



**U.S. Army Corps  
of Engineers**  
Baltimore District

# Public Notice

In Reply to Application Number  
CENAB-OP-RMS (MO-DEP GUNNERS LAKE)  
2014-60236

PN 14-58

Comment Period: November 10, 2014 to November 30, 2014

---

THE PURPOSE OF THIS PUBLIC NOTICE IS TO SOLICIT COMMENTS FROM THE PUBLIC ABOUT THE WORK DESCRIBED BELOW. AT THIS TIME, NO DECISION HAS BEEN MADE AS TO WHETHER OR NOT A PERMIT WILL BE ISSUED.

The Baltimore District has received an application for a Department of the Army permit pursuant to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1344), as described below:

**APPLICANT:** Ms. Amy Stevens  
Montgomery County Department  
of Environmental Protection  
255 Rockville Pike, Suite 120  
Rockville, Maryland 20850

**LOCATION:** In Gunners Lake, approximately 1 mile east of the intersection of Wisteria Drive and Maryland 118, Germantown, Montgomery County, Maryland.

**WORK:** To dredge by hydraulic method an approximate 267,416 square foot (6.14 acres) area within the instream regional pond lake to restore as-built depths to -5.0 feet ordinary high water mark (OHWM) and to temporarily deposit the resulting approximately 20,000 cubic yard of material in an upland area on site to be dried and then disposed of at an approved upland, nonwetland, disposal site. All work is to be completed in accordance with the proposed plan(s). If you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact Mrs. Erica Schmidt at (410) 962-6029 or [Erica.Schmidt@usace.army.mil](mailto:Erica.Schmidt@usace.army.mil).

Dredging impacts were minimized by proposing to dredge only the minimal amount required for improved stormwater management capacity. Site layout for this project was based upon greatest siltation and that would most practicably avoid and minimize impacts to jurisdictional waters. Efforts were made to avoid, to the extent possible, the long and short-term adverse impacts associated with the proposed project.

Compensatory mitigation is not being proposed by the applicant for permanent impacts to open water. No wetland impacts are proposed.

The purposes of the project are to restore lake conditions and capacity; reduce sedimentation; and improve water quality at the site and downstream.

The Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (MSFCMA), as amended by the Sustainable Fisheries Act of 1996 (Public Law 04-267), requires all Federal agencies to consult with the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) on all actions, or proposed actions, permitted, funded, or undertaken by the agency that may adversely effect essential fish habitat (EFH). The project site does not lie in or adjacent to EFH as described under MSFCMA .

The decision whether to issue a permit will be based on an evaluation of the probable impact including cumulative impacts of the proposed activity on the public interest. That decision will reflect the national concern for both protection and utilization of important resources. The benefit which reasonably may be expected to accrue from the proposal must be balanced against its reasonably foreseeable detriments. All factors which may be relevant to the proposal will be considered including the cumulative effects thereof; among those are conservation, economics, aesthetics, general environmental concerns, wetlands, cultural values, fish and wildlife values, flood hazards, flood plain values, land use, navigation, shoreline erosion and accretion, recreation, water supply and conservation, water quality, energy needs, safety, food and fiber production, and, in general, the needs and welfare of the people.

The Corps of Engineers is soliciting comments from the public; Federal, State, and local agencies and officials; Indian Tribes; and other interested parties in order to consider and evaluate the impacts of this proposed activity. Any comments received will be considered by the Corps of Engineers to determine whether to issue, modify, condition or deny a permit for this proposal. To make this decision, comments are used to assess impacts on endangered species, historic properties, water quality, general environmental effects, and the other public interest factors listed above. Comments are used in the preparation of an Environmental Assessment and/or an Environmental Impact Statement pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act. Comments are also used to determine the need for a public hearing and to determine the overall public interest of the proposed activity.

The applicant is required to obtain a water quality certification in accordance with Section 401 of the Clean Water Act from the Maryland Department of the Environment. Any written comments concerning the work described above which relate to water quality certification must be received by the Wetlands and Waterways Program, Maryland Department of the Environment, 1800 Washington Blvd. Suite 430, Baltimore, Maryland 21230 within the comment period as specified above to receive consideration.

Written comments concerning the work described above related to the factors listed above or other pertinent factors must be received by the District Engineer, US Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, PO Box 1715, Baltimore, Maryland 21203-1715, within the comment period as specified above to receive consideration. The 401 certifying agency has a statutory limit of one year to make its decision.

The applicant has certified in this application that the proposed activity complies with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the Maryland Coastal Zone Program. This certification statement is available for inspection in the District Office; however, public

comments relating to consistency must be received by the Coastal Zone Division, Maryland Department of the Environment, 1800 Washington Blvd. Suite 430, Baltimore, Maryland 21230, within the comment period as specified above. It should be noted that CZ Division has a statutory limit of 6 months in which to make its consistency determination.

The applicant must obtain any State or local government permits, which may be required.

A preliminary review of this application indicates that the proposed work will not affect listed species or their critical habitat pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act as amended. As the evaluation of this application continues, additional information may become available which could modify this preliminary determination.

Review of the latest published version of the National Register of Historic Places indicates that no registered properties listed as eligible for inclusion therein are located at the site of the proposed work. Currently unknown archeological, scientific, prehistoric, or historical data may be lost or destroyed by the work to be accomplished under the requested permit.

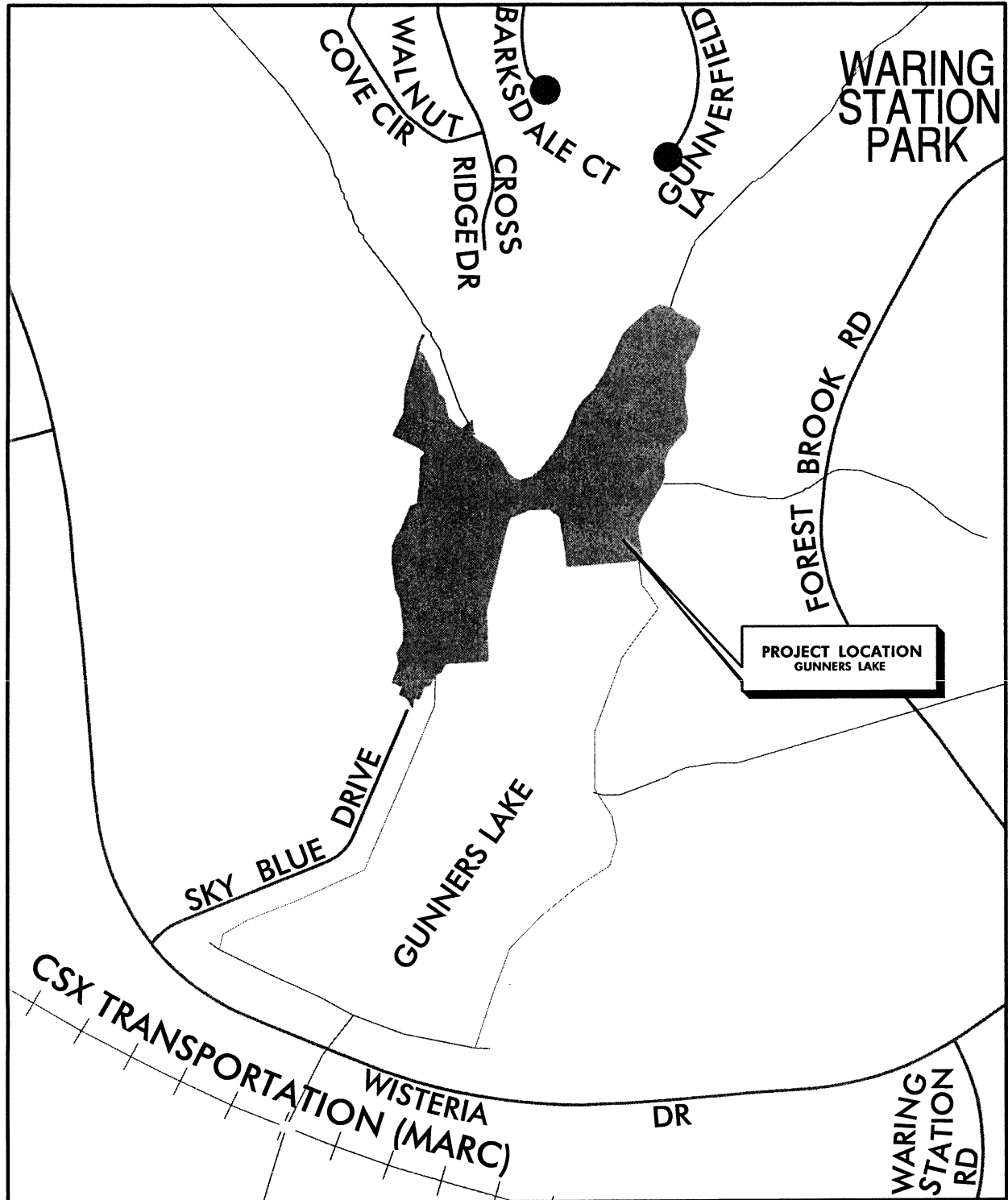
The evaluation of the impact of the work described above on the public interest will include application of the guidelines promulgated by the Administrator, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, under authority of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Any person who has an interest, which may be adversely affected by the issuance of this permit, may request a public hearing. The District Engineer must receive the request, which must be in writing, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, PO Box 1715, Baltimore, Maryland 21203-1715, within the comment period as specified above to receive consideration. Also, it must clearly state forth the interest that may be adversely affected by this activity in the manner in which the interest may be adversely affected.

It is requested that you communicate the foregoing information concerning the proposed work to any persons known by you to be interested and not being known to this office, who did not receive a copy of this notice.

FOR THE DISTRICT ENGINEER:

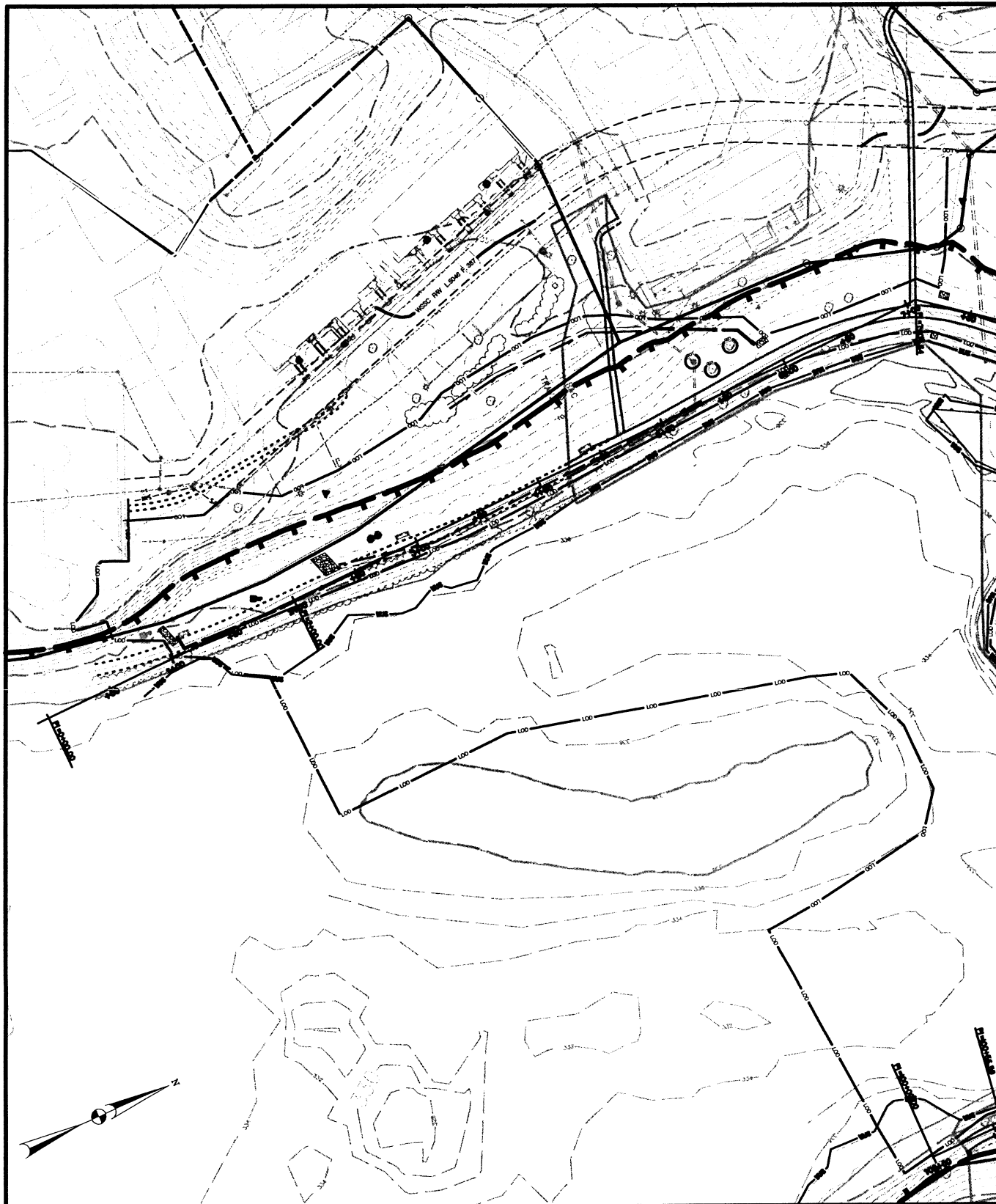
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathy Anderson", written in a cursive style.

Kathy B. Anderson  
Chief, Maryland Section Southern



**McCormick**  
 Engineers & Planners  
 Since 1946 **Taylor**

Revisions	Maryland State Highway		
	GUNNER'S LAKE GAITHERSBURG (9TH) ELECTION DISTRICT DUNNERS LAKE VILLAGE DUBDIVISION MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND		
	Vicinity Map		
	SCALE: 1" = 400'	DATE: December, 2013	PLATE 1 of 7



MATCH LINE SEE SHEET 3

**McCormick**  
Engineers & Planners  
Since 1946 **Taylor**

# Revisions

## Maryland State Highway

**GUNNER'S LAKE  
GAITHERSBURG (9TH) ELECTION DISTRICT  
DUNNERS LAKE VILLAGE DUBDIVISION  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND**

## Project Overview Plate

SCALE: 1" = 100'

DATE: December, 2013

PLATE 2 of 7

MATCH LINE SEE SHEET 2



**McCormick**  
Engineers & Planners  
Since 1946 **Taylor**

### Revisions

### Maryland State Highway

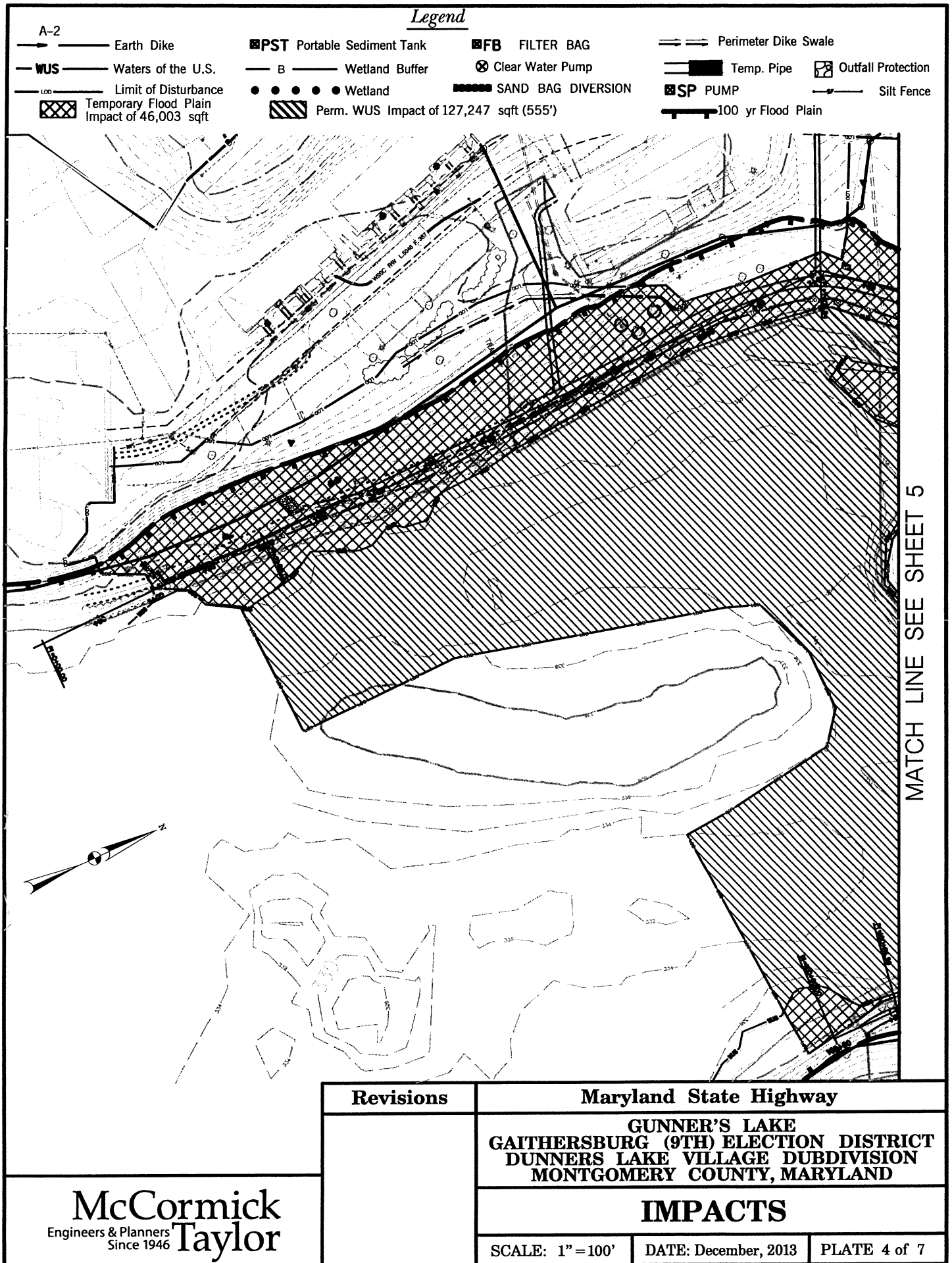
**GUNNER'S LAKE  
GAITHERSBURG (9TH) ELECTION DISTRICT  
DUNNERS LAKE VILLAGE DUBDIVISION  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND**

### Project Overview Plate

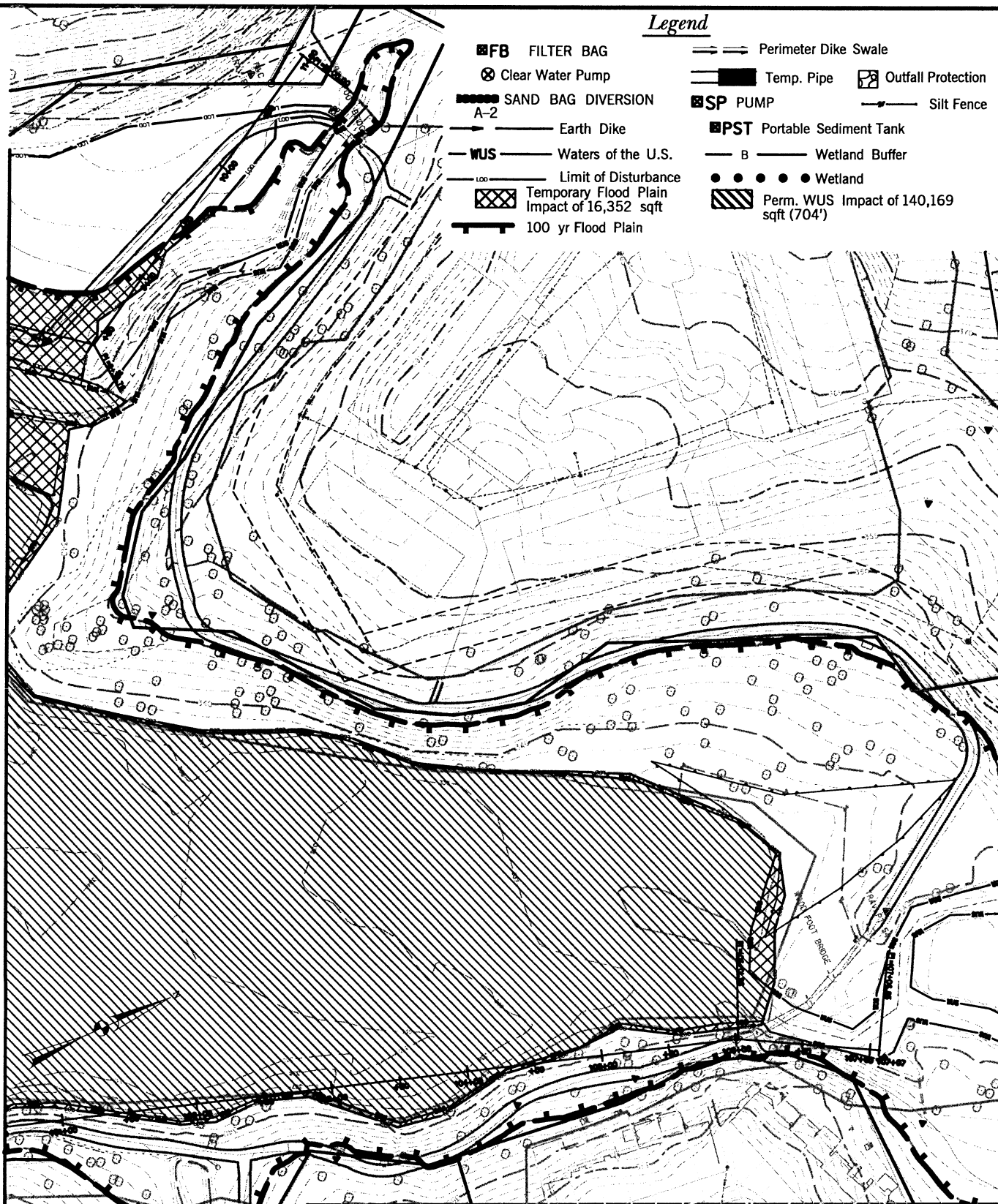
SCALE: 1" = 100'

DATE: December, 2013

PLATE 3 of 7



MATCH LINE SEE SHEET 2



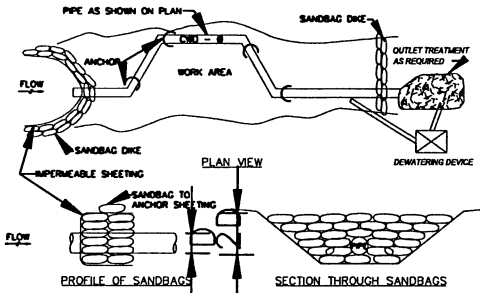
Revisions	Maryland State Highway		
	GUNNER'S LAKE GAITHERSBURG (9TH) ELECTION DISTRICT DUNNERS LAKE VILLAGE DUBDIVISION MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND		
	IMPACTS		
	SCALE: 1" = 100'	DATE: December, 2013	PLATE 5 of 7

**McCormick**  
Engineers & Planners  
Since 1946 **Taylor**



# DETAIL C-6 CLEAR WATER DIVERSION PIPE

Standard Sheet  
C-6 - 11  
RETAINING DMS-12 REFERS TO  
12 INCH CLEAR WATER DIVERSION



## CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

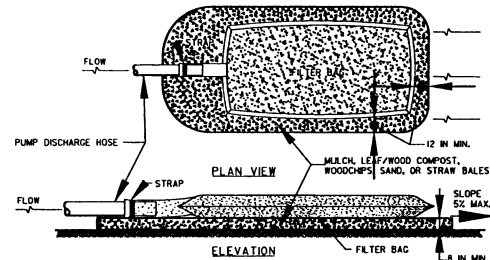
1. FLEXIBLE PIPE IS PREFERRED. HOWEVER, CORRUGATED METAL PIPE OR EQUIVALENT PVC PIPE CAN BE USED. MAKE ALL JOINTS WATER-TIGHT.
2. FOR SANDBAGS USE MATERIALS THAT ARE RESISTANT TO ULTRA-VIOLET RADIATION, TEARING, AND PUNCTURE AND BROWN TIGHTLY ENOUGH TO PREVENT LEAKAGE OF FILL MATERIAL.
3. USE 10 MIL OR THICKER, UV RESISTANT, IMPERMEABLE SHEETING OR OTHER APPROVED MATERIAL THAT IS IMPERMEABLE AND RESISTANT TO PUNCTURING AND TEARING.
4. PLACE IMPERMEABLE SHEETING SUCH THAT UPGRADE PORTION OVERLAPS DOWNGRADE PORTION BY A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES.
5. SET HEIGHT OF SANDBAG DIKE AT TWICE THE PIPE DIAMETER. MAINTAIN HEIGHT ALONG LENGTH OF SANDBAG DIKE. PLACE DOUBLE ROW OF SANDBAGS.
6. AT A MINIMUM, SECURELY ANCHOR DIVERSION PIPE AT EACH DOWNGRADE JOINT.
7. SET OUTLET END OF DIVERSION PIPE LOWER THAN INLET END.
8. PROVIDE OUTLET PROTECTION AS REQUIRED ON APPROVED PLAN.
9. DEWATER WORK AREA USING AN APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN.
10. KEEP POINT OF DISCHARGE FREE OF EROSION. MAINTAIN WATER TIGHT CONNECTIONS AND POSITIVE DRAINAGE. REPLACE SANDBAGS AND IMPERMEABLE SHEETING IF TORN.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE 2011 MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT  
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

# DETAIL F-4 FILTER BAG

Standard Sheet  
F-4 - 12  
RETAINING DMS-12 REFERS TO  
12 INCH CLEAR WATER DIVERSION



## CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. TIGHTLY SEAL SLEEVE AROUND THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE WITH A STRAP OR SIMILAR DEVICE.
2. PLACE FILTER BAG ON SUITABLE BASE (E.G., MULCH, LEAF/WOOD COMPOST, WOODCHIPS, SAND, OR STRAW BALES) LOCATED ON A LEVEL OR 5% MAXIMUM SLOPING SURFACE. DISCHARGE TO A STABILIZED AREA. EXTEND BASE A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES FROM EDGES OF BAG.
3. CONTROL PUMPING RATE TO PREVENT EXCESSIVE PRESSURE WITHIN THE FILTER BAG IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. AS THE BAG FILLS WITH SEDIMENT, REDUCE PUMPING RATE.
4. REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF FILTER BAG UPON COMPLETION OF PUMPING OPERATIONS OR AFTER BAG HAS REACHED CAPACITY. HOWEVER, IF SEDIMENT OCCURS FIRST, SPREAD THE DEWATERED SEDIMENT FROM THE BAG IN AN APPROVED UPLAND AREA AND STABILIZE WITH SEED AND MULCH BY THE END OF THE WORK DAY. RESTORE THE SURFACE AREA BENEATH THE BAG TO ORIGINAL CONDITION UPON REMOVAL OF THE DEVICE.
5. USE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE WITH DOUBLE STITCHED SEAMS USING HIGH STRENGTH THREAD. SEE SLEEVE TO ACCOMMODATE A MAXIMUM 4 INCH DIAMETER PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE. THE BAG MUST BE MANUFACTURED FROM A NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE THAT MEETS OR EXCEEDS MINIMUM AVERAGE ROLL VALUES SHOWN FOR THE FOLLOWING:

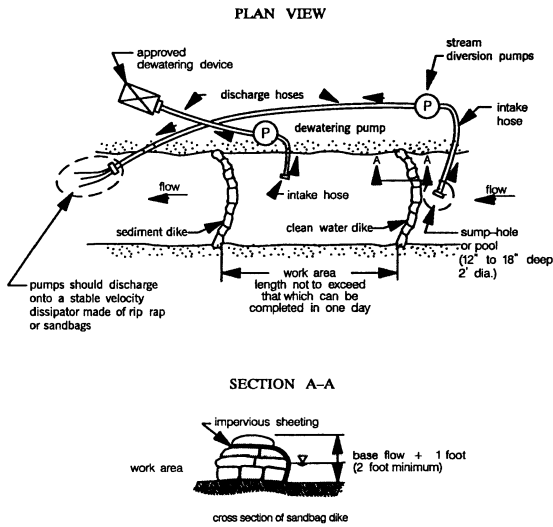
GRASS TENSILE	250 LB	ASTM D-4832
PUNCTURE	150 LB	ASTM D-4833
FLOW RATE	70 GAL/MIN/FT <sup>2</sup>	ASTM D-4834
PERMITTIVITY (SEC <sup>2</sup> )	1.2 SEC <sup>2</sup>	ASTM D-4835
UV RESISTANCE	70% STRENGTH @ 500 HOURS	ASTM D-4836
APPROXIMATE OPENING SIZE (AOS)	0.075-0.18 MM	ASTM D-4837
SEAM STRENGTH	90%	ASTM D-4838

6. REPLACE FILTER BAG IF BAG CLOSURE HAS RIPS, TEARS, OR PUNCTURES. DURING OPERATION KEEP CONNECTION BETWEEN PUMP HOSE AND FILTER BAG WATER TIGHT. REPLACE BEGGING IF IT BECOMES DISPLACED.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE 2011 MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT  
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

## Maryland's Guidelines To Waterway Construction DETAIL 1.2: PUMP-AROUND PRACTICE



TEMPORARY INSTREAM  
CONSTRUCTION MEASURES

REVISED NOVEMBER 2000  
PAGE 12 - 3

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT  
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

## Maryland's Guidelines To Waterway Construction DETAIL 1.2: PUMP-AROUND PRACTICE

### DESCRIPTION

The work should consist of installing a temporary pump around and supporting measures to divert flow around instream construction sites.

### IMPLEMENTATION SEQUENCE

Sediment control measures, pump-around practices, and associated channel and bank construction should be completed in the following sequence (refer to Detail 1.2).

1. Construction activities including the installation of erosion and sediment control measures should not begin until all necessary easements and/or right-of-ways have been acquired. All existing utilities should be marked in the field. The contractor is responsible for any damage to existing utilities that may result from construction and should repair the damage at his/her own expense to the utility or utility company's satisfaction.
2. The contractor should notify the Maryland Department of the Environment or WMA sediment control inspector at least 5 days before beginning construction. Additionally, the contractor should inform the local environmental protection and resource management inspection and enforcement division and the provider of local utilities a minimum of 48 hours before starting construction.
3. The contractor should conduct a pre-construction meeting on site with the WMA sediment control inspector, the county project manager, and the engineer to review limits of disturbance, erosion and sediment control requirements, and the sequence of construction. The contractor should stake out all limits of disturbance prior to the pre-construction meeting so they may be reviewed. The portions will also designate the contractor's staging areas and flag all trees within the limit of disturbance which will be removed for construction access. Trees should not be removed within the limit of disturbance without approval from the WMA or local authority.
4. Construction should not begin until all sediment and erosion control measures have been installed and approved by the engineer and the sediment control inspector. The contractor should stay within the limits of the disturbance as shown on the plans and minimize disturbance within the work area whenever possible.
5. Upon installation of all sediment control measures and approval by the sediment control inspector and the local environmental protection and resource management inspection and enforcement division, the contractor should begin work on the upstream section and proceed downstream beginning with the establishment of stabilized construction entrances. In some cases, work may begin downstream if appropriate. The sequence of construction must be followed unless the contractor gets written approval for deviations from the WMA or local authority. The contractor should only begin work in an area which can be completed by the end of the day including grading adjacent to the channel. At the end of each work day, the work area must be stabilized and the pump around removed from the channel. Work should not be conducted in the channel during rain events.
6. Sandbag dikes should be situated at the upstream and downstream ends of the work area as shown on the plans, and stream flow should be pumped around the work area. The pump should discharge onto a stable velocity dissipator made of rip rap or sandbags.
7. Water from the work area should be pumped to a sediment filtering measure such as a dewatering basin, sediment bag, or other approved source. The measure should be located such that the water drains back into the channel below the downstream sandbag dike.
8. Traversing a channel reach with equipment within the work area where no work is proposed should be avoided. If equipment has to traverse such a reach for access to another area, then rip-rap mats or similar measures should be used to minimize disturbance to the channel. Temporary stream crossings should be used only when necessary and only where noted on the plans or specified. (See Section 4, Stream Crossings, Maryland Guidelines to Waterway Construction).
9. All stream restoration measures should be installed as indicated by the plans and all banks graded in accordance with the grading plans and typical cross-sections. All grading must be stabilized at the end of each day with seed and mulch or seed and mulch as specified on the plans.
10. After an area is completed and stabilized, the clean water dike should be removed. After the first sediment flush, a new clean water dike should be established upstream from the old sediment dike. Finally, upon establishment of a new sediment dike below the old one, the old sediment dike should be removed.
11. A pump around must be installed on any tributary or storm drain outfall which contributes baseflow to the work area. This should be accomplished by locating a sandbag dike at the downstream end of the tributary or storm drain outfall and pumping the stream flow around the work area. This water should discharge onto the same velocity dissipator used for the main stem pump around.
12. If a tributary is to be restored, construction should take place on the tributary before work on the main stem reaches the tributary confluence. Construction in the tributary, including pump around practices, should follow the same sequence as for the main stem of the river or stream. When construction on the tributary is completed, work on the main stem should resume. Water from the tributary should continue to be pumped around the work area in the main stem.
13. The contractor is responsible for providing access to and maintaining all erosion and sediment control devices until the sediment control inspector approves their removal.
14. After construction, all disturbed areas should be regraded and revegetated as per the planting plan.

TEMPORARY INSTREAM  
CONSTRUCTION MEASURES

REVISED NOVEMBER 2000  
PAGE 12 - 3

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT  
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

## Revisions

## Maryland State Highway

GUNNER'S LAKE  
GAIITHERSBURG (9TH) ELECTION DISTRICT  
DUNNERS LAKE VILLAGE DUBDIVISION  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

## Detail Sheet

SCALE: NONE

DATE: December, 2013

PLATE 6 of 7

McCormick  
Engineers & Planners  
Since 1946 Taylor

## GENERAL NOTES

- SPECIFICATIONS: - SHA SPECIFICATIONS DATED JULY 2008  
 - REVISIONS THERE OF AND ADDITIONS THERETO AND SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION
- GEOTEXTILE: - GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE CLASS SE - NON WOVEN
- RIPRAP: - RIPRAP SHALL BE CLASS I

Impacts									
	Wetland Temporary		Wetland Buffer Temp.		WUS Temporary		WUS PERM		100 YR FLOODPLAIN
	SF.	LF.	SF.	LF.	SF.	LF.	SF.	LF.	SF.
PLATE 4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	127,247	555'	46,003
PLATE 5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	140,169	704	16,352
TOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	267,416	1,259	62,355

## SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

1. PRIOR TO CLEARING OF TREES, INSTALLING SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, OR GRADING, A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING MUST BE CONDUCTED ON-SITE WITH THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES (MCDPS) SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR (240) 777-6300 (48 HOURS NOTICE), THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE AND THE SITE ENGINEER.
2. THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE MUST BE FIELD MARKED PRIOR TO CLEARING OF TREES, INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, CONSTRUCTION, OR OTHER LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. THE ACCESS PATH FROM WISTERIA DRIVE TO STAGING AREA SHALL BE PHOTO DOCUMENTED PRIOR TO MOBILIZING EQUIPMENT TO SITE.

### PHASE 1 - STAGING AND TEMPORARY STOCK PILE AREA

1. CLEAR AND GRADE FOR INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES, ONLY DISTURBING THE AREA NEEDED FOR INSTALLATION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES. TRIM TREES AS NEEDED, WITH PRIOR APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER.
2. INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, SUPER SILT FENCE, TREE PROTECTION FENCING, DIVERSION FENCES, EARTH DIKES, TEMPORARY PIPES, AND TGOS WITH ASSOCIATED GRADING FOR THE SUMP PIT. IMMEDIATELY STABILIZE ANY DISTURBANCE CAUSED BY THIS.
3. ONCE THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES ARE INSTALLED, THE PERMITTEE MUST OBTAIN WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE MCDPS INSPECTOR BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY ADDITIONAL CLEARING, GRUBBING OR GRADING WITHIN THE STAGING AND STOCK PILE AREA.
4. WITH APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER BEGIN TEMPORARY EXCAVATION AND GRADING OF STAGING AREA AND ACCESS ROAD. UPON REACHING PROPOSED GRADE AND PLACEMENT OF STONE, STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS WITH TEMPORARY SEED AND MULCH. SLOPES OF 3:1 OR STEEPER SHALL UTILIZE TYPE A MATTING INSTEAD OF MULCH. COMMENCE PLACEMENT OF DEWATERING EQUIPMENT AND SUPPORT UNITS.
5. DISTURBED AREAS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS NOT DRAINING TO A SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE SHALL HAVE EITHER PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY.

### PHASE 2 - DREDGING

1. UPON COMPLETION OF THE PHASE 1 WORK AND WITH APPROVAL OF THE PROJECT ENGINEER COMMENCE DREDGING OPERATIONS. THE SUMP PIT SHALL BE MECHANICALLY DEWATERED EACH DAY TO ENSURE ADEQUATE STORAGE CAPACITY. THE TGOS SHALL OPERATE ONLY AS A REDUNDANT MEASURE IN CASE OF PUMP FAILURE OR HEAVY RAINFALL. MAINTAIN ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS DURING THE DREDGING OPERATION.
2. STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS ALONG THE SHORE LINE AS NEEDED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT LADEN RUNOFF FROM ENTERING THE LAKE.

### PHASE 3 - RESTORATION

1. UPON COMPLETION OF THE DREDGING OPERATION, REMOVE STONE ACCESS ROAD AND STAGING AREA. RESTORE SITE TO PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS AS SHOWN ON SHEETS 10 AND 11. PERMANENTLY STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS.
2. RECONSTRUCT AND PAVED PATH AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN SHEETS, RECONSTRUCT CONCRETE PADS, REPAIR CURB AND GUTTER AS NEEDED UTILIZING SAME DAY STABILIZATION.
3. THE CONTRACTOR MUST OBTAIN WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM MCDPS INSPECTOR, PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL OF ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE. ANY AREAS DISTURBED DURING THE REMOVAL OF E&S CONTROLS SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY STABILIZED.

## NOTES

1. NO DISTURBED AREA SHOULD BE LEFT DISTURBED OVERNIGHT UNLESS DIRECTED TO A MDE APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE.
2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MINIMIZE EQUIPMENT LEAVING PAVED SURFACES, AND SHALL IMMEDIATELY REMOVE ANY SEDIMENT TRACKED ONTO THE ROADWAY.
3. STAGING AND STOCKPILE AREAS TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD AND WITH APPROVAL OF THE PROJECT ENGINEER.
4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE SIZE OF PUMPS AND FILTER BAG TO BE USED.

## Revisions

## Maryland State Highway

**GUNNER'S LAKE  
 GAITHERSBURG (9TH) ELECTION DISTRICT  
 DUNNERS LAKE VILLAGE DUBDIVISION  
 MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND**

## Impact Summary

SCALE: N.T.S.

DATE: December, 2013

PLATE 7 of 7

**McCormick**  
 Engineers & Planners  
 Since 1946 **Taylor**