (ft).
- ☐ Lakes/ponds: acres.
- ☐ Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: .
- ☐ Wetlands: acres.

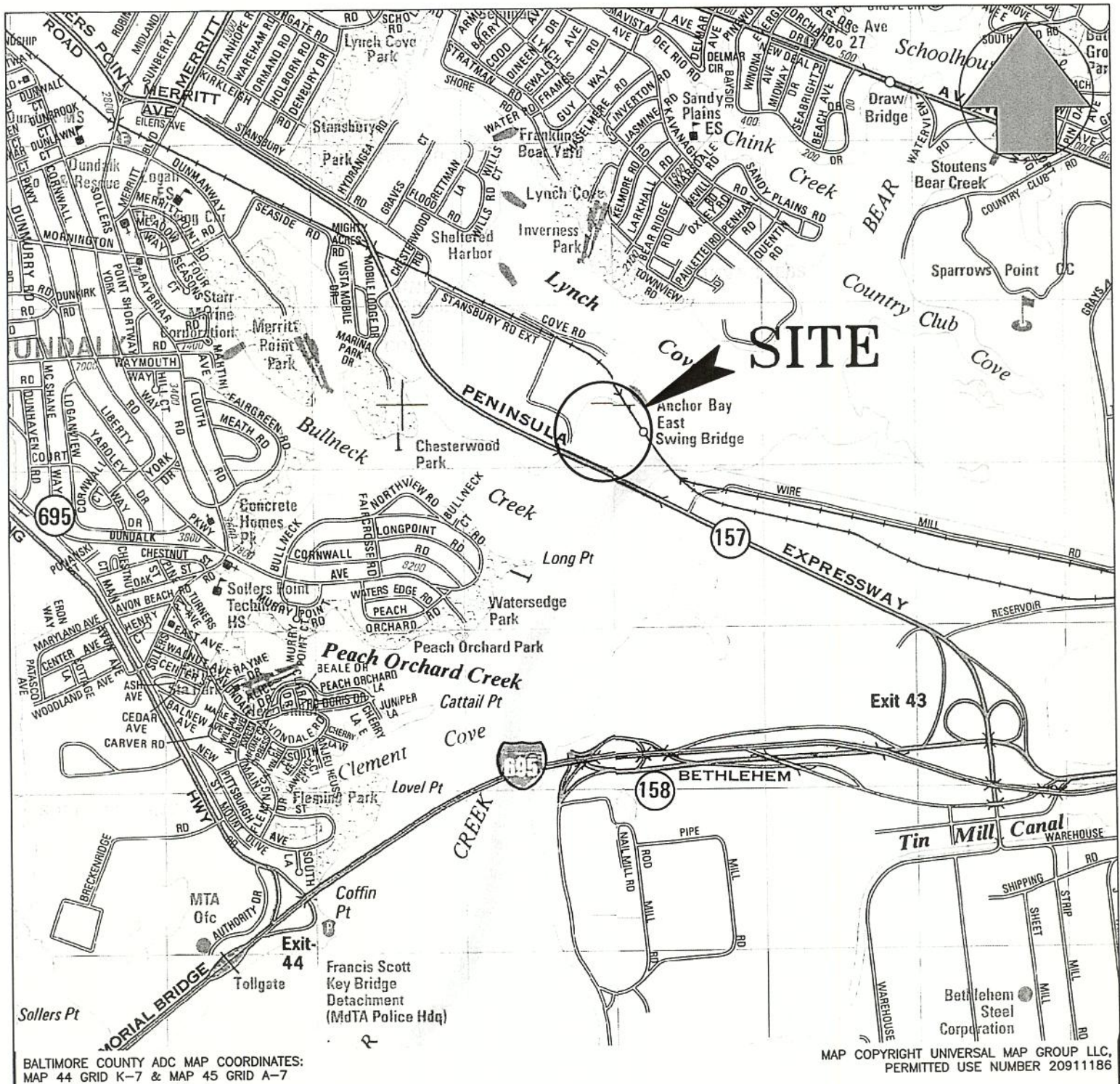
**SECTION IV: DATA SOURCES.**

**A. SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (check all that apply - checked items shall be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appropriately reference sources below):**

- ☒ Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant: BayLands
- ☐ Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant.
  - ☐ Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report.
  - ☐ Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report.
- ☐ Data sheets prepared by the Corps: .
- ☒ Corps navigable waters' study: .
- ☐ U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: .
  - ☐ USGS NHD data.
  - ☐ USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps.
- ☒ U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name: 1"=200yds./Relay Quad.
- ☒ USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation: NRCS/Anne Arundel Co.
- ☒ National wetlands inventory map(s). Cite name: Relay Quad.
- ☐ State/Local wetland inventory map(s): .
- ☐ FEMA/FIRM maps: .
- ☐ 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929)
- ☒ Photographs: ☒ Aerial (Name & Date): Google Earth.
  - or ☐ Other (Name & Date): .
- ☒ Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter: Permit #2006-62543-12 issued 9/14/07.
- ☐ Applicable/supporting case law: .
- ☐ Applicable/supporting scientific literature: .
- ☐ Other information (please specify): .

**B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD:**





# **PROPOSED MARINA** AT **LAKES AT STANSBURY SHORES**

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD  
APPL. BY: LAKES AT STANSBURY, LLC.  
28 WALKER AVENUE  
BALTIMORE, MD 21208

## **VICINITY MAP**

DATE: June 2015 SHEET 1 OF 10

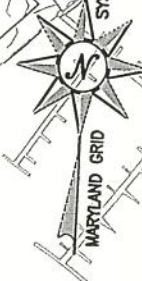
**BayLand**  
Consultants & Designers, Inc.  
"Integrating Engineering and Environment"

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Hanover, Maryland 21076 Fax: (410) 694-9405  
Website: www.baylandinc.com



OWNER  
LAKES AT STANSBURY, LLC  
28 WALKERS AVE  
BALTIMORE, MD 21208

ANCHOR BAY EAST  
MARINA & YACHT  
8500 COVE RD  
BALTIMORE, MD 21222



THE LAKES AT STANSBURY SHORES  
HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION INC  
STANSBURY LAKE DR  
TM 103 P 267  
PLAT: 78/462  
DEED: 30637/244

THE LAKES AT STANSBURY SHORES  
HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION INC  
STANSBURY LAKE DR  
TM 103 P 267  
PLAT: 78/462  
DEED: 30637/244  
1.2150 AC

LIMIT OF SAV 2004/2005

EX. RAILROAD  
TURNSTILE BRIDGE

1/4 WATERWAY LINE

EX. CHANNEL



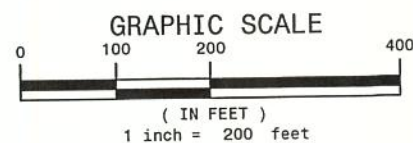
PENINSULA EXPRESSWAY

# PROPOSED MARINA AT LAKES AT STANSBURY SHORES

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD  
APPL. BY: LAKES AT STANSBURY, LLC.  
28 WALKER AVENUE  
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## WATERWAY PLAN

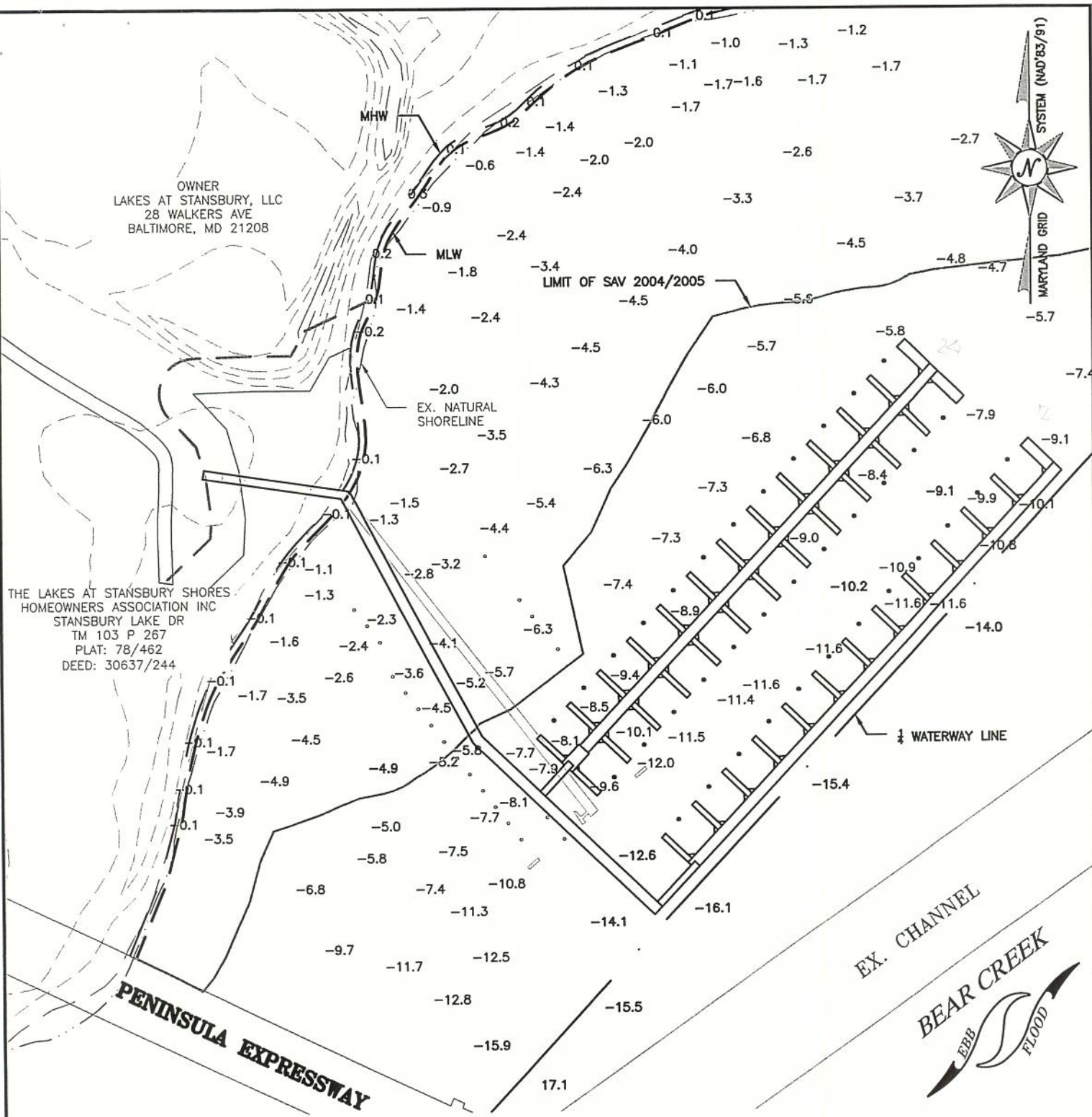
DATE: June 2015 SHEET 2 OF 10



NOTE: THESE ARE PERMIT DRAWINGS ONLY.  
DESIGN DRAWINGS ARE TO BE PREPARED  
SEPARATELY.

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Hanover, Maryland 21076 Fax: (410) 694-9405  
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# PROPOSED MARINA AT LAKES AT STANSBURY SHORES

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD  
APPL. BY: LAKES AT STANSBURY, LLC.  
28 WALKER AVENUE  
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## OVERALL SITE PLAN

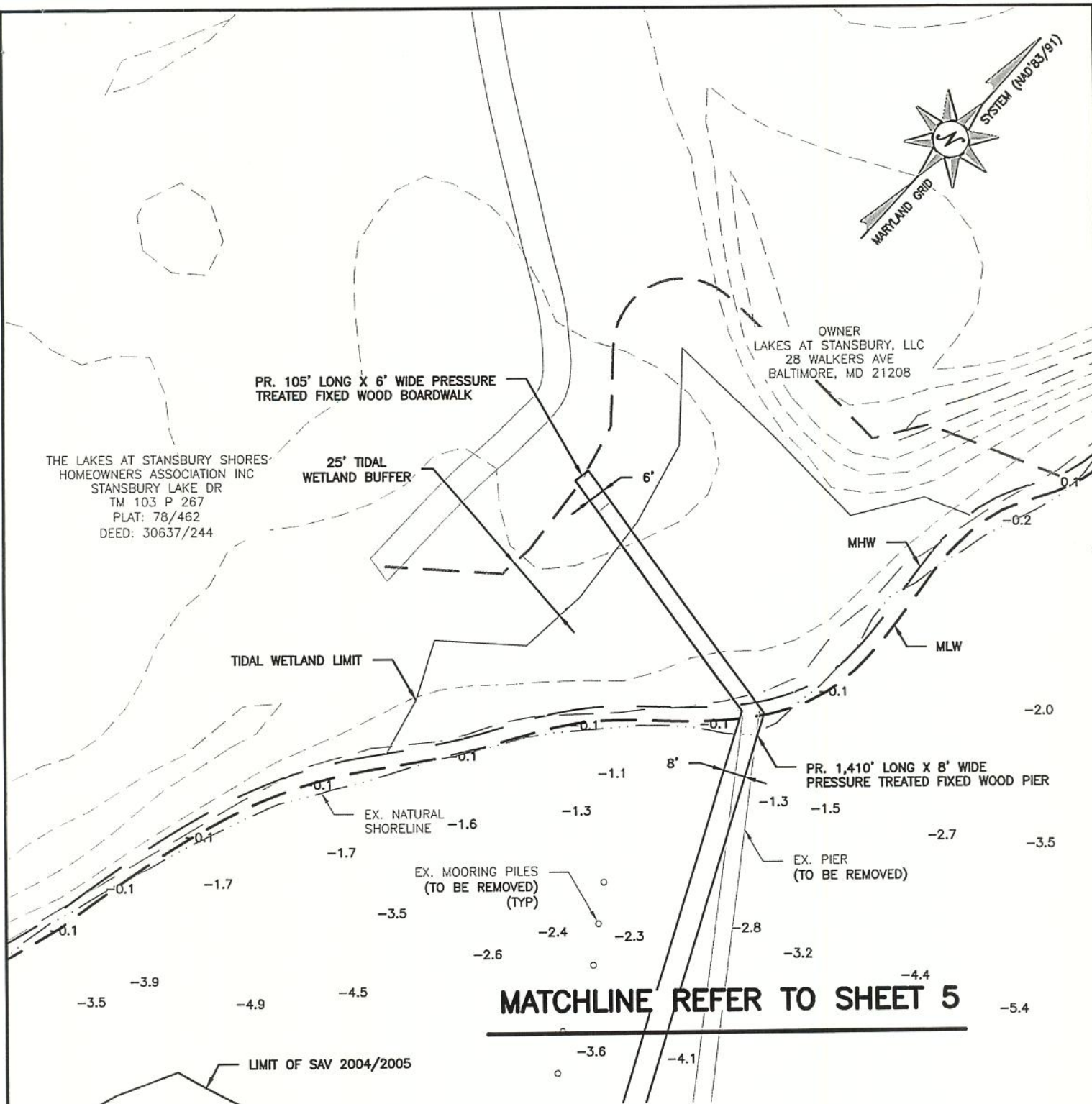
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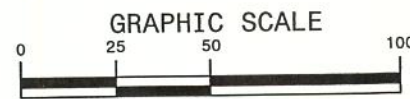


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## SITE PLAN

DATE: June 2015 SHEET 4 OF 10



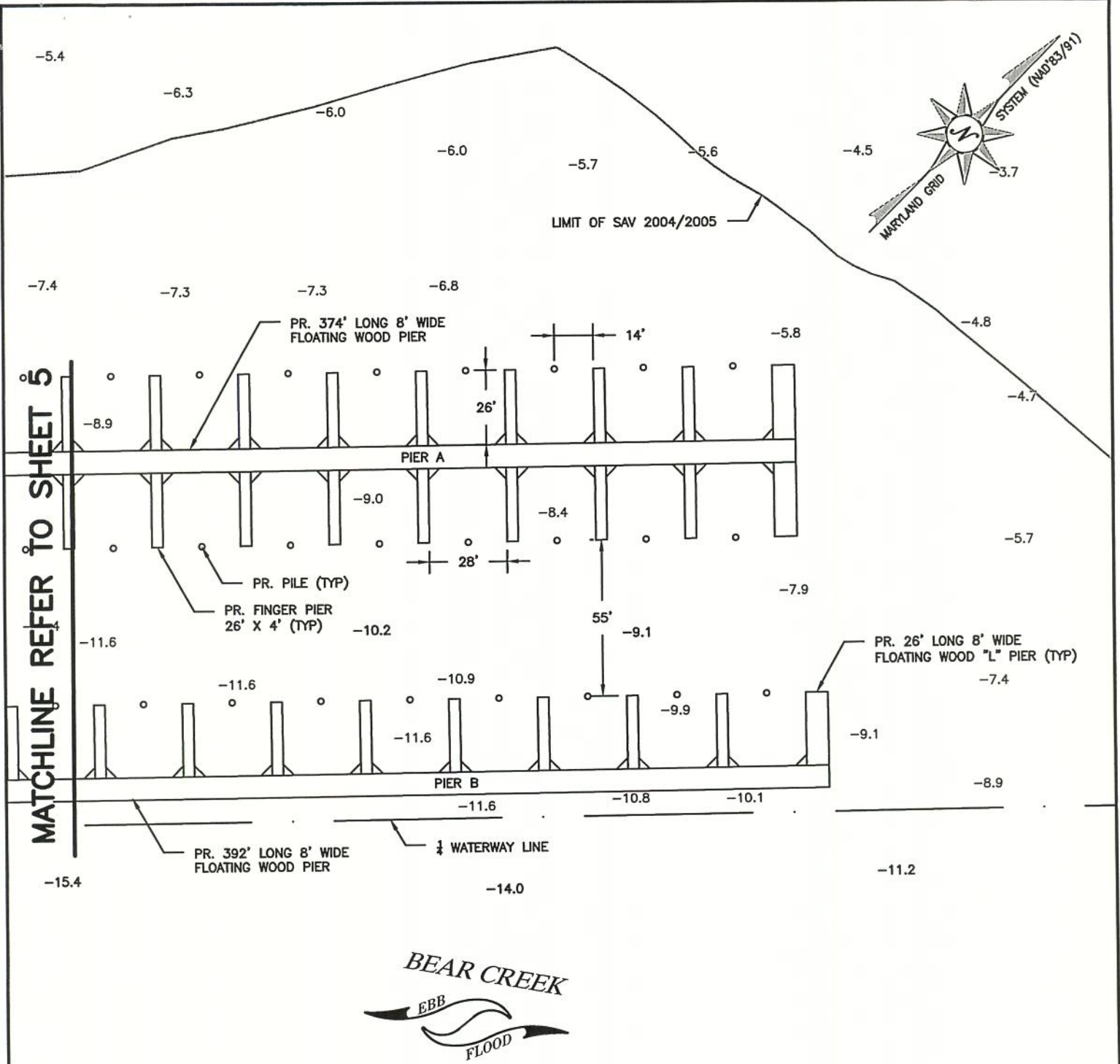
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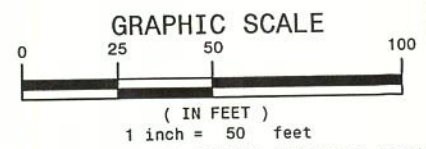


# PROPOSED MARINA AT LAKES AT STANSBURY SHORES

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD  
APPL. BY: LAKES AT STANSBURY, LLC.  
28 WALKER AVENUE  
BALTIMORE, MD 21208

## SITE PLAN

DATE: June 2015 SHEET 6 OF 10



NOTE: THESE ARE PERMIT DRAWINGS ONLY. DESIGN DRAWINGS ARE TO BE PREPARED SEPARATELY.

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Z:\B\_4003\_LAKES\_AT\_STANSBURY\_SHORES\PE\CAD FILES\SHEET FILES\B\_4003\_LM105.DWG

8 ft

12" DIA.

ELEV. 5.0

2X6 RAILS WITH 4X6 MID POST

3X10 CLAMPS AND STRINGERS (1.5CCA)

NTS

8 ft

12" DIA.

ELEV. 5.0

3X10 CLAMPS AND STRINGERS (15CCA)

NTS

8 ft.

5/8" DIA. BOLT

3/4" DIA. BOLT

3X10 CLAMPS AND STRINGERS  
(1.5CCA)

DECKING NOT SHOWN

1" X 16" PIN

ER BENT

The diagram shows a cross-section of a bridge deck. It features two horizontal stringers, each labeled '3X10 CLAMPS AND STRINGERS (1.5CCA)'. These stringers are connected by three vertical clamps. The clamps are secured with bolts: a 5/8" diameter bolt is shown at the top of each clamp, and a 3/4" diameter bolt is shown at the bottom. A 1" x 16" pin is shown passing through the stringers and clamps. The total width of the assembly is indicated as 8 ft. The text 'DECKING NOT SHOWN' is present, along with a partially visible label 'ER BENT' at the bottom left.

NTS

EXISTING BOTTOM  
(VARIES)

NTS

## DATE: June 2015 SHEET 7 OF 10



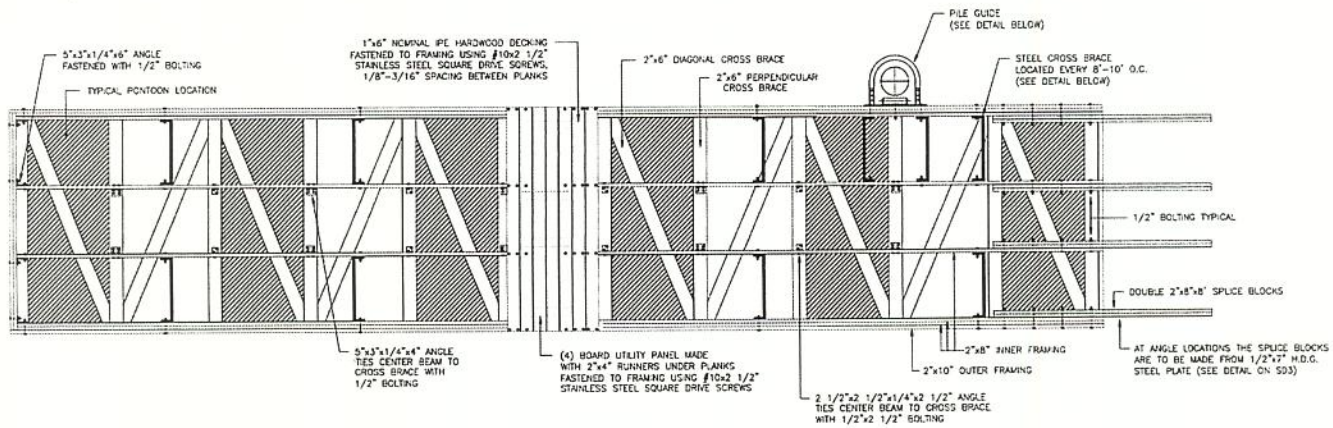
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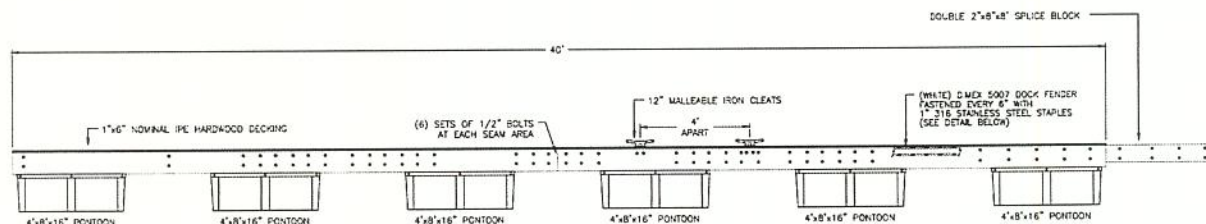
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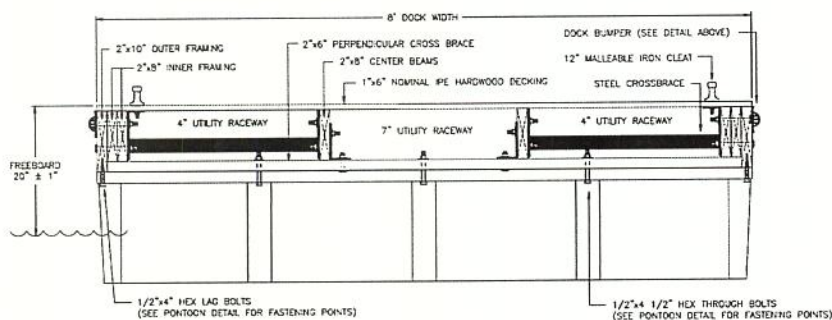


PLAN VIEW/ 8'x40' DOCK SECTION



SIDE ELEVATION/ 8'x40' DOCK SECTION

RAMP LANDING DETAIL



SECTION VIEW/ 8'x40' DOCK SECTION

# PROPOSED MARINA AT LAKES AT STANSBURY SHORES

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD  
APPL. BY: LAKES AT STANSBURY, LLC.  
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BALTIMORE, MD 21208

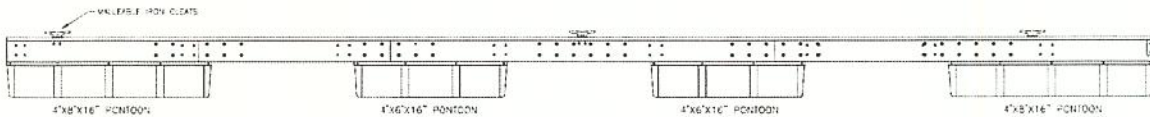
TYPICAL DOCK DETAILS

DATE: June 2015 SHEET 8 OF 10

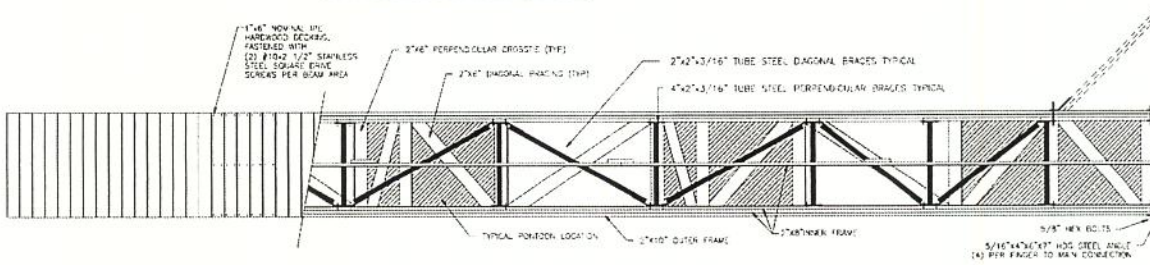
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**SULLIVAN**  
FLOTATION SYSTEMS

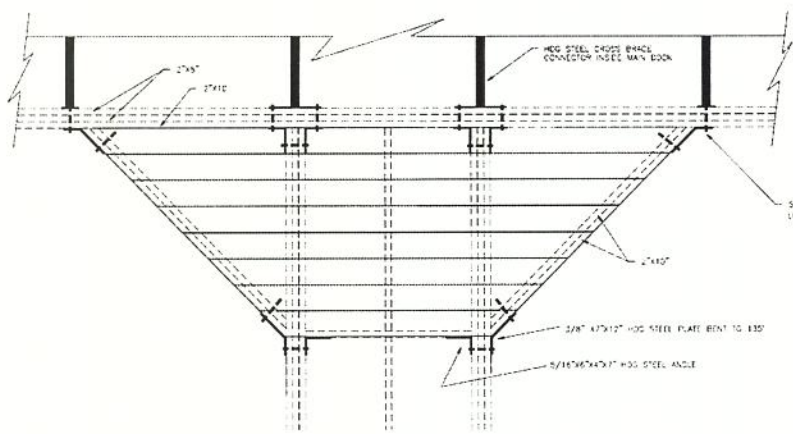
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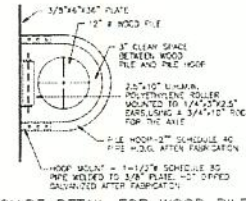
**SIDE ELEVATION FINGER DOCK**



**PLAN VIEW FINGER DOCK**



**FINGER & GUSSET CONNECTION DETAIL**



**PILE GUIDE DETAIL FOR WOOD PILE**

# **PROPOSED MARINA** AT **LAKEs AT STANSBURY SHORES**

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD  
APPL. BY: LAKEs AT STANSBURY, LLC.  
28 WALKER AVENUE  
BALTIMORE, MD 21208

**TYPICAL FINGER PIER DETAILS**

DATE: June 2015 SHEET 9 OF 10

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## **MARINA SUMMARY**

### **MARINA SUMMARY**

#### **EXISTING STRUCTURES**

MAIN PIER: 1,770 SQUARE FEET +/- TO BE REMOVED  
MOORING PILES: 22+/- TO BE REMOVED

#### **PROPOSED FIXED STRUCTURES LANDWARD OF MHW**

BOARDWALK OVER TIDAL WETLANDS: (1) 80' X 6' 480 SQUARE FEET  
BOARDWALK OVER WETLANDS BUFFER: (1) 25' X 6' 150 SQUARE FEET

#### **PROPOSED FIXED STRUCTURES CHANNELWARD OF MHW**

MAIN PIER: (1) 200' X 8' 1,600 SQUARE FEET  
MAIN PIER W WAVE SCREEN: (1) 180' X 8' 1,440 SQUARE FEET  
TOTAL: 3,040 SQUARE FEET  
MOORING PILES: 36

#### **PROPOSED FLOATING STRUCTURES**

MAIN PIER A: (1) 374' X 8' 2,992 SQUARE FEET  
MAIN PIER B: (1) 392' X 8' 3,136 SQUARE FEET  
FINGER PIERS: (36) 26' X 4' 3,744 SQUARE FEET  
"L" PIERS: (3) 26' X 8' 624 SQUARE FEET  
GANGWAY PIER A: (1) 30' X 5' 150 SQUARE FEET  
GANGWAY PIER B: (1) 40' X 5' 200 SQUARE FEET  
TOTAL: 10,846 SQUARE FEET

#### **NOTES**

SAV WAS OBSERVED AND DOCUMENTED BY BAYLAND IN SURVEYS CONDUCTED IN 2005 AND 2006. THE SAV LIMITS FOR THESE SURVEYS WAS SHOWN ON THE PREVIOUSLY APPROVED WETLANDS LICENSE WL 06-1325(R) AND ARE SHOWN ON THE CURRENT APPLICATION.

REVIEW OF THE 2005 TO 2013 VIMS SAV SURVEYS DID NOT DOCUMENT ANY SAV IN THE PROJECT AREA EXCEPT IN 2005, THE SAME YEAR SAV WAS DOCUMENTED BY FIELD SURVEYS CONDUCTED BY BAYLAND.

THE PROPOSED MARINA HAS BEEN LOCATED OUTSIDE THE SAV LIMITS DOCUMENTED IN 2005/2006.

A BATHYMETRIC SURVEY FOR THE PROJECT WAS PERFORMED BY BAYLAND ON MAY 12, 2015.

WATER DEPTHS SHOWN ON PLANS HAVE BEEN ADJUSTED TO MEAN LOW WATER.

CONSTRUCTION FOR A 72-SLIP MARINA WAS PREVIOUSLY APPROVED UNDER WL-06-1325(R) WITH COE AUTHORIZATION UNDER MDSP6P-2.

## **PROPOSED MARINA**

AT

### **LAKEs AT STANSBURY SHORES**

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

APPL. BY: LAKEs AT STANSBURY, LLC.  
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### **MARINA SUMMARY**

DATE: June 2015 SHEET 10 OF 10

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